RECLAMATION

Managing Water in the West

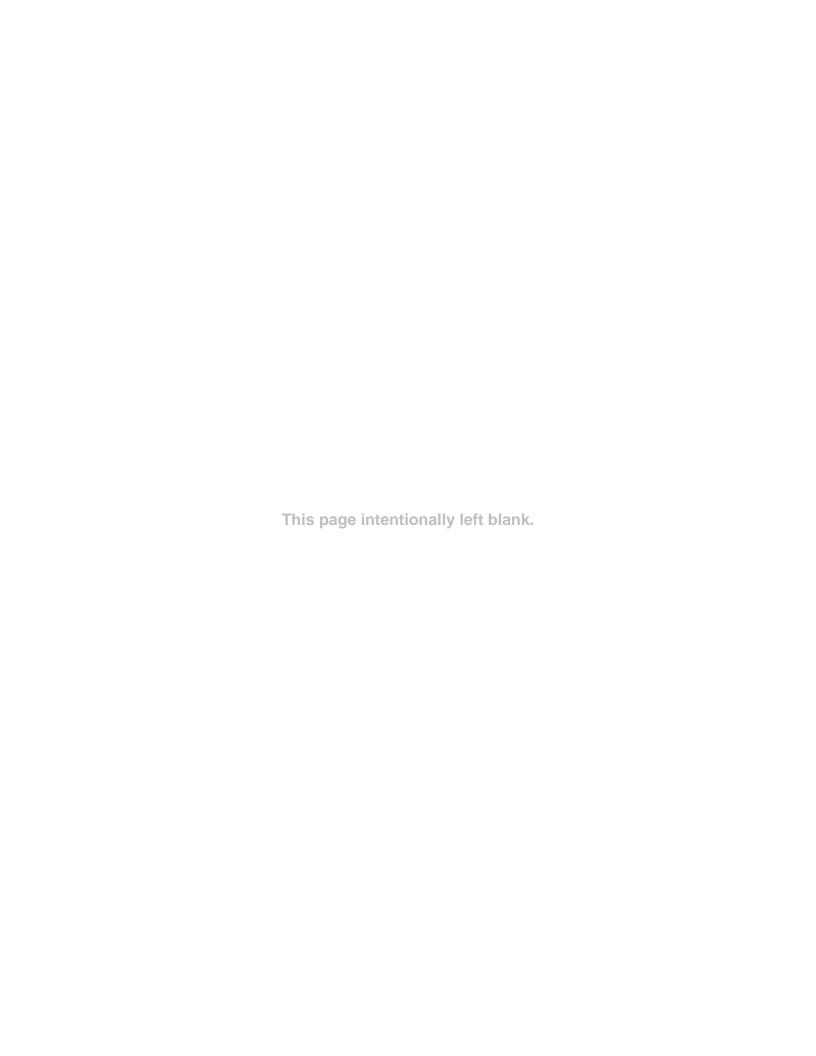
Calendar Year 2011

Estimates of Evapotranspiration and Evaporation Along the Lower Colorado River



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation Lower Colorado Region Boulder Canyon Operations Office

June 2016



Estimates of Evapotranspiration and Evaporation Along the Lower Colorado River

Calendar Year 2011



Mission Statements

The Department of the Interior protects and manages the Nation's natural resources and cultural heritage; provides scientific and other information about those resources; and honors its trust responsibilities or special commitments to American Indians, Alaska Natives, and affiliated island communities.

The mission of the Bureau of Reclamation is to manage, develop, and protect water and related resources in an environmentally and economically sound manner in the interest of the American public.

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Acronyms

AF Acre-Feet

AZ Arizona

AZMET Arizona Meteorological Network

CA California

CIMIS California Irrigation Management Information System

CVWD Coachella Valley Water District

ET Evapotranspiration

ET_o Reference Evapotranspiration

GIS Geographic Information System

IID Imperial Irrigation District

LCRAS Lower Colorado River Accounting System

NAIP National Agriculture Imagery Program

NCR Non-Colorado River

NV Nevada

NWR National Wildlife Refuge

NWS National Weather Service

RS Remote Sensing

SIB Southerly International Border

TM Thematic Mapper

USDA United States Department of Agriculture

USGS United States Geological Survey

WMIDD Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District

YMIDD Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District

YPG Yuma Proving Ground

Glossary

AZMET: A network of automated weather stations within the state of Arizona that provide reference evapotranspiration estimates.

CIMIS: A network of automated weather stations within the state of California that provide reference evapotranspiration estimates.

Crop Group: Crops with similar water use rates, grouped for the purpose of calculating evapotranspiration.

Crop Coefficient: The ratio of evapotranspiration observed for the crop studied over that observed for the reference crop under the same conditions.

Evapotranspiration: The combined effect of evaporation from the soil surface and transpiration from the plant canopy.

Fallowed/Idle Acres: The total number of acres that were left fallow or idle for the entire calendar year.

Geographic Information System: An information system that integrates, stores, edits, analyzes, shares, and displays geographic information.

Gross Cropped Acres: The total acres of crops grown, which includes multiple cropping on individual fields. Because permanent crops (i.e. alfalfa, bermuda grass, orchards and dates) may be pulled or replanted during the calendar year, the gross cropped acreage reported for permanent crops represents an average of the quarterly acreage values for a given water user. Gross cropped acres for a particular water user may be less than or greater than net cropped acres based on the following scenarios:

- When gross cropped acres are less than net cropped acres, it reflects a year in which permanent crops were pulled or replanted during the calendar year. Example: A given water user had 200 net acres of land. Of those, all 200 acres were planted in alfalfa in quarter 1. Beginning in quarter 2, 50 acres of alfalfa were pulled, leaving 150 acres of alfalfa in quarters 2, 3 and 4. In this scenario, the gross cropped acreage would be 162.5 acres (i.e. 200 + 150 + 150 + 150)/4 = 162.5 acres). The net cropped acreage would be 200 acres.
- When gross cropped acres are greater than net cropped acres, it reflects a year in which multiple crops were grown on a single field. Example: A given water user had 200 net acres of land. Of those, 200 acres of wheat were planted in the spring and 200 acres of lettuce were planted on the same fields in the fall. In this scenario, the gross cropped acreage would be reported as 200+200 = 400 acres. The net cropped acreage would be 200 acres.

Irrigable Acres: The total acres that can be irrigated and for which there exists adequate infrastructure to irrigate.

Moist Soil Unit: An area gradually flooded in winter to develop migratory waterfowl forage and not irrigated in summer.

Non-Colorado River (NCR): For water users designated as NCR, the origin of water used for agricultural irrigation and by riparian vegetation and open water is considered to come from sources other than the Colorado River.

Net Cropped Acres: The total acres on which one or more crops were grown, which does not include multiple cropping on individual fields. Does not include fallowed/idle acres. Because Reclamation's method uses the average annual acreage for permanent crops (i.e. alfalfa, bermuda, orchards and dates), gross cropped acres may be less than net cropped acres.

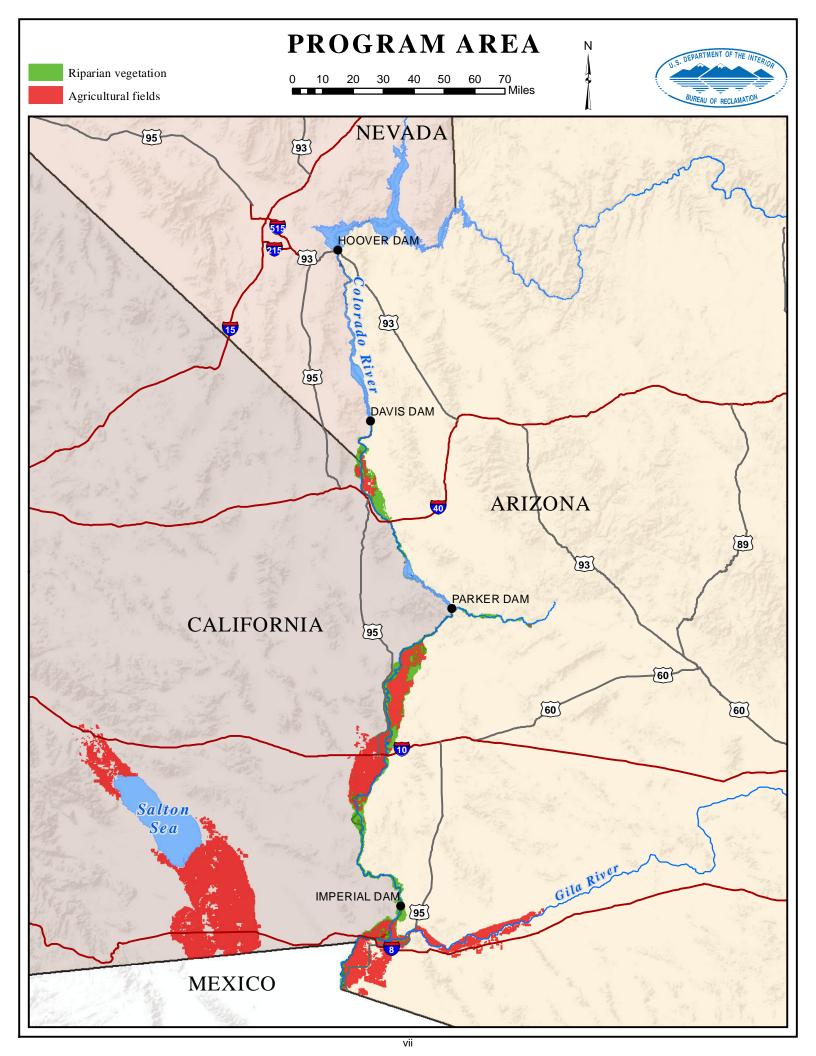
Program Area: The area in which Reclamation routinely monitors agricultural and riparian vegetation evapotranspiration and open water evaporation. Includes the lower Colorado River valley from Hoover Dam to the Southerly International Boundary with Mexico; the Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District on the Gila River in Arizona, and the Imperial Irrigation District and the Coachella Valley Water District in California.

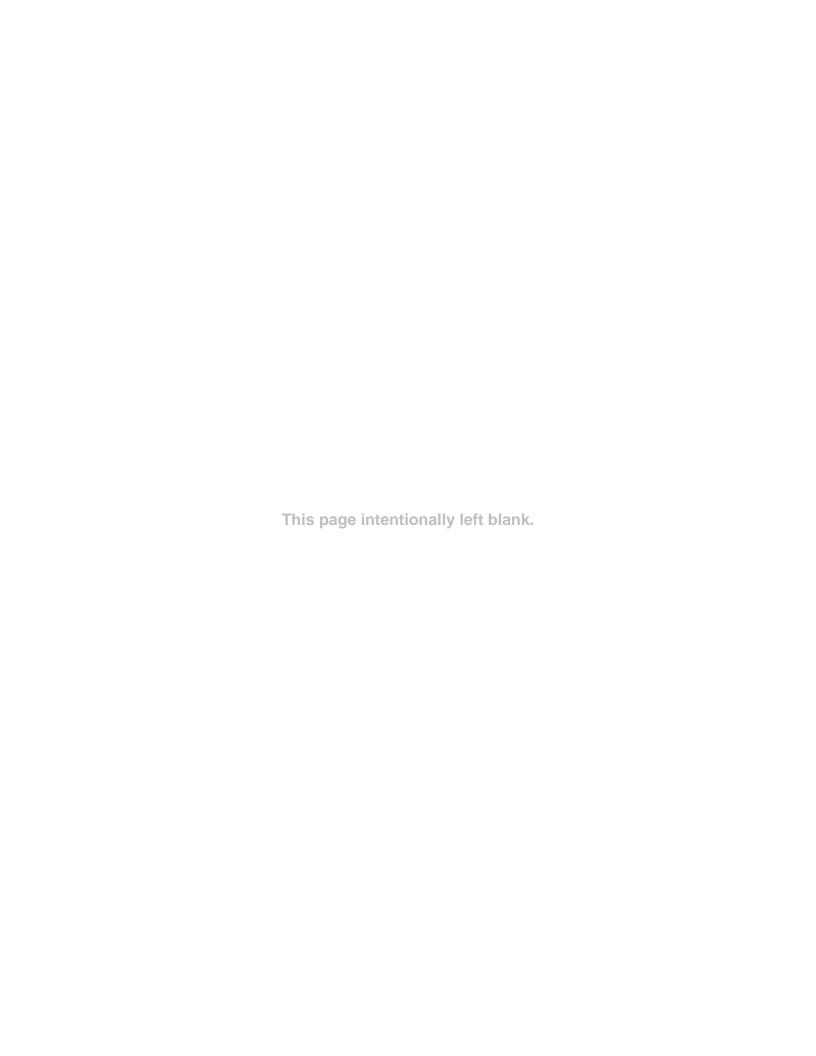
Remote Sensing: A technique for obtaining information from a surface without coming into physical contact with it, using sensors and imagers that are sensing the electromagnetic radiation coming from the surface at specific wavelengths.

Reference Evapotranspiration: The evapotranspiration rate from a reference surface. The reference surface is a hypothetical reference crop with specific characteristics.

Riparian Vegetation: Riparian vegetation refers to the vegetation that grows along the shores of freshwater rivers and lakes, or along some canals. As used in this report, riparian vegetation classes also include wetland types and natural vegetation within the Lower Colorado River floodplain.

Spectral Characteristics: The amount of spectral reflectance from the Earth's surface recorded by the satellite sensors in different portions of the electromagnetic spectrum for different land cover types.





Executive Summary

The Secretary of the Interior, as the "Watermaster" for the Lower Colorado River, acts through the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) to manage the waters of the Colorado River for the benefit of water users in the Southwestern United States and Mexico. A significant component of the Watermaster role, a component mandated by the United States Supreme Court Decree of 1964 in *Arizona* v. *California*, is to account for water use by each state and individual water user. In this capacity, Reclamation administers a number of programs, some of which utilize remote sensing technology to monitor and estimate annual agricultural and riparian vegetation water use, and open water evaporation along the lower Colorado River from Hoover Dam to the Southerly International Border with Mexico. Reclamation provides an annual summary of this information through publication of this report.¹

Specifically, Reclamation calculates estimates of:

- Evapotranspiration (ET) from irrigated agricultural areas.
- ET from riparian vegetation.
- Evaporation from the mainstream channel and reservoirs of the lower Colorado River.
- Evaporation from major delivery canals, lakes, lagoons, and other open water areas along the river.
- Agricultural data, by water user, including the types of crops grown and acreages.

More than 3.5 million acres are monitored within the program area. This acreage includes:

- Irrigation districts, Indian reservations, Federal recreation areas, and wildlife refuges located along the mainstream of the lower Colorado River.
- The Bill Williams River below Alamo Dam.
- The Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District on the Gila River in Arizona.
- The Imperial Irrigation District and the Coachella Valley Water District in California.

The total estimated agricultural ET in 2011 was approximately 2,936,200 acre-feet (AF). Total estimated agricultural ET in 2010 was approximately 2,765,100 AF, hence a 6.2% increase in 2011 over the 2010 level is indicated.

¹ Copies of this and previous years' reports may be found on Reclamation's website at: www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/wtracct.html.

Table ES-1 provides a summary of the predominant crops grown within the program area during calendar year 2011 and the acreages associated with each crop. More detailed information including water users' agricultural acreage (irrigable, gross cropped, net cropped, and fallowed/idle acres), crop types and acreages, agricultural ET by crop type, riparian vegetation acreage and ET, and open water acreage and evaporation has been included in Appendix 1. For select water users, the appendix also provides the historical 5-year trend (calendar years 2007-2011) of the user's total diversions, consumptive use (diversions less measured and unmeasured return flows, as reported in Reclamation's 2011 *Colorado River Accounting and Water Use Report, Arizona, California, and Nevada*), and agricultural ET (crop ET minus effective precipitation).

Table ES-1. Major Crops Grown in the Program Area in Calendar Year 2011.

Сгор	Gross Cropped Acres
Alfalfa	248,496
Lettuce (Head, Leaf Red, Leaf Green, Spinach)	164,714
Small Grains (Wheat, Oats, Rye, Barley, Millet)	145,102
Sudan (Includes Sesbania and Clover)	93,518
Cotton	66,629
Bermuda/Grass (Bermuda Overseeded with Rye, Klein, Timothy)	62,718
Other (e.g. Small Vegetables, Sugar Beets, Citrus, Crucifers, Dates, Field grains, Grapes, Melons, etc.)	248,624
Total	1,029,802

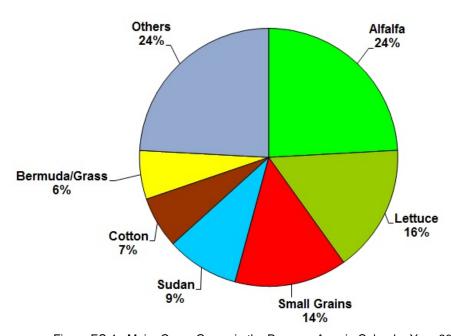


Figure ES-1. Major Crops Grown in the Program Area in Calendar Year 2011. (Based on Gross Cropped Acres.)

1.0 Introduction

The Colorado River has often been termed the "Lifeblood of the Southwest." Beginning in the Rocky Mountains of north central Colorado, the river travels more than 1,400 miles before it empties into the Gulf of California, commonly referred to the Sea of Cortez. Together with its tributaries, the Colorado River drains approximately 242,000 square miles in the United States, one-twelfth of the country's continental land area, and 2,000 square miles in Mexico.

The Colorado River and its tributaries provide water to nearly 40 million people for municipal use, supply water to irrigate nearly 5.5 million acres of land, and are the lifeblood for at least 22 federally recognized tribes, 7 National Wildlife Refuges, 4 National Recreation Areas, and 11 National Parks. In the Lower Colorado River Basin States of Arizona, California, and Nevada (Lower Division States), the river serves major cities such as Phoenix, Los Angeles, and Las Vegas. The dry, arid climate of the lower Colorado River basin lends itself to being one of the most productive agricultural regions in the nation. Agriculture use accounts for the largest component of the river's consumptive use in the lower basin, supporting an agricultural economy worth billions of dollars.



Figure 1. Map of the Colorado River hydrologic basin and areas adjacent to the hydrologic basin that receive Colorado River water.

As the Watermaster for the lower

Colorado River, the Bureau of Reclamation must understand the disposition of water once it is released from Hoover Dam in order to effectively manage resources of the lower Colorado River. Because the agricultural sector comprises such a large component of the river's use in this region, it is important to have a comprehensive understanding of current agricultural practices and their associated water use. As competition for the Colorado River resource continues to escalate, water managers will increasingly rely on accurate and reliable sources of data upon which to make sound decisions regarding future water management policies to ensure

a sustainable water supply is available to meet future demands. This is particularly true for the Lower Division States, as each of these states has the ability to fully utilize its Colorado River apportionment.

2.0 Lower Colorado River Acreage and Water Use Estimates

This report provides estimates of agricultural, riparian vegetation, and open water acreages and water uses along the lower Colorado River from Hoover Dam to the Southerly International Border (SIB) with Mexico. Reclamation has reported these data since 1995, in reports previously entitled, "Lower Colorado River Accounting System [LCRAS] Evapotranspiration and Evaporation Calculations." A detailed history of the LCRAS program and the work that was performed related to its development is presented in the United States Geological Survey (USGS) Water Supply Paper 2407 (Owen-Joyce and Raymond, 1996). Beginning with the 2009 report, Reclamation reformatted the way in which the data are presented in an effort to provide a more user-friendly product that better serves the end-user.

This section provides a general overview of Reclamation's acreage and water use monitoring program, including a description of the program area and program elements. Section 3 provides a description of the procedures and methods; Section 4 provides the results of the 2011 monitoring program; and Section 5 discusses program improvements and/or changes that occurred in 2011.

2.1 Program Area

The area monitored by Reclamation includes the lower Colorado River valley from Hoover Dam to the SIB. Reclamation has routinely monitored agricultural and riparian vegetation ET and open water evaporation along the mainstream since 1994, and along the mainstream and Bill Williams River below Alamo Dam since 2001. Beginning in 2004, the program area was expanded to include the Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District (WMIDD) on the Gila River in Arizona, and the Imperial Irrigation District (IID) and the Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD) in California. With this expansion, the extent of the area analyzed more than doubled from approximately 1.2 million acres to nearly 3.5 million acres (Figure 2). Correspondingly, the number of fields analyzed also increased from approximately 50,000 fields to over 125,000 fields. Figure 2 illustrates the program area before and after the expansion.

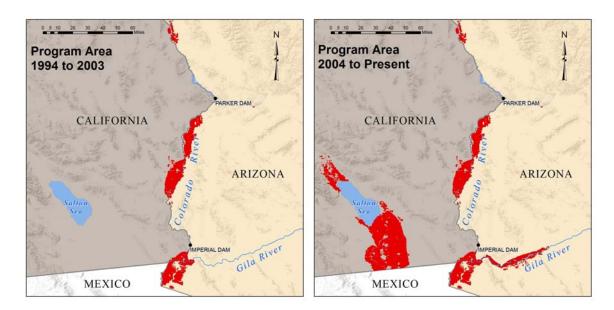


Figure 2. Program Area Extent: (1) 1994-2003 (original) and (2) 2004-Present (with the addition of WMIDD, IID, and CVWD). Program area includes riparian and open water areas, which are not shown here.

2.2 Program Elements

Reclamation's remotely-sensed data collection and monitoring program provides the following types of data:

- 1. Estimates of ET from irrigated agricultural areas.
- 2. Estimates of ET from riparian vegetation.
- 3. Estimates of evaporation from the mainstream channel and reservoirs of the lower Colorado River.
- 4. Estimates of evaporation from major delivery canals, lakes, lagoons, and other open water areas along the river.
- 5. Estimates of agricultural data, by water user, including the types of crops grown and acreages.

Reclamation uses this information to support a variety of program-related administrative requirements, including to monitor the current state of the river system, to assess potential impacts of changes to the river system, and as inputs to management decisions involving the administration of the federal laws, compacts, court decisions and decrees, contracts, and regulatory guidelines, collectively known as "The Law of the River," which govern the diversion and use of Colorado River water. Examples of how Reclamation uses this data include:

- 1. To assist in verifying Colorado River water users' success in meeting conservation targets under the Inadvertent Overrun and Payback Policy, Intentionally Created Surplus, and/or System Conservation programs.
- 2. To develop spatial databases representing locations of crops, riparian vegetation, and open water surfaces of the Colorado River, lakes, and canal systems.
- 3. To statistically quantify the types and acres of crops, riparian vegetation groups, and open water surface areas.
- 4. To perform economic analyses for land use conversions.
- 5. To refine and improve upon unmeasured return flow estimates.
- 6. To assist in making water entitlement and beneficial use determinations.
- 7. To assist in making determinations of unauthorized use.

Reclamation provides an annual summary of the land cover types, acreages, and associated evapotranspiration and evaporation for agricultural, riparian vegetation, and open water areas within the program area through publication of this report. Copies of this and previous years' reports can be found on Reclamation's website at: www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/wtracct.html.

3.0 Procedures and Methods

Reclamation uses Remote Sensing (RS) and Geographic Information Systems (GIS) technologies to identify the location and quantify the acreages of crop groups, riparian vegetation groups, and open water areas in the program area. Riparian vegetation is monitored only in the Colorado River floodplain and along the Bill Williams River below Alamo Dam; it is not monitored in the IID, CVWD, or WMIDD areas. The spatial extent (location and area of coverage) of the crop groups, riparian vegetation groups, and open water areas is stored in digital spatial databases collectively referred to as a GIS database. Reclamation uses the data generated from the RS and GIS processes to calculate ET from crops and riparian vegetation, and evaporation from open water areas.

When RS processes alone are insufficient to map crop and riparian vegetation groups or open water areas, data collected on the ground (ground reference surveys) are also used. For example, orchards are mapped using data collected from ground reference surveys due to the difficulty of correctly identifying features related to this type of crop using RS processes alone. Once the data are entered into a GIS database, programs are used to calculate the number of acres of each crop group and riparian vegetation group for each water user, as well as the number of acres of open water areas. Acreage calculations are completed for areas located within the program area.



Figure 3. Reclamation uses RS and GIS processes to map crop and riparian vegetation groups and to estimate the evapotranspiration associated with these groups.

Once Reclamation maps the crop and riparian vegetation groups and open water areas (as discussed in the following sections), Reclamation calculates the ET from crops and riparian vegetation for each water user, and evaporation from open water areas. Currently, this analysis does not include estimates of ET or evaporation within the boundaries of domestic water users. Areas with identified crops and/or riparian vegetation located outside of a known water user boundary are mapped and labeled with the name of the state in which they are located (e.g. State of Arizona, Other Users, Davis Dam to Parker Dam).

The key components of ET and evaporation calculations include:

- 1. Identifying crop and riparian vegetation groups, and open water areas.
- 2. Calculating ET for crop groups and riparian vegetation groups.
- 3. Calculating evaporation from open water areas (i.e. the mainstream channel and reservoirs of the lower Colorado River, major delivery canals, lakes, lagoons, and other open water areas).

Sections 3.1 through 3.3 present a brief description of each of these components.

3.1 Identifying Crop Groups, Riparian Vegetation Groups, and Open Water Areas

This section provides an overview of the image classification processes and GIS technologies Reclamation uses to identify and map crop and riparian vegetation groups, and open water areas within the program area.

3.1.1 Collecting and Analyzing Remotely-Sensed Data

Satellite imagery is acquired from Landsat Thematic Mapper (TM) sensors and other satellite or airborne imaging systems as needed. For its analysis, Reclamation selects satellite images that adequately cover the program area, are cloud-free, and capture the variation in crop planting practices during the year.

3.1.2 Collecting Ground Reference Data

Correctly identifying and mapping crop and riparian vegetation groups using remotely-sensed data requires a thorough understanding of the spectral characteristics of vegetation types for representative (ground reference survey) sites throughout the program area. TM satellite image data contain digital values that represent the spectral characteristics of these crop and riparian vegetation groups. Reclamation analyzes these digital values within ground reference survey sites to generate spectral statistics for specific crop and riparian vegetation groups.

Reclamation collects ground reference survey data for approximately 12 percent of the irrigated fields in the program area. Reclamation uses 60 to 65 percent of the ground reference survey data for image classification processing (to identify crop groups) and the remaining 35 to 40 percent to assess the accuracy of the image classifications. Reclamation selects ground reference survey sites in each major irrigated area involved in this analysis. To provide a statistically valid data set, Reclamation selects irrigated fields from a GIS database using a stratified random sample and adds additional fields to the random sample, where necessary, to ensure representation of all major crop groups.

Table 1 provides a listing and description of the common crop groups identified within the program area. Although cropping patterns may vary yearly depending on market conditions, the types of crops grown within the program area generally remain consistent over the long-term.

Table 1. Crop Groups Identified within the Program Area.

Crop Group	Description	
Alfalfa	Alfalfa	
Aloe	Aloe	
Bermuda/Grass	Bermuda, Bermuda Overseeded with Rye, Klein grass, Timothy grass	
Cane/Bamboo	Cane/Bamboo	
Citrus	Young (1-2 meters tall) Mature (2+ meters tall) Declining	
Cotton	Cotton	
Crucifers	Broccoli, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Bok-Choy, Mustard, Kale, Okra	
Dates	Dates	
Deciduous Orchards	Pecans, Peaches, Almonds	
Fallow/Idle	Fields currently not in production; includes bare cultivated soil	
Field grains	Field Corn, Sorghum, Milo	
Grapes	Grapes	
Jojoba	Jojoba	
Legumes/Solanum Vegetables	Green, Dry and Garbanzo Beans; Peas, Peanuts, Fresh Peppers, Potatoes	
Lettuce	Spring and Fall (Head, Leaf [Red], Leaf [Green], Spinach, Other Lettuce)	
Maintained Marsh	Maintained Marsh	
Melons	Spring and Fall (Watermelon, Honeydew, Cantaloupe, Squash, Cucumbers)	
Miscellaneous Herbs	Anise, Mint, other	
Moist Soil Unit	An area gradually flooded in winter to develop migratory waterfowl forage and not irrigated in summer	
Nursery or Greenhouse	Citrus Nursery, Native Nursery, Greenhouse, Other Nursery	
Oil Crops	Safflower, Canola, Sunflower, Sesame	
Perennial Vegetables	Artichoke, Asparagus, Guayule	
Root Vegetables	Table Beets, Parsnip, Turnip, Rutabaga	
Small Grains	Oats, Rye, Barley, Millet, Wheat	
Small Vegetables	Carrots, Cilantro, Celery, Garlic, Dry Onions, Onions, Parsley, Radishes, Flowers	
Sudan	Includes Sesbania and Clover	
Sugar Beets	Summer and Winter	
Tomatoes	Tomatoes	
Wildlife Forage Maintained	Wildlife Forage Maintained	

Table 2 provides a list and description of the riparian vegetation groups identified within the program area.

Table 2. Riparian Vegetation Groups Identified within the Program Area.

Riparian Group	Description
Barren	Less than 10% vegetation
Cottonwood/Willow	61% to 100% cottonwood and willow
Marsh	40% cattail, bulrush, and phragmites
Mixed Veg Low	Mixed vegetation types that may include salt cedar, mesquite, or arrowweed with crown closure greater than or equal to 10% and less than 40%
Mixed Veg Medium	Mixed vegetation types that may include salt cedar, mesquite, or arrowweed with crown closure greater than or equal to 40% and less than or equal to 80%
Salt Cedar Dense	Predominant salt cedar with crown closure greater than 80%

3.1.3 Delineating Cropped Areas

Reclamation has developed a spatial relational database that delineates field borders for all irrigated areas included in this analysis (field-border database). Reclamation has linked all ground reference survey data collected for image classification to this field-border database.

Reclamation routinely updates the field border database to reflect actual conditions observed in the field during collection of the ground reference sample data. Reclamation also uses 30 meter TM imagery, and 1- and 2-meter United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Imaging Program (NAIP) digital photography to update and create new field-border databases.

Delineated cropped areas include all areas known by Reclamation to divert or pump water along the mainstream of the lower Colorado River from Davis Dam to Mexico, WMIDD, IID, CVWD, and irrigated areas along the Bill Williams River from below Alamo Dam to Lake Havasu. (See Appendix 3, Exhibit 1 for an index of water user boundaries, and Exhibits 1 through 7 for illustrations of these areas.)

Using the RS technology with the GIS field border database, Reclamation identifies the crop(s) grown in each agricultural field throughout the calendar year. Post-classification accuracy assessments show that, overall, Reclamation routinely achieves an average accuracy of 90 percent or greater when mapping crop groups in the program area.

Reclamation completed a study with an independent statistician to quantify the effects of remote sensing-based crop classification error on accuracies of ET estimates. To review the results of this study, see Stehman, S.V. and Milliken, J.A. (2007), "Estimating the effect of crop classification error on evapotranspiration derived from remote sensing in the lower Colorado River basin, USA." *Remote*Sensing of Environment, 106, pp. 217 – 227.

3.1.4 Delineating Riparian Vegetation Areas

Reclamation updates riparian vegetation areas along the Colorado River floodplain by comparing the current year Landsat TM summer satellite images to the previous year's images (change detection methods²). Reclamation field checks areas of spectral change to confirm that the change is actually due to a change in land cover. Reclamation then remaps areas of land cover change and



Figure 4. Landsat satellite image showing agricultural fields in the Imperial Irrigation District with digitized field borders.

uses these maps to update the riparian vegetation database. Additionally, Reclamation completed a significant update to the riparian vegetation database utilizing 1 meter resolution digital imagery from calendars years 2010 and 2011. For additional information, see Section 5.1

3.1.5 Delineating Open Water Areas

Reclamation maintains an open water GIS database which contains the spatial boundaries of open water surfaces within the program area including: the mainstream of the Colorado River, reservoirs, major delivery canals, lakes, lagoons and other backwater areas. Reclamation annually compares current-year satellite imagery to previous year imagery and updates the open water surface area as necessary.

Reclamation calculates evaporation from major delivery canals that serve water users within the Yuma area. Reclamation identifies bank-to-bank area (in acres) in these canals by digitizing canal banks from satellite and airborne imagery.

²See, Lower Colorado River Accounting System, Calendar Year 2001, Demonstration of Technology Report, Chapter 6, 6.23 - 6.26.

3.2 Calculating Crop and Riparian Vegetation ET

Reclamation calculates ET from crop groups and riparian vegetation groups using the following data:

- 1. Reference ET.
- 2. ET coefficients for each crop and riparian vegetation group.
- 3. Number of acres and location of each crop and riparian vegetation group.
- 4. Effective precipitation (used to calculate crop ET only).

The following sections describe the methods utilized by Reclamation to calculate these data.

3.2.1 Calculating Reference ET

Reference ET represents a fundamental measure of the rate of water use by vegetation (in linear units, such as inches) to which the rate of water use of all types of vegetation (as well as the rate of evaporation from a water body) can be related.

Reclamation calculates reference ET values using the standardized Penman-Monteith equation developed by the American Society of Civil Engineers (standardized equation), and climatological data provided by California Irrigation Management Information System (CIMIS) and Arizona Meteorological Network (AZMET) automated weather stations located in irrigated areas along the Colorado River from Davis Dam to Mexico. The standardized equation is widely accepted by science/engineering communities, and is considered the most accurate method currently available. The AZMET and CIMIS stations continuously collect maximum, minimum, and average air temperature and relative humidity; average soil temperature at depths of 2- and 4-inches, wind speed, and precipitation data; and calculate net solar radiation. These parameters, with the exception of precipitation, are used to calculate hourly and daily reference ET values.

Table 3 provides a list of the stations used to collect the reference ET data used in Reclamation's calculations and the corresponding geographical areas for which each station's data are applied. Appendix 2 contains the following additional information (averaged for each geographical area referenced in Table 3): monthly reference ET, monthly precipitation, and monthly ET rates for crop and riparian groups.

Table 3. Area Weather Stations Used for the Calculation of Average Reference ET and Precipitation.

Geographical Area	Weather Stations				
	AZMET	AZMET CIMIS		IET CIMIS NWS*	
Mohave Valley area	Mohave Mohave II Mohave ETo		Bullhead City		
Parker/Palo Verde valleys	I Parker II I Ripley		Blythe-Airport Ehrenberg 2E Parker Blythe		
Wellton-Mohawk area	Roll Roll ETo		Tacna 3 NE		
Imperial/Coachella valleys			Calexico 2 NE El Centro 2 SSW Imperial Indio FS Mecca FS Niland Desert Resorts Airport		
Yuma area	Yuma North Gila Yuma South Yuma Valley Yuma Valley ETo		Yuma Proving Ground Yuma Quartermaster Yuma 13.8 ESE Yuma MCAS		

^{*}National Weather Station (NWS) stations collect precipitation data only.

Although the AZMET and CIMIS networks perform calculations of reference ET, it was discovered that there was a disparity in the values reported by each network for the lower Colorado River. Upon investigation, it was determined that the reason for the disparity was because the AZMET and CIMIS networks each use slightly different equations to calculate reference ET. Within the Parker and Palo Verde valleys, both CIMIS and AZMET stations are used to derive average reference ET values. By calculating reference ET using the standardized equation with the climatological data provided by the AZMET and CIMIS networks, this disparity is eliminated, and leaves only site conditions, equipment calibration, and micro-climatic differences between sites as sources of site to site variations in reference-ET values. Reclamation currently uses the reference ET values provided by the CIMIS network for the Imperial and Coachella valleys, and reference ET values from the AZMET network for the Mohave Valley and Wellton-Mohawk areas.

Reclamation develops area-specific reference ET values for the Mohave Valley, the Parker/ Palo Verde Valleys, the Imperial/Coachella valleys, the Wellton-Mohawk area (when more than one station is available), and the Yuma Area by averaging reference ET values from multiple sites within these areas. Figure 5 shows the reference ET and precipitation values used to develop the 2011 ET rates, which are then used to calculate ET from crop and riparian vegetation groups.

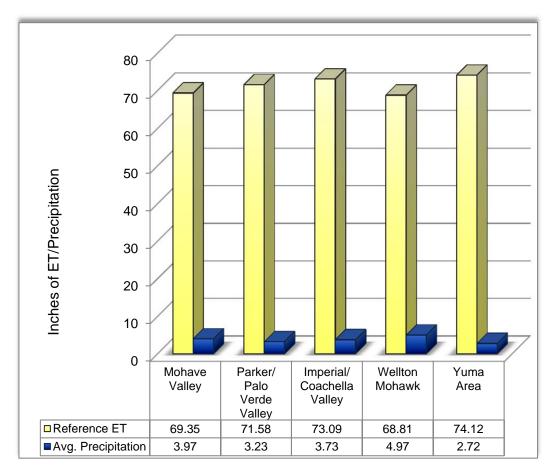


Figure 5. Reference ET and precipitation. Units: Inches.

3.2.2 ET Coefficients for Crop and Riparian Vegetation Groups

ET coefficients are the values that relate reference ET to the ET rate of a specific crop or riparian vegetation group, as well as to the evaporation rate from a water body. Jensen, Marvin E. (1998), Coefficients for Vegetative Evapotranspiration and Open Water Evaporation for the Lower Colorado River Accounting System, presents the rationale used to develop the original crop and riparian vegetation groups along the lower Colorado River and the Bill Williams River, their respective ET coefficients, and open water evaporation coefficients. Jensen, Marvin E. (2003), Vegetative and Open Water Coefficients for the Lower Colorado River Accounting System (LCRAS), Addendum to the 1998 Report, presents the adjustments made to the crop and riparian vegetation groups and the ET and evaporation coefficients, which are used in this report. The ET coefficients developed for the Yuma area are used to calculate crop ET for WMIDD.

The ET coefficients used for crops grown in IID and CVWD are derived from coefficients reported in Jensen, Marvin E. and Walter, Ivan A. (1997), Assessment of 1987-1996 Water Use by the Imperial Irrigation District using Water Balance and Cropping Data Special Report, June 1997. These ET coefficients were compared with crop ET coefficients for CVWD developed by

Lord, J.M. (1994), reported in *Water Use Assessment, Coachella Valley Water District and Imperial Irrigation District, Phase I Report*, and found to be similar; therefore the same ET coefficients are used for IID and CVWD. For a more in-depth description of the ET coefficients used for IID and CVWD, see *Lower Colorado River Accounting System Evapotranspiration and Evaporation Calculations, Calendar Year* 2004.

3.2.3 Calculating Effective Precipitation

Effective precipitation is that portion of precipitation which infiltrates and remains in the soil so as to be available for crop consumptive use. A correction to the ET rate for crop groups is required to remove the impact of precipitation so the ET calculated reflects only the consumptive use of Colorado River water. Reclamation calculates effective precipitation as the product of recorded precipitation and an effective precipitation coefficient. Precipitation is recorded by rain gauges located at CIMIS and AZMET stations, and at stations operated by the NWS along the lower Colorado River. Table 3 provides a list of the stations used to collect the precipitation data used in Reclamation's calculations and the corresponding geographical areas for which each station's data are applied.

Reclamation developed a single daily, area-specific precipitation value for the Mohave Valley, the Parker/Palo Verde valleys, the Wellton-Mohawk area, the Imperial and Coachella valleys, and the Yuma area by averaging precipitation measured at the CIMIS, AZMET, and NWS stations in each area. Jensen, Marvin E. (1993), *Evaluating Effective Rainfall in CVWD*, contains the documentation for the effective precipitation coefficients used in this report. Reclamation uses the following equation to calculate effective precipitation:

Effective Precipitation = Daily Precipitation × Monthly Effective Precipitation Coefficient

Because the amount of precipitation in the lower Colorado River basin is typically very small, the correction to the ET rate for precipitation is also typically very small.

3.2.4 Calculating Crop ET

To calculate ET from crops in the program area, Reclamation calculates an ET rate (in inches) for each crop group by multiplying the average daily reference ET values (inches) by each group's unique daily ET coefficient (dimensionless). (See Appendix, Part 2 of the *Lower Colorado River Accounting System Evapotranspiration and Evaporation Calculations, Calendar Year2008* report for daily Kc values.) Reclamation considers the effect of rainfall on crop water use by subtracting effective precipitation (inches) from the ET rate for each crop group to yield a net ET rate (inches). Reclamation sums the daily ET rates to produce a monthly ET rate (inches) for each crop group.

Reclamation determines the acreage of each crop group within each water user's boundary using GIS technologies, RS, and field survey data as previously described. For multi-year crops that are present during only part of the year, such as alfalfa and orchards, Reclamation uses quarterly acreage estimates for the ET calculation.

Reclamation calculates the ET (in acre-feet) within each water user's boundary by multiplying the ET rate for each crop group by the acreage of each crop group. These calculations are performed on a monthly time-step and the results summed to produce annual agricultural ET values within each water user's boundary. The following equation is used to calculate ET for a specific crop group:

Annual ET =
$$\sum_{t=0}^{n} \frac{[(ET_o \times K_c)- Effective PPT] AC}{12 \text{ inches/foot}}$$



Figure 6. AZMET weather station, Mohave 2, located in the Mohave Valley, AZ.

Where:

ET = Annual ET by crop group (acre-feet)

n = Time-step (monthly)

 ET_0 = Daily reference ET (inches)

K_c = Daily ET coefficient for a specific crop (dimensionless)

AC = Acres of crop

Effective PPT = Effective precipitation (inches)

3.2.5 Calculating ET from Riparian Vegetation

Reclamation calculates ET from riparian vegetation for this report the same way it calculates agricultural ET, except that no correction is made to the ET rates of riparian vegetation for effective precipitation. The sum of the ET from all riparian vegetation groups within a water user's boundary yields the riparian vegetation ET for that individual water user. Riparian vegetation is monitored only in the Colorado River floodplain and along the Bill Williams River below Alamo Dam; it is not monitored in the IID, CVWD, or WMIDD areas.

3.3 Calculating Evaporation from Open Water Areas

Reclamation calculates evaporation from open water areas within the program area using the following data:

- 1. Reference ET.
- 2. Monthly evaporation coefficients.
- 3. Number of acres and location of the open water area.
- 4. Precipitation.

The following sections describe the methods utilized by Reclamation to calculate open water evaporation from the mainstream and from major delivery canals.

3.3.1 Mainstream

Reclamation calculates evaporation from Lakes Mohave and Havasu, and the open water areas of the mainstream Colorado River channel and its adjacent backwaters (such as Topock Marsh and Mittry Lake) from below Hoover Dam to Mexico. The following equation is used to calculate evaporation from open water areas:

Annual EVAP =
$$\sum_{t=0}^{n} \frac{[(ET_o \times K_c)-PPT] AC}{12 \text{ inches/foot}}$$

Where:

EVAP = Annual Evaporation by open water (acre-feet)

n = Time-step (monthly)

 ET_0 = Daily reference ET (inches)

K_c = Monthly Evaporation coefficient for water (dimensionless)

AC = Acres of water

PPT = Precipitation (inches)

Reclamation verified the open water area for this report using the method described in Section 3.1.5, "Delineating Open Water Areas."

3.3.2 Calculating Evaporation from Major Delivery Canals

Reclamation calculates evaporation from the All American Canal, Gila Gravity Main Canal and other major delivery canals in the Yuma area using the same equation used to calculate evaporation from the mainstream. Reclamation categorized major delivery canals into two groups: (1) those that deliver water to a single water user (single-user canals) and, (2) those that deliver water to two or more water users (shared canals).

Evaporation from a shared canal is proportioned among the water users which receive water from the canal. Reclamation calculates each water user's proportionate share of evaporation using the following process:

- 1. Calculate the distance from the canal headworks to the user's point(s) of delivery. In cases where a user has more than one delivery point, Reclamation calculates a single point of delivery using a weighted average based on the user's diversion amounts at each point of delivery. These values have units of miles.
- 2. Multiply the mileage value from (1) by the user's total diversion to derive what is referred to as the pro-rata factor. These values have units of acre-foot miles.
- 3. Divide the pro-rata factor for each water user (derived in (2)) by the sum of the pro-rata factors for all water users that receive water from the canal. This value, which can be expressed as a fraction or percentage, represe



Figure 7. Digital image showing the All-American Canal, one of the canals from which Reclamation estimates evaporation.

expressed as a fraction or percentage, represents each user's percentage use of the canal.

4. Multiply each user's percentage use of the canal by the total volume of evaporation from the canal to determine each user's share of evaporation from the canal.

4.0 Results

For each specified water user, Table 4 shows the ET from agriculture and riparian vegetation; and evaporation from the open water surfaces within that water user's boundary. As previously mentioned, areas with identified crops and/or riparian vegetation not located within a known water user boundary are mapped and labeled with the name of the state in which they are located. Table 4 includes water users which are not located on the river but are irrigated with water diverted from the Colorado River; specifically WMIDD in Arizona, and IID and CVWD in California.

Table 4. Agricultural ET, Riparian Vegetation ET, and Open Water Evaporation by Water User, Lower Colorado River, Hoover Dam to Mexico. Units: Annual Acre-Feet.

Water User	Agricultural ET	Riparian Vegetation ET ³	Open Water Evaporation
Nevada (below Hoover Dam)			
Fort Mojave Indian Reservation	1,049	5,121	57
Lake Mead National Recreation Area (Hoover Dam to Davis Dam)	0	1,975	24
Lake Mead National Recreation Area (Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	0	0	0
State of Nevada (Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	0	8,951	281
Nevada Totals*	1,049	16,048	362
California			
Chemehuevi Indian Reservation	0	23	0
Cibola National Wildlife Refuge	0	13,141	643
Coachella Valley Water District	163,897	0	5,583
Colorado River Indian Reservation	1,409	24,196	327
Fort Mojave Indian Reservation	10,410	2,577	0
Fort Yuma Indian Reservation	1,795	10,768	248
Havasu National Wildlife Refuge	0	4,835	541
Imperial Irrigation District	1,528,247	0	13,302
Imperial National Wildlife Refuge (Imperial Dam to Mexico)	0	11,081	1,061
Lake Enterprises of California, LLC	0	527	35
Palo Verde Irrigation District	264,347	8,893	929
State of California, Other Users (Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	0	11,152	430
State of California, Other Users (Parker Dam to Imperial Dam)	1,793	30,288	6,520
State of California, Other Users (Imperial Dam to Mexico)	4,936	8,982	261
Yuma Project Reservation Division, Bard Unit	22,702	772	172
Yuma Project Reservation Division, Indian Unit	17,997	675	122
California Totals*	2,017,533	127,910	30,174

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Riparian Vegetation ET is monitored only in the Colorado River floodplain.

Water User	Agricultural ET	Riparian Vegetation ET ³	Open Water Evaporation
Arizona			
Arizona State Land Department (Parker Dam To Imperial Dam)	1,148	1,956	0
Arizona State Land Department (Imperial Dam To Mexico)	3,879	569	66
Beattie Farms Southwest	1,002	248	0
Bill Williams National Wildlife Refuge	0	7,312	204
Cha Cha, LLC	1,267	335	21
Cibola National Wildlife Refuge	8,294	29,769	2,390
Cibola Valley Irrigation and Drainage District	12,203	6,121	0
City of Yuma (Yuma East Wetlands)	0	287	56
Colorado River Indian Reservation	321,599	91,368	971
Curtis, Armon	77	19	0
East Cocopah Indian Reservation	24	0	0
Fort Mojave Indian Reservation	33,517	20,161	153
Fort Yuma Indian Reservation	54	5,227	167
Gila Monster Farms	3,862	164	46
Havasu National Wildlife Refuge	237	40,581	14,802
Imperial National Wildlife Refuge (Parker Dam to Imperial Dam)	280	21,243	3,244
JRJ Partners, LLC	716	9	0
Lake Havasu State Park	0	1,253	0
Lake Mead National Recreation Area (Hoover Dam to Davis Dam)	0	2,009	32
Lake Mead National Recreation Area (Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	0	98	5
Mittry Lake Management Area	0	13,647	2,638
Mojave Valley Irrigation and Drainage District,	20,884	14,888	488
North Baja Pipeline, LLC	219	2	0
North Cocopah Indian Reservation	1,068	149	51
North Gila Valley Irrigation District	20,843	2,347	77

Water User	Agricultural ET	Riparian Vegetation ET ³	Open Water Evaporation
Ogram Boys Enterprises, Inc.	794	11	0
Ogram, George	238	0	0
Pasquinelli, Gary & Barbara	414	0	0
Powers (Power, R.E. & P.)	674	58	0
Rayner Ranches	2,652	3	0
State of Arizona, Other Users (Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	0	2,091	282
State of Arizona, Other Users (Parker Dam to Imperial Dam)	373	21,783	3,830
State of Arizona, Other Users (Imperial Dam to Mexico)	3,023	13,065	482
State of Arizona, Other Users (Down Gradient of YMIDD)	29,157	0	0
State of Arizona, Other Users (Limitrophe)	2,892	4,144	0
Unit B Irrigation and Drainage District	6,721	0	122
University of Arizona	196	0	0
Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District	202,826	0	722
West Cocopah Indian Reservation	4,434	4,853	11
Yuma County Water Users Association	129,187	1	1,895
Yuma Irrigation District	33,083	671	383
Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District	63,287	0	1,016
Yuma Proving Ground	0	266	92
Arizona Totals*	911,124	306,709	34,244
Hoover Dam to Mexico Totals*	2,929,707	450,667	64,780

^{*}Due to rounding, totals shown may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Table 5 provides a summary of ET and evaporation results along the lower Colorado River from Hoover Dam to Mexico. (Note: Bill Williams River National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) is included in the Davis Dam to Parker Dam reach; WMIDD, IID, and CVWD are included in the Imperial Dam to Mexico reach.)

Table 5. Summary of ET and Evaporation along the Lower Colorado River from Hoover Dam to Mexico. Units: Annual Acre-Feet.

ET Category/Evaporation	Hoover Dam to Davis Dam	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	Imperial Dam To Mexico	Total: Hoover Dam To Mexico*
Agricultural ET	0	66,097	614,318	2,249,292	2,929,707
Riparian Vegetation ³	3,984	119,044	260,370	67,269	450,667
Evaporation – Open Water	56	17,243	19,950	27,532	64,780
Evaporation – Mainstream	129,805	95,782	48,700	4,328	278,615

^{*}Due to rounding, totals shown may differ from the totals shown in Table 4.

Table 6 shows the ET from agriculture and riparian vegetation and evaporation from open water areas along the Bill Williams River⁴, the Bill Williams River NWR⁵, the Gila River Valley⁶, and South Yuma Mesa⁷. The origin of the water used for agricultural irrigation and by riparian vegetation in these areas is considered to come from sources other than the Colorado River.

Additional information on the water users identified in Tables 4 through 6, including agricultural acreage (irrigable, gross cropped, net cropped, and fallowed/idle acres), crop types and acreages,

Table 6. Agricultural ET, Riparian Vegetation ET, and Open Water Evaporation by Water User: Bill Williams River, Gila River Valley, and South Yuma Mesa. Units: Annual Acre-Feet.

Water User Name	Agricultural ET	Riparian Vegetation ET ³	Open Water Evaporation
State of Arizona (Alamo Dam to Bill Williams NWR)	726	15,044	523
Bill Williams River NWR	0	1,552	48
State of Arizona (Gila River Valley)	2,928	0	0
Hillander C Irrigation District	2,879	0	0
Totals	6,532	16,595	571

^{*}Due to rounding, totals shown may differ from the sum of the individual values.

⁴ Bill Williams River, from Alamo Dam to the eastern boundary of the Bill Williams River NWR.

⁵ Bill Williams River NWR, from the eastern extent of the Colorado River aquifer to the eastern extent of the refuge boundary.

⁶ Agricultural land outside of WMIDD that is irrigated with wells pumping Gila River Valley ground water.

⁷ Hillander C Irrigation District is located on the South Yuma Mesa and is irrigated with ground water not available for other users in the United States or to meet the 1944 Mexican Treaty obligation.

agricultural ET by crop type, riparian vegetation acreage and open water acreage has been included in Appendix 1. For select water users, the appendix also provides the historical 5-year trend (calendar years 2007-2011) of the user's total diversions and consumptive use (as reported in Reclamation's 2011 *Colorado River Accounting and Water Use Report, Arizona, California, and Nevada*), and agricultural ET (crop ET minus effective precipitation). It is important to note that the agricultural ET values presented in this report represent an estimate of the crop ET assuming a healthy crop and an adequate water supply and should not be confused with the consumptive use values reported in Reclamation's Water Accounting Reports, which are calculated as diversions less measured and unmeasured return flows.

The raw data used to develop the results presented in Tables 4 through 6 can be found on Reclamation's website at http://www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/wtracct.html.

5.0 Program Improvements for Calendar Year 2011

Reclamation annually reviews each application of the methodology and incorporates "lessons learned" into subsequent reports. Reclamation also modifies each application of the methodology in response to information provided by water users and as modified processes become available after analysis of long-term questions and issues. The following paragraphs describe the program improvements implemented for calendar year 2011.

5.1 Improving ET Estimates for Riparian Vegetation

Reclamation completed a significant update to the riparian vegetation database utilizing 1 meter resolution digital imagery from calendars years 2010 and 2011. Based on revised vegetation types and crown closure, ET coefficients were assigned using data from: *Evapotranspiration by Phreatophytes Along the Lower Colorado River at Havasu National Wildlife Refuge, Arizona* (USGS, 2006).

Changes in estimates of ET from calendar year 2010 are predominantly due to the following:

- 1. Use of higher resolution imagery provided for identifying smaller areas of riparian vegetation that were not discernable in 30 meter Landsat data (used for previous riparian mapping), resulting in an increase in riparian vegetation acreage in some areas.
- 2. This mapping revision addressed more specific changes in vegetation crown closure, thereby both increasing and /or decreasing ET estimates from previous years.
- 3. Changes in riparian vegetation extent due to fire, intentional removal, etc.

5.2 Adjusting Water User Names and Boundaries

In this calendar year 2011 report, several water user names and boundaries were updated to reflect current conditions. For reference, a summary of the updates that were made to water user names is provided in Table 7.

Table 7. Summary of Updates Made to Water User Names.

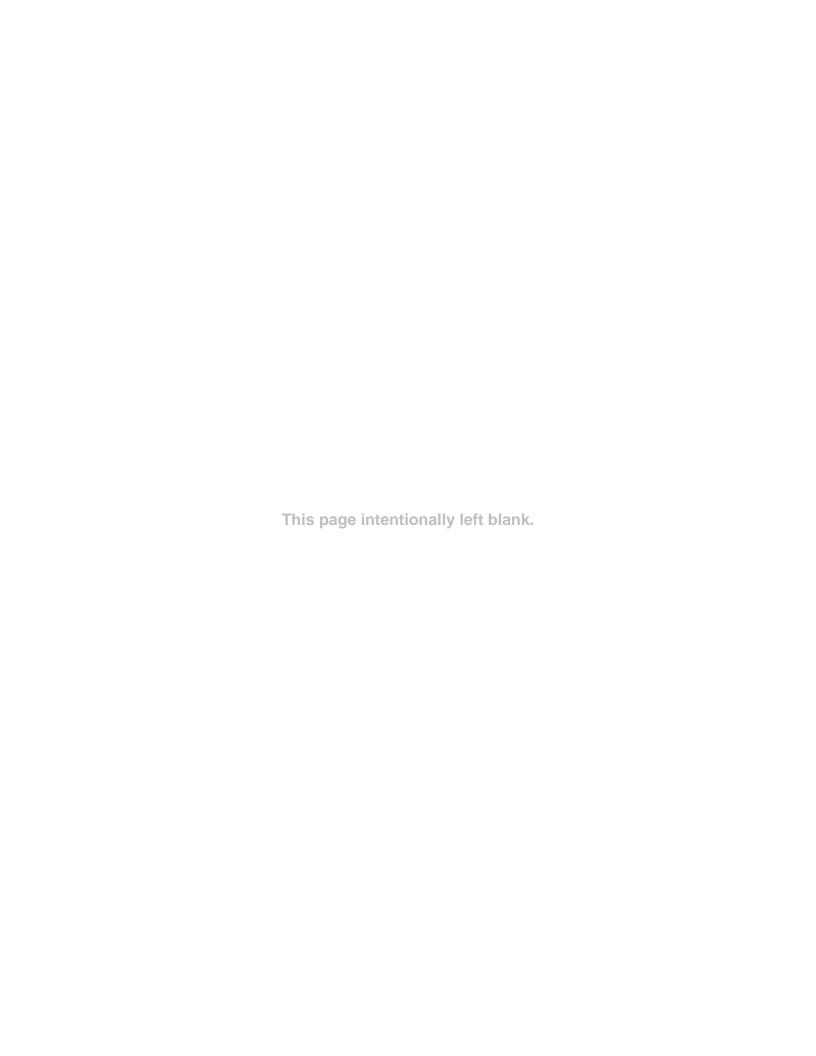
Water User (as listed in previous reports)	Description of Update
California	
Bernal Farm	Included in Colorado River Indian Reservation, CA.
Clark Farm	Included in Colorado River Indian Reservation, CA.
Fort Yuma Indian Reservation and Picacho State Recreation Area	Included in Fort Yuma Indian Reservation, CA.
Fort Yuma Indian Reservation and Yuma Proving Ground	Included in Fort Yuma Indian Reservation, CA and Yuma Project Reservation Division, Bard Unit, CA.
Imperial National Wildlife Refuge and Yuma Proving Ground	Included in State of California (Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Lake Enterprises of California, LLC	Added as a user. Formerly included in Imperial National Wildlife Refuge, CA (Parker Dam to Imperial Dam) and Picacho State Recreation Area (Parker Dam to Imperial Dam).
Moabi Regional Park	Included in State of California (Other users, Davis Dam to Parker Dam).
North Lyn-de Farm	Included in Colorado River Indian Reservation, CA.
Picacho State Recreation Area (Parker Dam to Imperial Dam)	Included in State of California (Other users, Parker Dam to Imperial Dam).
Picacho State Recreation Area (Imperial Dam to Mexico)	Included in State of California (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
South Lyn-de Farm	Included in Colorado River Indian Reservation, CA.
Yuma Proving Ground	Included in Fort Yuma Indian Reservation, CA and State of California (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Arizona	
Arkelian Farm	Included in Arizona State Land Department, AZ and North Baja Pipeline, LLC, AZ.
Arizona State Land Department (Parker Dam to Imperial Dam)	Added as a user. Formerly included in Arkelian Farm, AZ.
Arizona State Land Department (Imperial Dam to Mexico)	Added as a user. Formerly included in Gila Monster Farm, AZ; State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico); and Yuma Irrigation District, AZ.
Beattie Farms Southwest	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Cha Cha, LLC	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Curtis, Armon	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Ehrenberg Farm	Now "Rayner Ranches, AZ".
Fort Yuma Indian Reservation, Mittry State Wildlife Area and Yuma Proving Ground	Included in Fort Yuma Indian Reservation, AZ and Mittry Lake Management Area, AZ.

Water User (as listed in previous reports)	Description of Update
Havasu State Park (Windsor Beach)	Now "Lake Havasu State Park, AZ".
JRJ Partners, LLC	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial to Mexico).
Lake Havasu State Park	Added as a user. Formerly called "Havasu State Park (Windsor Beach), AZ".
Mittry Lake Management Area	Added as a user. Formerly included in Imperial National Wildlife Refuge, AZ and Mittry State Wildlife Area, AZ.
North Baja Pipeline, LLC	Added as a user. Formerly included in Arkelian Farm, AZ.
Palo Verde Irrigation District	Included in Cibola Valley Irrigation and Drainage District, AZ and State of Arizona (Other users, Parker Dam to Imperial Dam).
Ogram Boys Enterprises, Inc.	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Ogram, George	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Pasquinelli, Gary & Barbara	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Powers (Power, R.E. & P.)	Added as a user. Formerly included in State of Arizona (Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico).
Rayner Ranches	Added as a user. Formerly "Ehrenberg Farm, AZ".
University of Arizona Agricultural Station	Now "University of Arizona, AZ".

5.3 Refinement of Open Water Areas and Changes to Evaporation Calculations

In 2011, NAIP imagery was not available, thus acreage of open water areas was revised using 2011 Digital Globe Imagery (ESRI) at 0.3 meter resolution for agricultural lands in California. This high-resolution imagery was not available in 2010 for agricultural lands in Arizona. In addition, 30 meter resolution LANDSAT satellite imagery was used to identify areas of large (>1,800 m²) changes in open water surface area not identifiable using 2010 NAIP imagery.

Evaporation calculations for open water surfaces along the main stem of the Lower Colorado River use unique evaporation coefficients for each geographical area (Jensen, 2003).



6.0 References

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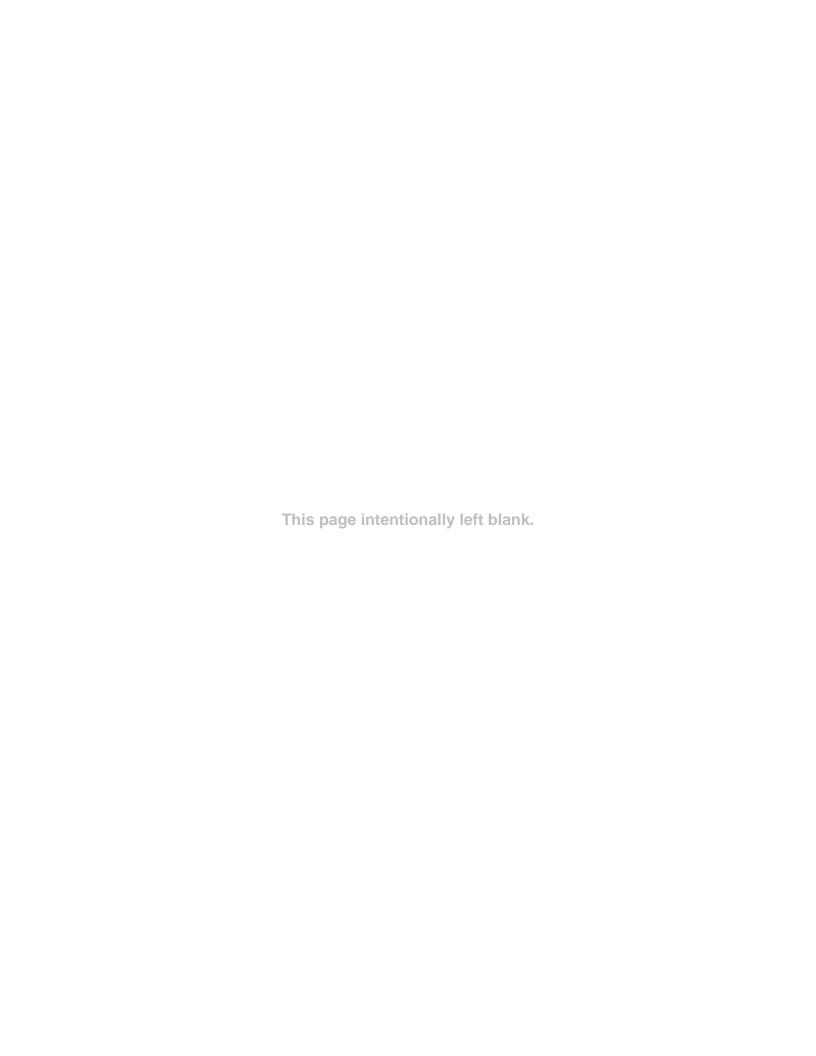
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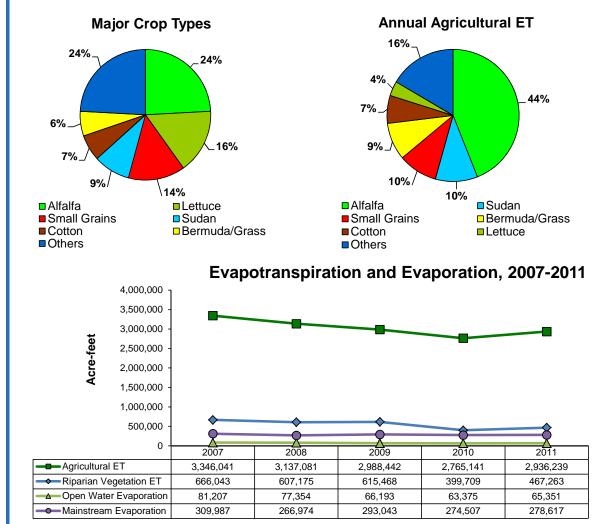
Appendix 1: Water User Fact Sheets

This appendix is intended to supplement the information contained in Table 4, and includes the following information for each water user: agricultural acreage (irrigable acres, gross cropped acres, net cropped acres and fallowed/idle acres); crop types and acreages; agricultural ET by crop type; riparian vegetation acreage and ET; and open water acreage and evaporation. For select users, the appendix also provides a historical 5-year trend (calendar years 2007-2011) of the user's total Colorado River diversions and consumptive use (diversions less measured and unmeasured return flows) – as reported in Reclamation's annual Colorado River Accounting and Water Use Report: Arizona, California, and Nevada – and agricultural ET (crop ET minus effective precipitation – as reported in Reclamation's annual Estimates of Evapotranspiration and Evaporation Along the Lower Colorado River, formerly LCRAS, reports. Copies of these reports may be found on Reclamation's website at: www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/wtracct.html.

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River Reach:	Hoover Dam to Mexico*
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	852,020
Gross Cropped Acres:	1,029,802
Net Cropped Acres:	781,971
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	70,049
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	2,936,239
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation - Acres:	147,950
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	467,263
Open Water	
Open Water - Acres:	12,018
Open Water - Evaporation (acre-feet):	65,351
Mainstream (Lake and River)	
Acres:	57,632
Evaporation (acre-feet):	278,617
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Executive Summary

		Aanaa	Annual CT	2011
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa			, ,	
	248,496	24%	1,291,567	44%
Aloe	73	<1%	157	<1%
Bermuda/Grass	62,718	6%	268,545	9%
Cane/Bamboo	63	<1%	364	<1%
Citrus	25,312	2%	86,462	3%
Cotton	66,629	6%	199,953	7%
Crucifers	45,064	4%	28,783	<1%
Dates	14,263	1%	82,474	3%
Deciduous Orchards	1,746	<1%	7,937	<1%
Field Grain	14,199	1%	41,769	1%
Grapes	8,100	<1%	25,127	<1%
Jojoba	234	<1%	1,126	<1%
Legume/Solanum Veg.	9,514	<1%	18,228	<1%
Lettuce	164,714	16%	105,085	4%
Marsh Maintained	118	<1%	690	<1%
Melons	15,056	1%	26,861	<1%
Miscellaneous herbs	1,798	<1%	4,131	<1%
Moist Soil Unit	1,521	<1%	7,741	<1%
Nursery/Greenhouse	2,689	<1%	5,833	<1%
Oil Crops	54	<1%	162	<1%
Perennial Vegetables	1,660	<1%	7,641	<1%
Root Vegetables	1,620	<1%	1,080	<1%
Small Grains	145,102	14%	281,670	10%
Small Vegetables	56,238	5%	61,603	2%
Sudan	93,518	9%	303,782	10%
Sugar Beets	47,892	5%	74,349	3%
Tomatoes	366	<1%	834	<1%
Wildlife Forage Maintained	1,044	<1%	2,285	<1%
Total*	1,029,802	100%	2,936,239	100%
	, ,		, -,	

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

^{*}Values displayed in this Executive Summary include water considered to come from sources other than the Colorado River.

Hoover Dam to Davis Dam 2011

Agriculture

There is no agricultural use in this reach.

Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	1,355
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	3,984
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	12
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	56
Mainstream (Lake and River)	

Acres: 27,405 Evaporation (acre-feet): 129,805

NEVADA NOOVER GAM ARIZONA CALIFORNIA PARKER DAM Sulton Sea MEXICO MEXICO

Crop Types Annual ET within Reach Acres (acre-feet)

Note: There were no crops grown in this reach.

Water Users within Reach

Lake Mead National Recreation Area - AZ & NV

160,000 -120,000 -100,000 -80,000 -60,000 -40,000 -20,000 -

Evapotranspiration and Evaporation, 2007-2011

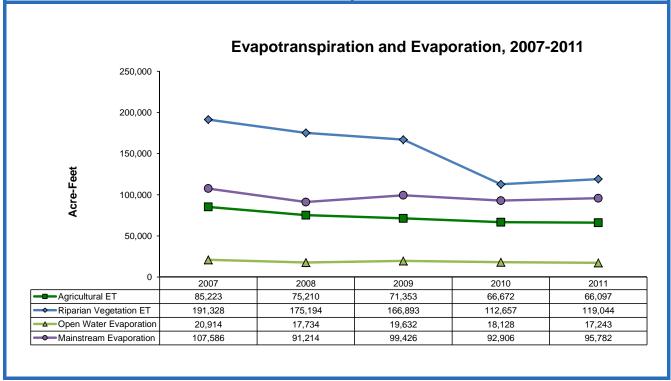
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	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Riparian Vegetation ET	772	694	667	474	3,984
Open Water Evaporation	16	14	20	237	56
──Mainstream Evaporation	146,810	124,469	135,666	126,813	129,805
•				•	

Davis Dam to Parker Dam 2011

Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	18,312
Gross Cropped Acres:	18,536
Net Cropped Acres:	17,082
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	1,230
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	66,097
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	38,367
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	119,044
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	3,641
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	17,243
Mainstream (Lake and River)	
Acres:	20,222
Evaporation (acre-feet):	95,782



Water Users within Reach	Crop Types within Reach	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)
Bill Williams River National Wildlife Refuge - AZ	Alfalfa	8,221	42,511
Chemehuevi Indian Reservation - CA	Bermuda/Grass	962	2,836
Fort Mojave Indian Reservation - AZ, CA, & NV	Cotton	6,507	16,800
Havasu National Wildlife Refuge - AZ & CA	Field Grain	25	60
Lake Havasu State Park - AZ	Small Grains	2,669	3,375
Lake Mead National Recreation Area - AZ	Sudan	152	514
Mohave Valley Irrigation & Drainage District - AZ			
State of Arizona (Other Users)			
State of California (Other Users)			
State of Nevada (Other Users)	Total	18,536	66,097

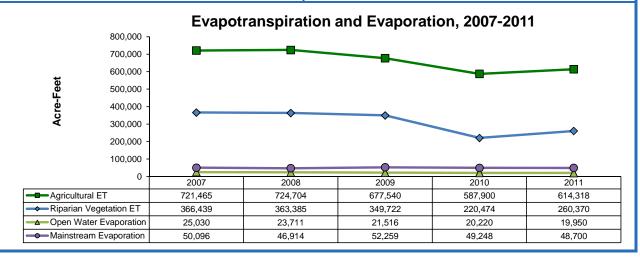


Parker Dam to Imperial Dam 2011

Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	174,359
Gross Cropped Acres:	141,835
Net Cropped Acres:	148,055
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	26,304
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	614,318
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	81,324
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	260,370
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	3,807
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	19,950
Mainstream (Lake and River)	
Acres:	9,292
Evaporation (acre-feet):	48,700



Water Users within Reach	Crop Types within Reach	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)
100			, ,
Arizona State Land Department - AZ	Alfalfa	89,063	470,346
Cibola National Wildlife Refuge - AZ & CA	Bermuda/Grass	3,906	12,424
Cibola Valley Irrigation & Drainage District - AZ	Citrus	2,034	6,994
Colorado River Indian Reservation - AZ & CA	Cotton	33,895	96,261
Imperial National Wildlife Refuge - AZ & CA	Crucifers	1,734	852
Lake Enterprises of California, LLC - CA	Dates	363	2,061
North Baja Pipeline, LLC - AZ	Deciduous Orchards	456	2,050
Palo Verde Irrigation District - CA	Field Grain	114	286
Rayner Ranches - AZ	Grapes	49	153
State of Arizona (Other Users)	Lettuce	661	431
State of California (Other Users)	Melons	1,994	4,030
	Moist Soil Unit	285	1,438
	Nursery/Greenhouse	27	57
	Perennial Vegetables	185	841
	Small Grains	5,265	10,135
	Small Vegetables	110	66
	Sudan	1,615	5,725
	Wildlife Forage Maintained	78	168
	Total	141,835	614,318

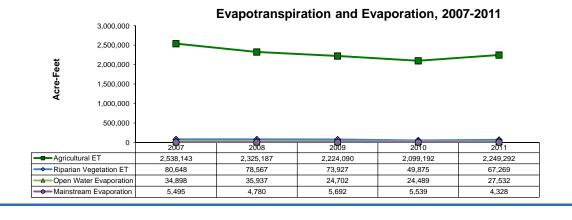


Imperial Dam to Mexico 2011

Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	653,788
Gross Cropped Acres:	867,861
Net Cropped Acres:	615,293
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	38,495
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	2,249,292
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	20,089
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	67,269
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	4,439
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	27,532
Mainstream (Lake and River)	
Acres:	712
Evaporation (acre-feet):	4,328



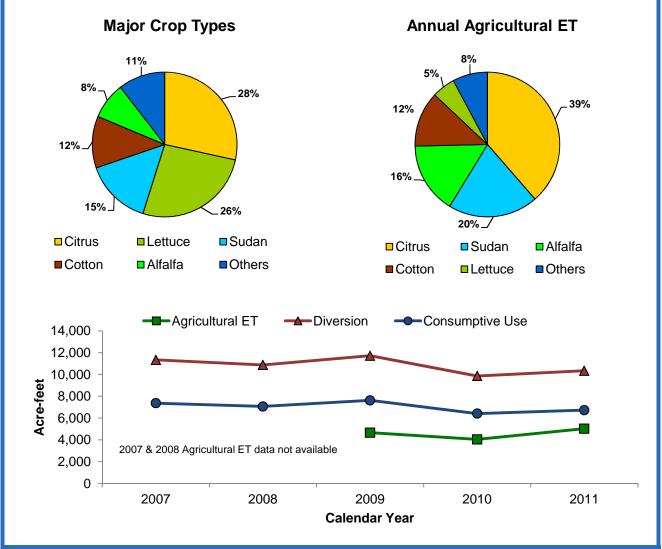
	Crop Types		Annual ET
Water Users within Reach	within Reach	Acres	(acre-feet)
Arizona State Land Department - AZ	Alfalfa	150,765	776,356
Beattie Farms Southwest - AZ	Aloe	73	157
Cha Cha, LLC - AZ	Bermuda/Grass	57,849	253,284
City of Yuma (Yuma East Wetlands), AZ	Cane/Bamboo	63	364
Coachella Valley Water District - CA	Citrus	23,278	79,468
Cocopah Indian Reservation (incl. East, North & West Reservations) - AZ	Cotton	26,100	86,481
Curtis, Armon - AZ	Crucifers	43,330	27,931
Fort Yuma Indian Reservation - AZ & CA	Dates	13,645	79,021
Gila Monster Farms, AZ	Deciduous Orchards	1,290	5,887
Imperial Irrigation District - CA	Field Grain	14,059	41,423
JRJ Partners, LLC - AZ	Grapes	8,052	24,974
Mittry Lake Management Area - AZ	Legume/Solanum Veg.	9,514	18,228
North Gila Valley Irrigation District - AZ	Lettuce	164,054	104,654
Ogram Boys Enterprises, Inc AZ	Marsh Maintained	118	690
Ogram, George - AZ	Melons	13,062	22,830
Pasquinelli, Gary & Barbara - AZ	Miscellaneous herbs	1,798	4,131
Powers (Power, R.E. & P.) - AZ	Moist Soil Unit	1,236	6,302
State of Arizona (Downgradient of YMIDD)	Nursery/Greenhouse	2,663	5,776
State of Arizona (Limitrophe)	Oil Crops	54	162
State of Arizona (Other Users)	Perennial Vegetables	1,474	6,800
State of California (Other Users)	Root Vegetables	1,620	1,080
Unit B Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ	Small Grains	136,876	267,636
University of Arizona - AZ	Small Vegetables	56,128	61,537
Wellton Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ	Sudan	91,537	296,818
Yuma County Water Users' Association - AZ	Sugar Beets	47,892	74,349
Yuma Irrigation District - AZ	Tomatoes	366	834
Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ	Wildlife Forage Maintained	966	2,118
Yuma Project Reservation Division, Bard Unit - CA			
Yuma Project Reservation Division, Indian Unit - CA			
Yuma Proving Ground - AZ	Total	867,861	2,249,292



Arizona State Land Department - AZ 2011

River Reach:	Parker Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	1,452
Gross Cropped Acres:	1,880
Net Cropped Acres:	1,383
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	69
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	5,027
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	909
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	2,525
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	11
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	66





Arizona State Land Department - AZ 2011

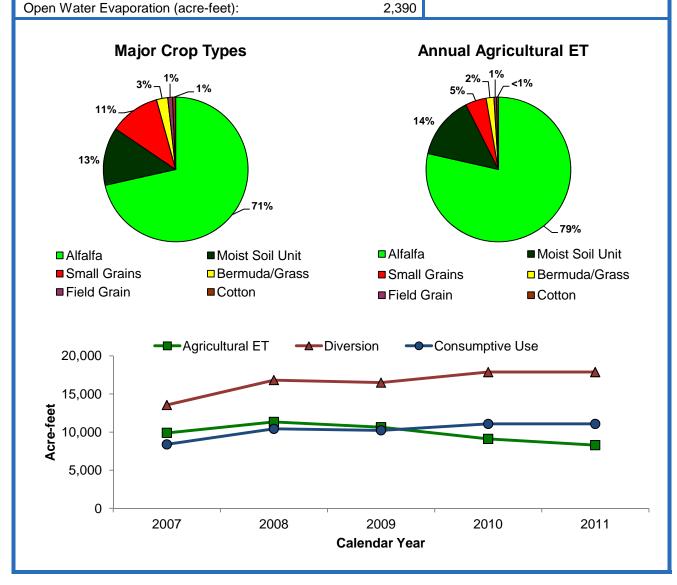
		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	154	8	800	16
Citrus	535	28	1,939	39
Cotton	217	12	622	12
Crucifers	23	1	5	<1
Dates	13	1	79	2
Legume/Solanum Veg.	28	2	72	1
Lettuce	497	26	261	5
Small Grains	109	6	196	4
Small Vegetables	23	1	40	1
Sudan	280	15	1,013	20
Total*	1,880	100%	5,027	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Cibola National Wildlife Refuge - AZ 2011

River Reach:	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	2,493
Gross Cropped Acres:	1,777
Net Cropped Acres:	2,428
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	65
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-f	eet): 8,294
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	9,578
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet	t): 29,769
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	456





Cibola National Wildlife Refuge - AZ

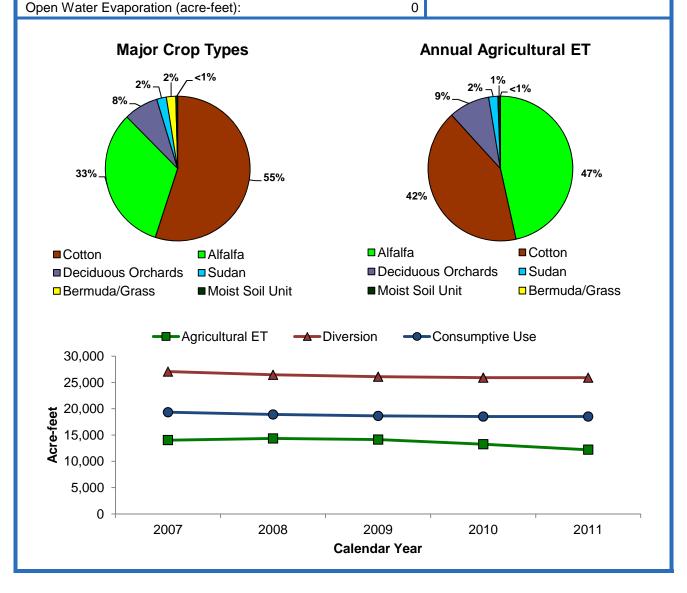
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	1,270	71	6,514	79
Bermuda/Grass	44	3	145	2
Cotton	12	1	35	<1
Field Grain	19	1	48	1
Moist Soil Unit	231	13	1,166	14
Small Grains	200	11	386	5
Total*	1,777	100%	8,294	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Cibola Valley Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

River Reach:	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	3,762
Gross Cropped Acres:	3,256
Net Cropped Acres:	3,571
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	192
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-f	feet): 12,203
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	1,936
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-fee	t): 6,121
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	0





Cibola Valley Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

	•	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Crop Type	Acres	/0 TOtal	(acre-reer)	/o TOlai
Alfalfa	1,062	33	5,680	47
Bermuda/Grass	68	2	2	<1
Cotton	1,791	55	5,087	42
Deciduous Orchards	251	8	1,117	9
Moist Soil Unit	13	<1	68	1
Sudan	71	2	250	2
Total*	3,256	100%	12,203	100%

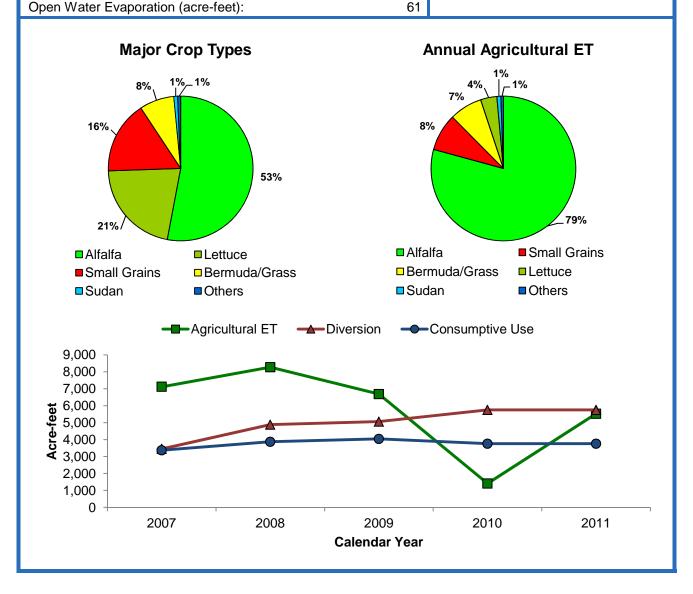
^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Cocopah Indian Reservation - AZ

(Includes East, North and West Reservations) 2011

	River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
	Agriculture	
	Irrigable Acres:	1,907
	Gross Cropped Acres:	1,572
	Net Cropped Acres:	1,410
	Fallowed/Idle Acres:	497
	Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	5,526
	Riparian	
	Riparian Vegetation Acres:	1,714
	Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	5,003
	Open Water	
	Open Water Acres:	10
ı		





Cocopah Indian Reservation - AZ

(Includes East, North and West Reservations)

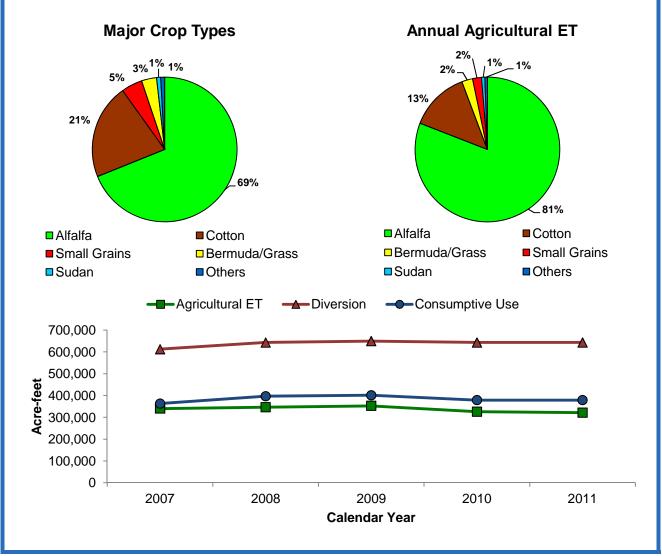
		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	833	53	4,379	79
Bermuda/Grass	122	8	405	7
Cotton	7	<1	24	<1
Lettuce	338	21	202	4
Melons	4	<1	7	<1
Small Grains	256	16	461	8
Sudan	13	1	49	1
Total*	1,572	100%	5,526	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Colorado River Indian Reservation - AZ 2011

River Reach:	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	74,987
Gross Cropped Acres:	71,328
Net Cropped Acres:	70,603
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	4,384
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-f	eet): 321,599
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	31,877
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet	t): 91,368
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	185
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	971





Colorado River Indian Reservation - AZ

2011

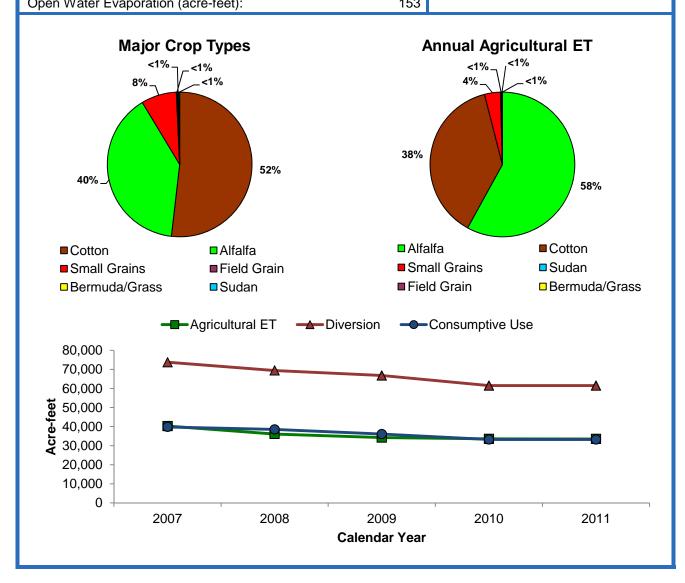
		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	49,155	69	260,215	81
Bermuda/Grass	2,380	3	7,747	2
Cotton	15,135	21	42,983	13
Crucifers	163	<1	101	<1
Deciduous Orchards	179	<1	830	<1
Grapes	5	<1	15	<1
Perennial Vegetables	185	<1	841	<1
Small Grains	3,365	5	6,498	2
Small Vegetables	110	<1	66	<1
Sudan	650	1	2,305	1
Total*	71,328	100%	321,599	100%

*Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Fort Mojave Indian Reservation - AZ 2011

River Reach:	Davis Dam to Parker Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	9,000
Gross Cropped Acres:	9,522
Net Cropped Acres:	8,884
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	115
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-fee	et): 33,517
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	7,511
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	20,161
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	32
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	153





Fort Mojave Indian Reservation - AZ

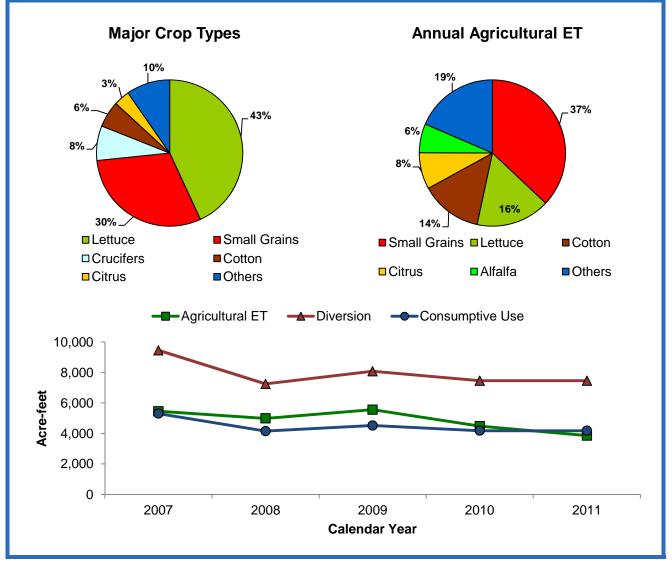
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	3,762	40	19,435	58
Bermuda/Grass	23	<1	0	<1
Cotton	4,937	52	12,746	38
Field Grain	25	<1	60	<1
Small Grains	752	8	1,198	4
Sudan	23	<1	78	<1
Total*	9,522	100%	33,517	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Gila Monster Farms - AZ

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	1,378
Gross Cropped Acres:	2,624
Net Cropped Acres:	1,299
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	80
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	3,862
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	39
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	164
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	8
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	46





Gila Monster Farms - AZ

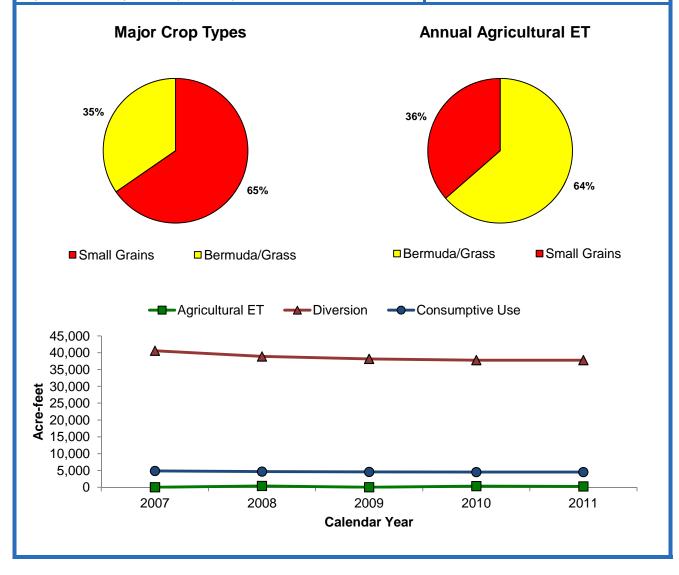
		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	46	2	248	6
Bermuda/Grass	31	1	103	3
Citrus	91	3	312	8
Cotton	153	6	526	14
Crucifers	200	8	106	3
Legume/Solanum Veg.	5	<1	12	<1
Lettuce	1,131	43	631	16
Melons	14	1	25	1
Oil Crops	54	2	162	4
Perennial Vegetables	6	<1	29	1
Small Grains	794	30	1,430	37
Small Vegetables	35	1	51	1
Sudan	62	2	226	6
Total*	2,624	100%	3,862	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Havasu National Wildlife Refuge - AZ

River Reach:	Davis Dam to Parker Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	121
Gross Cropped Acres:	145
Net Cropped Acres:	121
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	0
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-fe	et): 237
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	10,697
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet)	: 40,581
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	3,125
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	14,802





Havasu National Wildlife Refuge - AZ

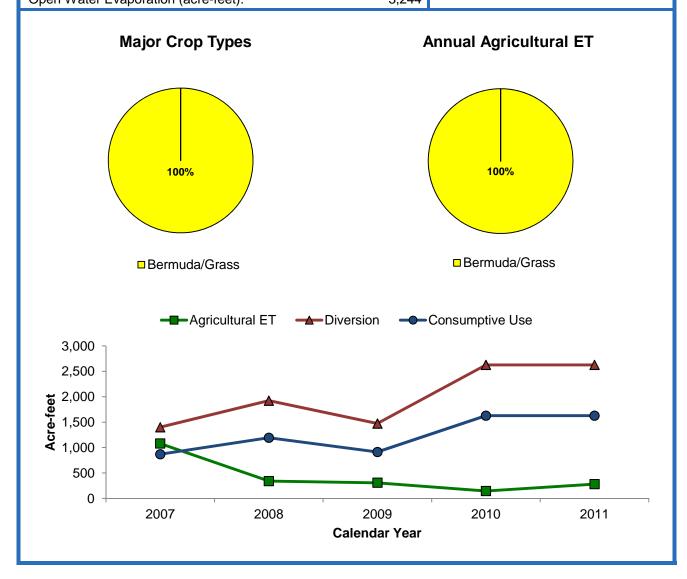
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Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Bermuda/Grass	50	35	151	64
Small Grains	95	65	86	36
Total	145	100%	237	100%

Imperial National Wildlife Refuge - AZ

River Reach:	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	86
Gross Cropped Acres:	86
Net Cropped Acres:	86
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	0
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-fe	eet): 280
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	4,850
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet)	21,243
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	619
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	3 244





Imperial National Wildlife Refuge - AZ 2011

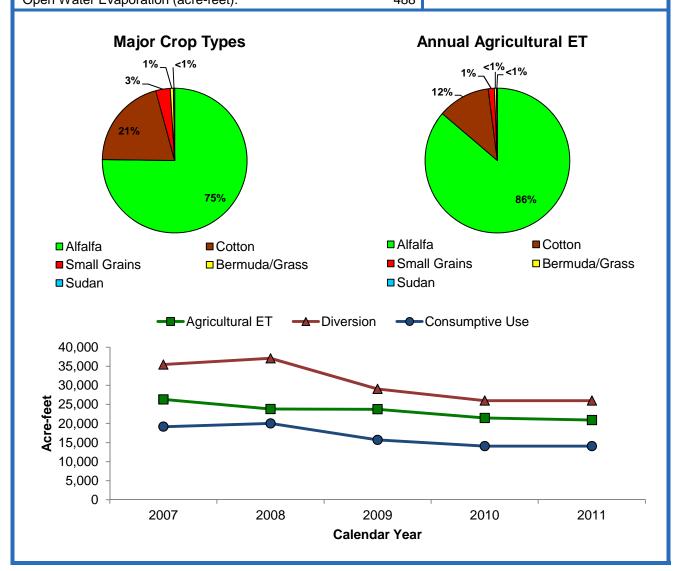
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Bermuda/Grass	86	100	280	100
Total*	86	100%	280	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Mohave Valley Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

River Reach:	Davis Dam to Parker Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	5,141
Gross Cropped Acres:	4,612
Net Cropped Acres:	4,611
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	530
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet	t): 20,884
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	5,421
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	14,888
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	103
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	488





Mohave Valley Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

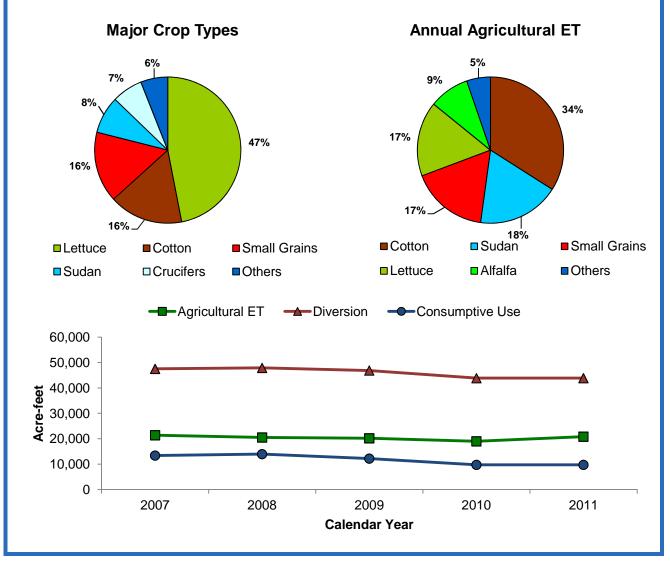
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	3,469	75	18,005	86
Bermuda/Grass	33	1	98	<1
Cotton	949	21	2,450	12
Small Grains	149	3	287	1
Sudan	13	<1	45	<1
Total*	4,612	100%	20,884	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

North Gila Valley Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	5,837
Gross Cropped Acres:	12,651
Net Cropped Acres:	5,732
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	105
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	20,843
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	676
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	2,347
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	13
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	77





North Gila Valley Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

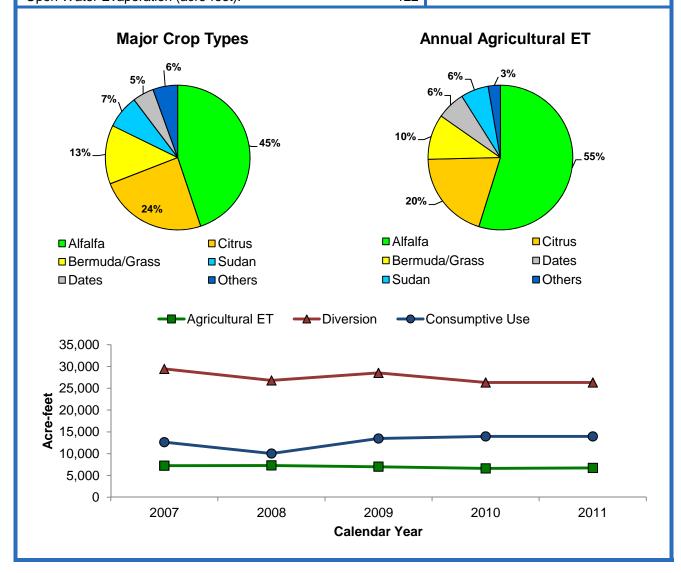
Cron Tymo	Aoroo	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Crop Type	Acres	/0 TOtal		70 TOtal
Alfalfa	341	3	1,853	9
Bermuda/Grass	60	<1	189	1
Citrus	13	<1	45	<1
Cotton	2,067	16	7,088	34
Crucifers	859	7	397	2
Dates	15	<1	87	<1
Legume/Solanum Veg.	17	<1	44	<1
Lettuce	5,939	47	3,448	17
Melons	53	<1	98	<1
Small Grains	1,982	16	3,569	17
Small Vegetables	237	2	226	1
Sudan	1,046	8	3,786	18
Sugar Beets	21	<1	12	<1
Total*	12,651	100%	20,843	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Unit B Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	1,871
Gross Cropped Acres:	1,549
Net Cropped Acres:	1,557
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	315
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	6,721
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	0
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	0
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	20
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	122





Unit B Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

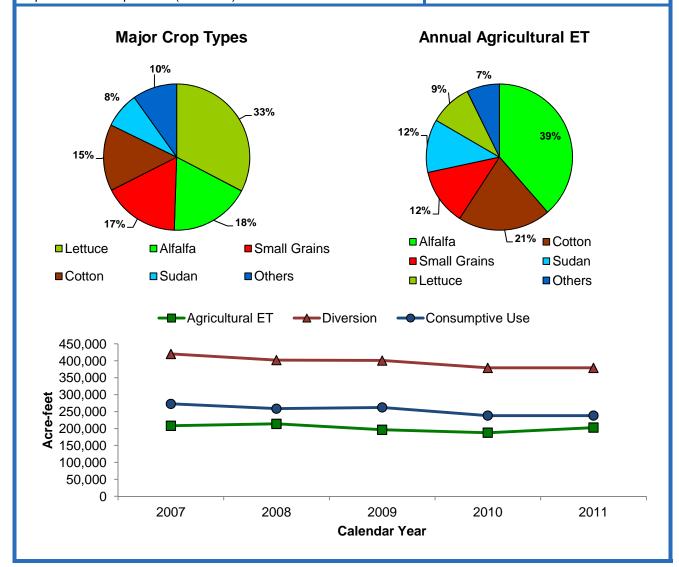
		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	695	45	3,685	55
Bermuda/Grass	204	13	679	10
Citrus	376	24	1,330	20
Dates	74	5	427	6
Deciduous Orchards	6	<1	26	<1
Legume/Solanum Veg.	34	2	88	1
Lettuce	20	1	14	<1
Nursery/Greenhouse	18	1	41	1
Small Grains	8	<1	14	<1
Sudan	116	7	418	6
Total*	1,549	100%	6,721	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	58,271
Gross Cropped Acres:	88,388
Net Cropped Acres:	56,263
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	2,008
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	202,826
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	0
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	0
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	131
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	722





Wellton-Mohawk Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

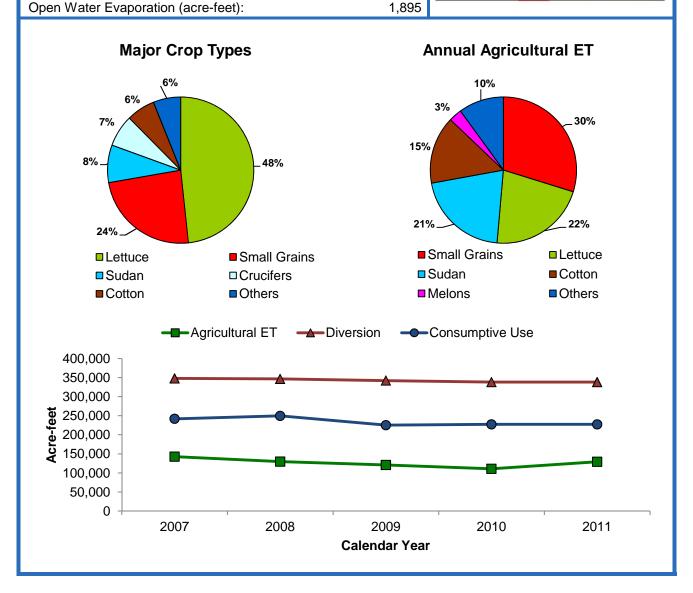
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	15,775	18	78,221	39
Bermuda/Grass	2,344	3	7,405	4
Citrus	373	<1	1,207	1
Cotton	12,991	15	41,798	21
Crucifers	2,787	3	1,248	1
Dates	7	<1	37	<1
Deciduous Orchards	30	<1	118	<1
Field Grain	241	<1	563	<1
Legume/Solanum Veg.	453	1	1,089	1
Lettuce	28,876	33	18,969	9
Melons	1,293	1	1,750	1
Perennial Vegetables	43	<1	185	<1
Root Vegetables	32	<1	28	<1
Small Grains	15,038	17	25,263	12
Small Vegetables	894	1	937	<1
Sudan	7,004	8	23,865	12
Sugar Beets	209	<1	144	<1
Total*	88,388	100%	202,826	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Yuma County Water Users' Association - AZ

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	41,563
Gross Cropped Acres:	89,286
Net Cropped Acres:	41,319
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	244
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	129,187
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	2
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	1
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	312





Yuma County Water Users' Association - AZ

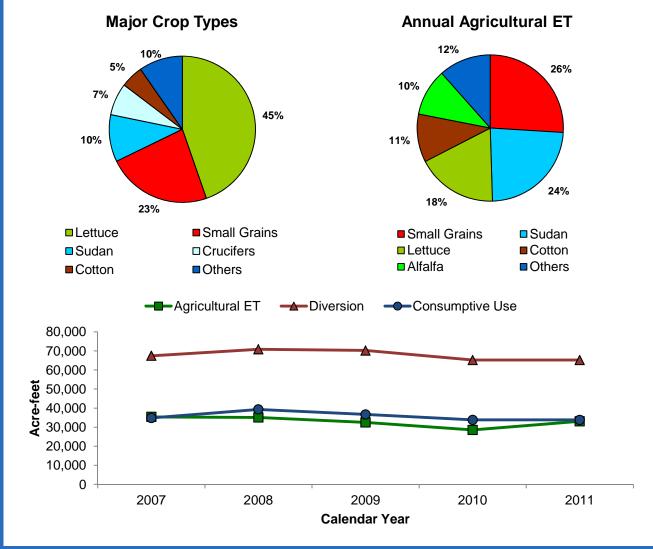
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	389	<1	2,052	2
				۷
Bermuda/Grass	364	<1	1,352	1
Citrus	288	<1	1,042	1
Cotton	5,640	6	19,339	15
Crucifers	6,304	7	2,963	2
Dates	292	<1	1,717	1
Deciduous Orchards	146	<1	685	1
Field Grain	39	<1	93	<1
Grapes	1	<1	2	<1
Legume/Solanum Veg.	471	1	1,202	1
Lettuce	43,137	48	27,885	22
Melons	2,072	2	3,737	3
Miscellaneous herbs	35	<1	105	<1
Nursery/Greenhouse	286	<1	634	<1
Perennial Vegetables	22	<1	103	<1
Small Grains	21,377	24	38,500	30
Small Vegetables	916	1	906	1
Sudan	7,404	8	26,809	21
Sugar Beets	103	<1	59	<1
Wildlife Forage Maintained	2	<1	3	<1
Total*	89,286	100%	129,187	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Yuma Irrigation District - AZ 2011

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	10,112
Gross Cropped Acres:	20,648
Net Cropped Acres:	10,055
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	57
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	33,083
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	224
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	671
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	63
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	383





Yuma Irrigation District - AZ 2011

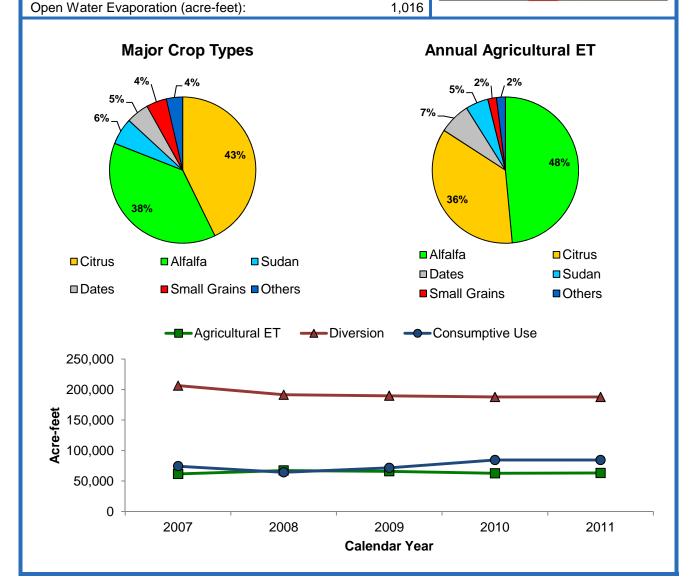
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	627	3	3,430	10
Bermuda/Grass	83	<1	276	1
Citrus	6	<1	21	<1
Cotton	1,028	5	3,525	11
Crucifers	1,471	7	741	2
Dates	66	<1	385	1
Field Grain	18	<1	43	<1
Legume/Solanum Veg.	448	2	1,145	3
Lettuce	9,226	45	5,923	18
Melons	403	2	716	2
Nursery/Greenhouse	28	<1	63	<1
Perennial Vegetables	9	<1	41	<1
Small Grains	4,773	23	8,597	26
Small Vegetables	305	1	386	1
Sudan	2,151	10	7,787	24
Sugar Beets	7	<1	4	<1
Total*	20,648	100%	33,083	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	16,451
Gross Cropped Acres:	14,927
Net Cropped Acres:	15,103
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	1,347
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	63,287
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	0
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	0
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	167
	4 0 4 0





Yuma Mesa Irrigation and Drainage District - AZ

		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	5,706	38	30,690	48
Bermuda/Grass	184	1	608	1
Citrus	6,379	43	22,558	36
Crucifers	8	<1	6	<1
Dates	750	5	4,397	7
Deciduous Orchards	61	<1	276	<1
Lettuce	161	1	106	<1
Melons	21	<1	39	<1
Nursery/Greenhouse	82	1	181	<1
Small Grains	671	4	1,209	2
Small Vegetables	9	<1	13	<1
Sudan	883	6	3,198	5
Sugar Beets	13	<1	7	<1
Total*	14,927	100%	63,287	100%

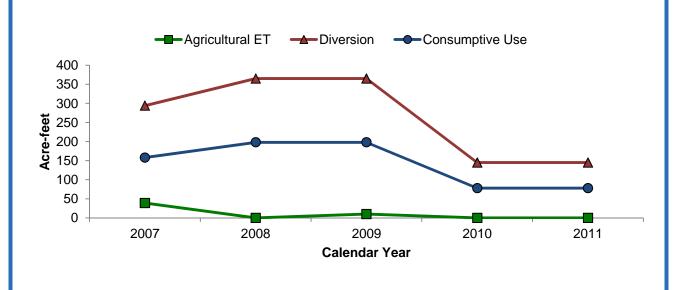
^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Chemehuevi Indian Reservation - CA 2011

River Reach:	Davis Dam to Parker Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	58
Gross Cropped Acres:	0
Net Cropped Acres:	0
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	58
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-fee	et): 0
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	8
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	23
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	0
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	0



No agricultural crops grown in 2011.



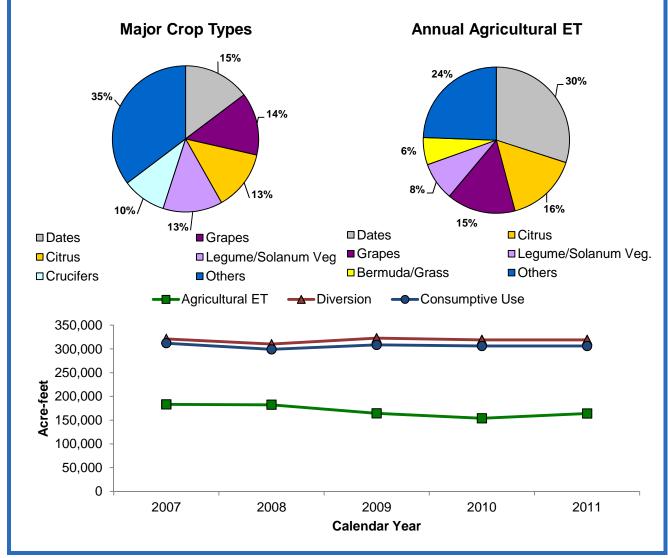
Chemehuevi Indian Reservation - CA

Ch	emenuevi			2011
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
1 71		ural crops grown in 2		

Coachella Valley Water District - CA 2011

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	57,528
Gross Cropped Acres:	58,114
Net Cropped Acres:	50,153
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	7,375
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	163,897
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	0
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	0
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	882
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	5,583





Coachella Valley Water District - CA

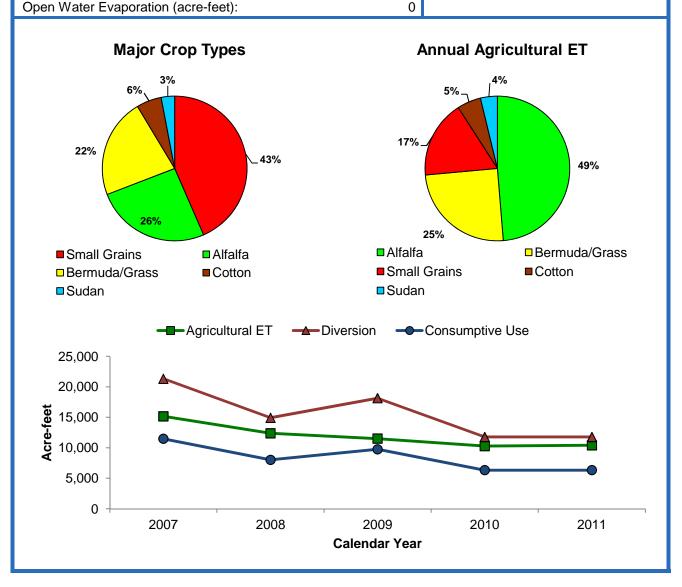
		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	473	1	2,444	1
Bermuda/Grass	2,207	4	9,861	6
Citrus	7,711	13	26,076	16
Crucifers	5,631	10	4,904	3
Dates	8,542	15	49,122	30
Deciduous Orchards	412	1	1,879	1
Field Grain	2,622	5	7,760	5
Grapes	8,051	14	24,972	15
Legume/Solanum Veg.	7,655	13	13,827	8
Lettuce	4,806	8	3,913	2
Melons	1,139	2	1,929	1
Miscellaneous herbs	733	1	1,670	1
Moist Soil Unit	87	<1	443	<1
Nursery/Greenhouse	1,591	3	3,436	2
Perennial Vegetables	1,034	2	4,774	3
Root Vegetables	688	1	452	<1
Small Vegetables	3,869	7	3,998	2
Sudan	547	1	1,716	1
Tomatoes	317	1_	722	<1
Total*	58,114	100%	163,897	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Fort Mojave Indian Reservation - CA 2011

River Reach:	Davis Dam to Parker Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	3,219
Gross Cropped Acres:	3,851
Net Cropped Acres:	3,060
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	159
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet	t): 10,410
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	919
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	2,577
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	0
Open Water Eveneration (core feet):	0





Fort Mojave Indian Reservation - CA 2011

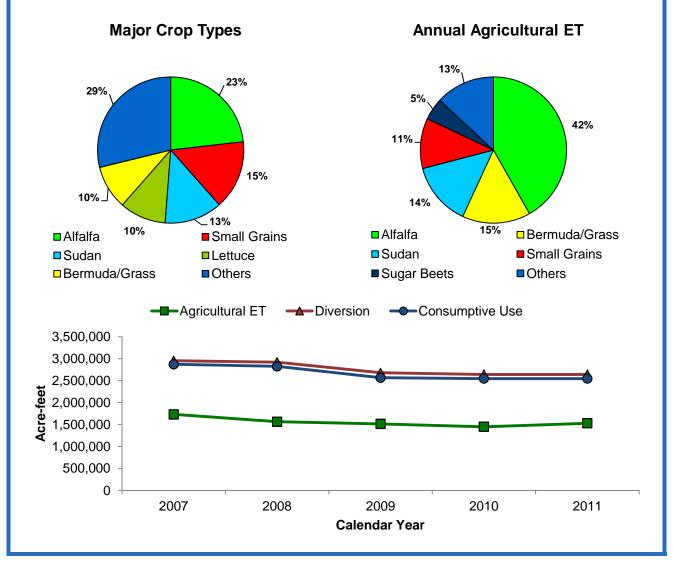
		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	990	26	5,071	49
Bermuda/Grass	857	22	2,588	25
Cotton	215	6	555	5
Small Grains	1,674	43	1,804	17
Sudan	116	3	391	4
Total*	3,851	100%	10,410	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Imperial Irrigation District - CA 2011

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	431,008
Gross Cropped Acres:	534,163
Net Cropped Acres:	407,074
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	23,934
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	1,528,247
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	0
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	0
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	2,122
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	13,302





Imperial Irrigation District - CA 2011

		Acres	Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	123,834	23	638,615	42
Aloe	73	<1	157	<1
Bermuda/Grass	51,778	10	230,857	15
Cane/Bamboo	63	<1	364	<1
Citrus	6,301	1	20,496	1
Cotton	1,640		5,358	<1
Crucifers	24,179	5	16,661	1
Dates	24,179 795	5 <1	•	-
		· ·	4,593	<1
Deciduous Orchards	585	<1	2,671	<1
Field Grain	11,139	2	32,964	2
Legume/Solanum Veg.	179	<1	177	<1
Lettuce	54,790	10	34,797	2
Marsh Maintained	118	<1	690	<1
Melons	7,558	1	13,610	1
Miscellaneous herbs	1,014	<1	2,308	<1
Moist Soil Unit	1,149	<1	5,859	<1
Nursery/Greenhouse	657	<1	1,418	<1
Perennial Vegetables	361	<1	1,668	<1
Root Vegetables	872	<1	572	<1
Small Grains	81,582	15	169,871	11
Small Vegetables	48,712	9	53,960	4
Sudan	68,245	13	214,238	14
Sugar Beets	47,527	9	74,115	5
Tomatoes	49	<1	112	<1
Wildlife Forage Maintained	965	<1	2,114	<1
Total*	534,163	100%	1,528,247	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

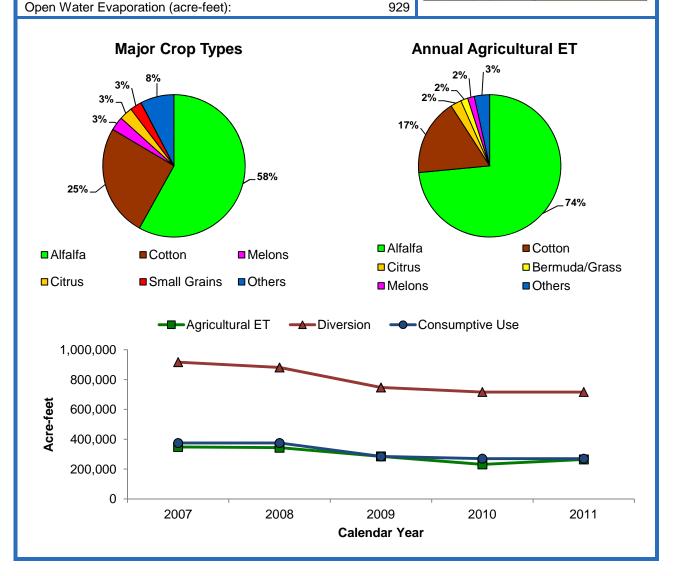
Palo Verde Irrigation District - CA 2011

River Reach:	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	89,877
Gross Cropped Acres:	63,546
Net Cropped Acres:	69,524
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	20,354
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-fe	eet): 264,347
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	2,983
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet)	: 8,893

Open Water

Open Water Acres:





Palo Verde Irrigation District - CA

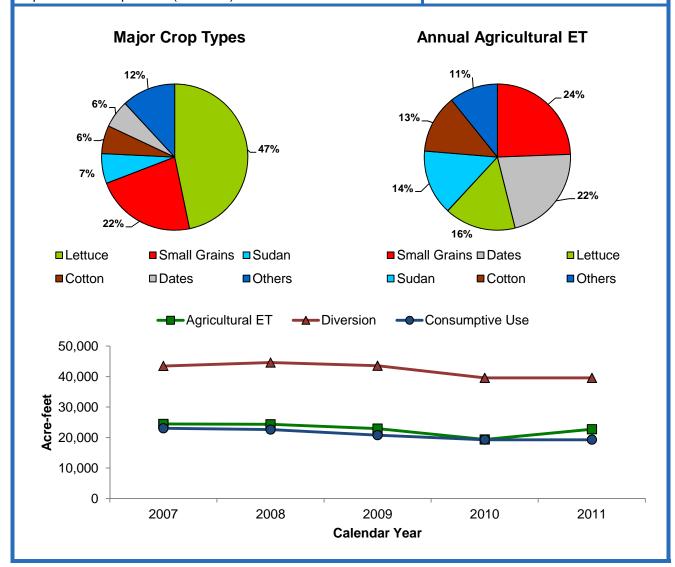
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	36,900	58	194,313	74
Bermuda/Grass	1,326	2	4,249	2
Citrus	1,888	3	6,537	2
Cotton	16,193	25	45,988	17
Crucifers	1,571	2	751	<1
Dates	148	<1	830	<1
Deciduous Orchards	22	<1	100	<1
Field Grain	95	<1	238	<1
Grapes	11	<1	37	<1
Lettuce	661	1	431	<1
Melons	1,994	3	4,030	2
Moist Soil Unit	41	<1	205	<1
Nursery/Greenhouse	27	<1	57	<1
Small Grains	1,700	3	3,251	1
Sudan	892	1	3,164	1
Wildlife Forage Maintained	78	<1	168	<1
Total*	63,546	100%	264,347	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Yuma Project Reservation Division, Bard Unit - CA

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	6,382
Gross Cropped Acres:	13,710
Net Cropped Acres:	6,372
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	10
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	22,702
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	229
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	772
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	28
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	172





Yuma Project Reservation Division, Bard Unit - CA

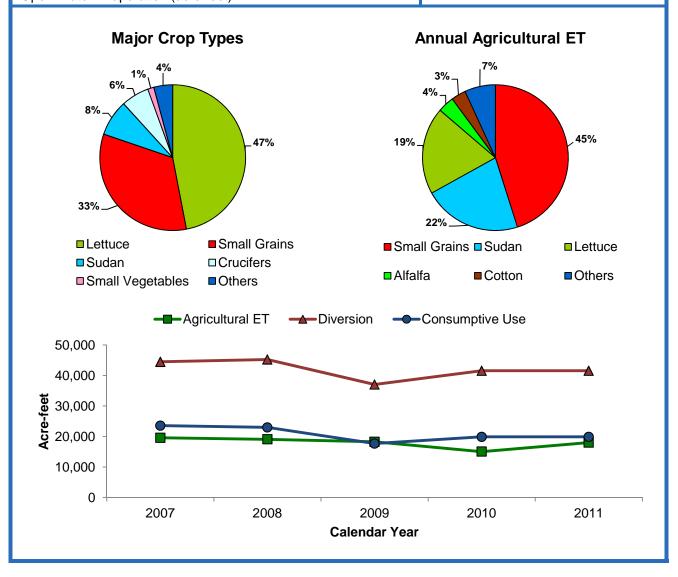
Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Alfalfa	138	1	744	3
		•		
Bermuda/Grass	6	<1	21	<1
Citrus	115	1	425	2
Cotton	854	6	2,929	13
Crucifers	741	5	337	1
Dates	840	6	4,929	22
Deciduous Orchards	7	<1	31	<1
Legume/Solanum Veg.	41	<1	105	<1
Lettuce	6,409	47	3,585	16
Melons	286	2	528	2
Miscellaneous herbs	7	<1	22	<1
Small Grains	3,074	22	5,537	24
Small Vegetables	280	2	227	1
Sudan	906	7	3,279	14
Sugar Beets	6	<1	3	<1
Total*	13,710	100%	22,702	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Yuma Project Reservation Division Indian Unit - CA

River Reach:	Imperial Dam to Mexico			
Agriculture				
Irrigable Acres:	6,143			
Gross Cropped Acres:	13,550			
Net Cropped Acres:	5,983			
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	160			
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	17,997			
Riparian				
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	239			
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	675			
Open Water				
Open Water Acres:	20			
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	122			





Yuma Project Reservation Division Indian Unit - CA

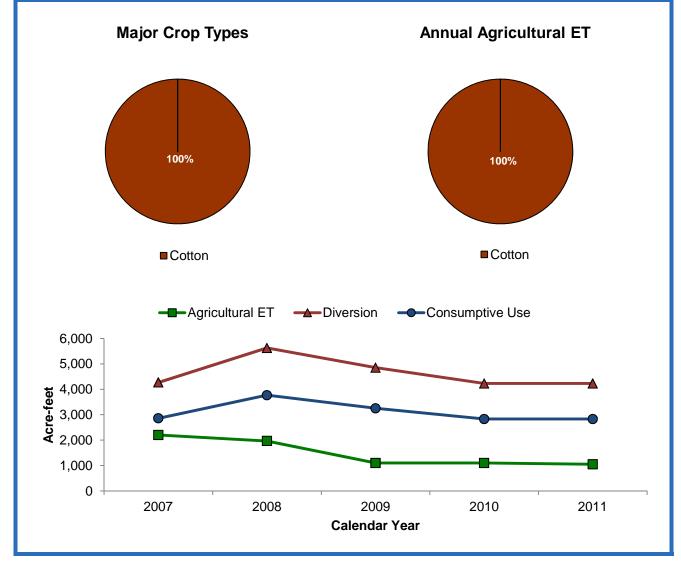
	Acres		Annual ET	Annual ET
Crop Type	Acres	% Total	(acre-feet)	% Total
Alfalfa	120	1	652	4
Bermuda/Grass	107	1	356	2
Cotton	171	1	588	3
Crucifers	840	6	391	2
Dates	9	<1	55	<1
Legume/Solanum Veg.	37	<1	95	1
Lettuce	6,364	47	3,482	19
Melons	115	1	200	1
Small Grains	4,509	33	8,121	45
Small Vegetables	185	1	128	1
Sudan	1,084	8	3,925	22
Sugar Beets	7	<1	4	<1
Total*	13,550	100%	17,997	100%

^{*}Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the individual values.

Fort Mojave Indian Reservation - NV 2011

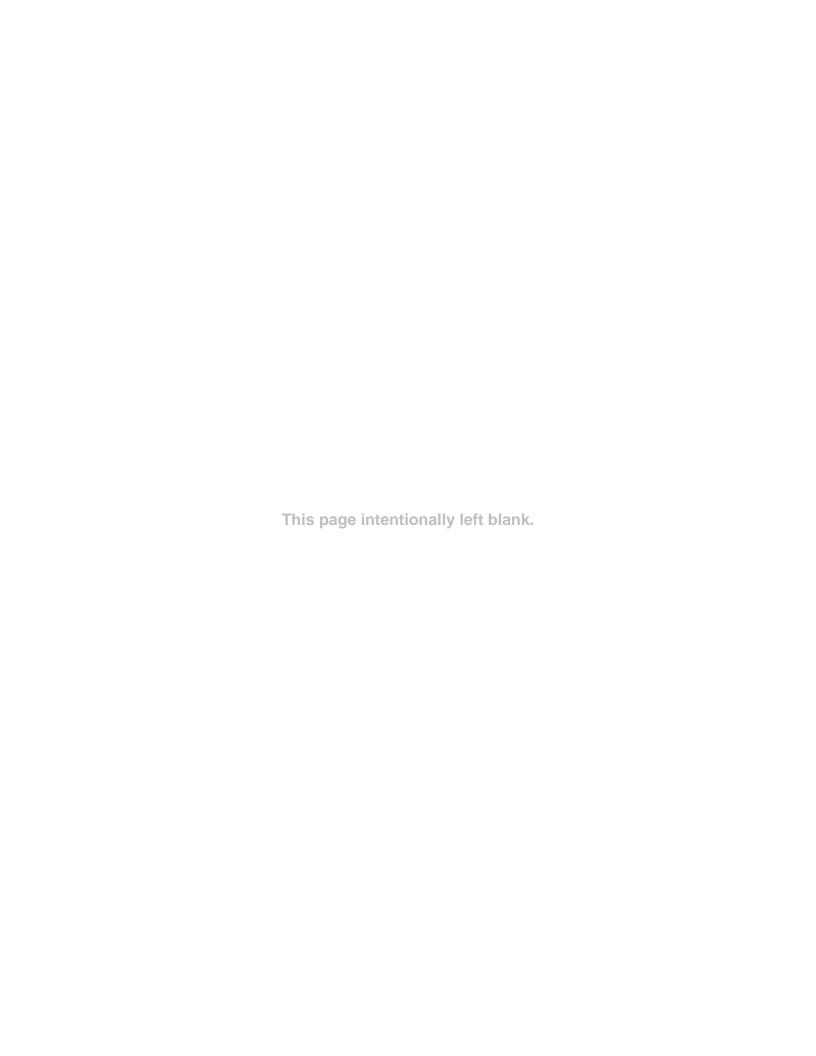
River Reach:	Davis Dam to Parker Dam
Agriculture	
Irrigable Acres:	412
Gross Cropped Acres:	406
Net Cropped Acres:	406
Fallowed/Idle Acres:	6
Agricultural Evapotranspiration (acre-feet	1,049
Riparian	
Riparian Vegetation Acres:	2,256
Riparian Evapotranspiration (acre-feet):	5,121
Open Water	
Open Water Acres:	12
Open Water Evaporation (acre-feet):	57





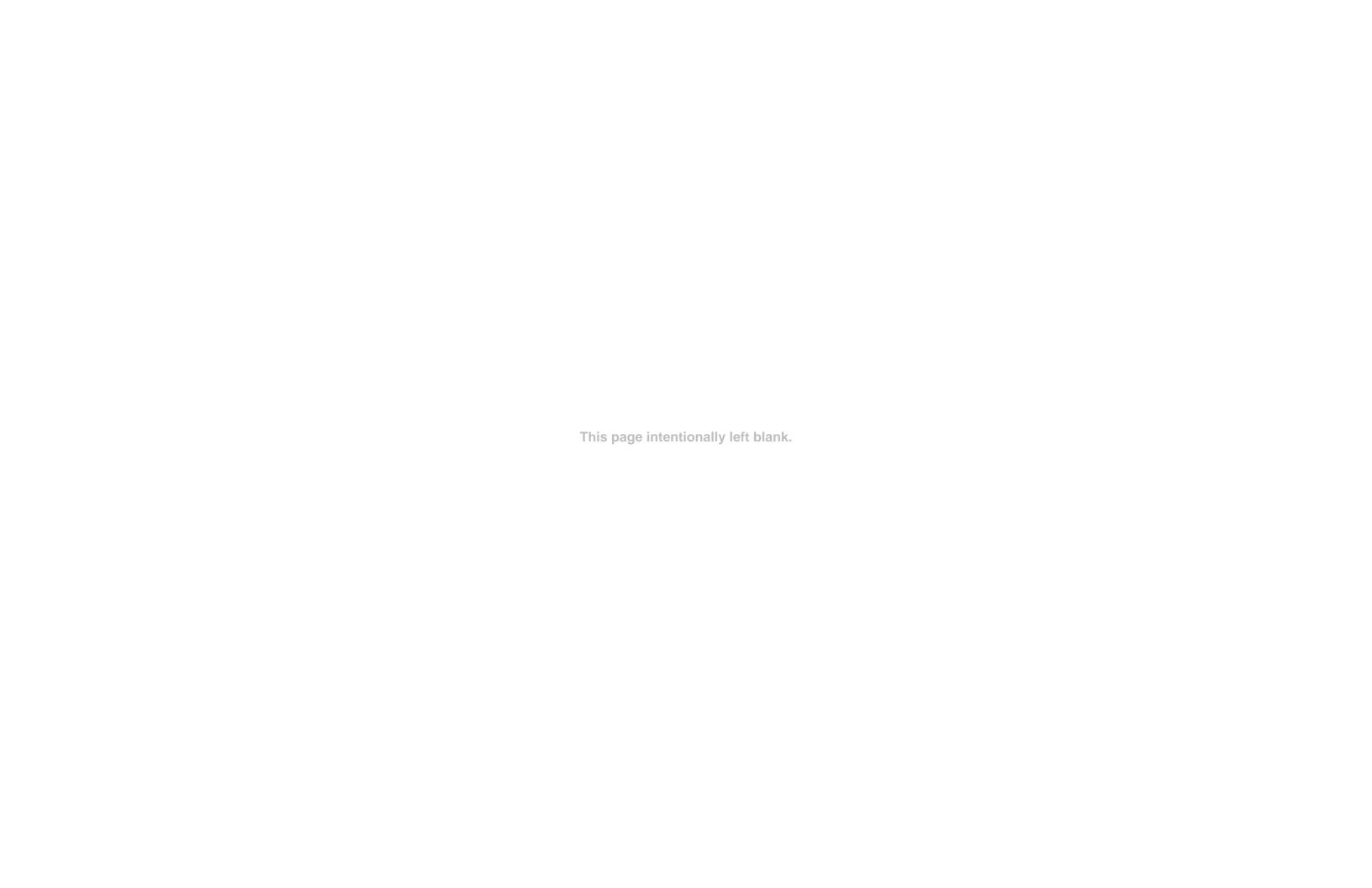
Fort Mojave Indian Reservation - NV

Crop Type	Acres	Acres % Total	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Annual ET % Total
Cotton	406	100	1,049	100
Total	406	100%	1,049	100%



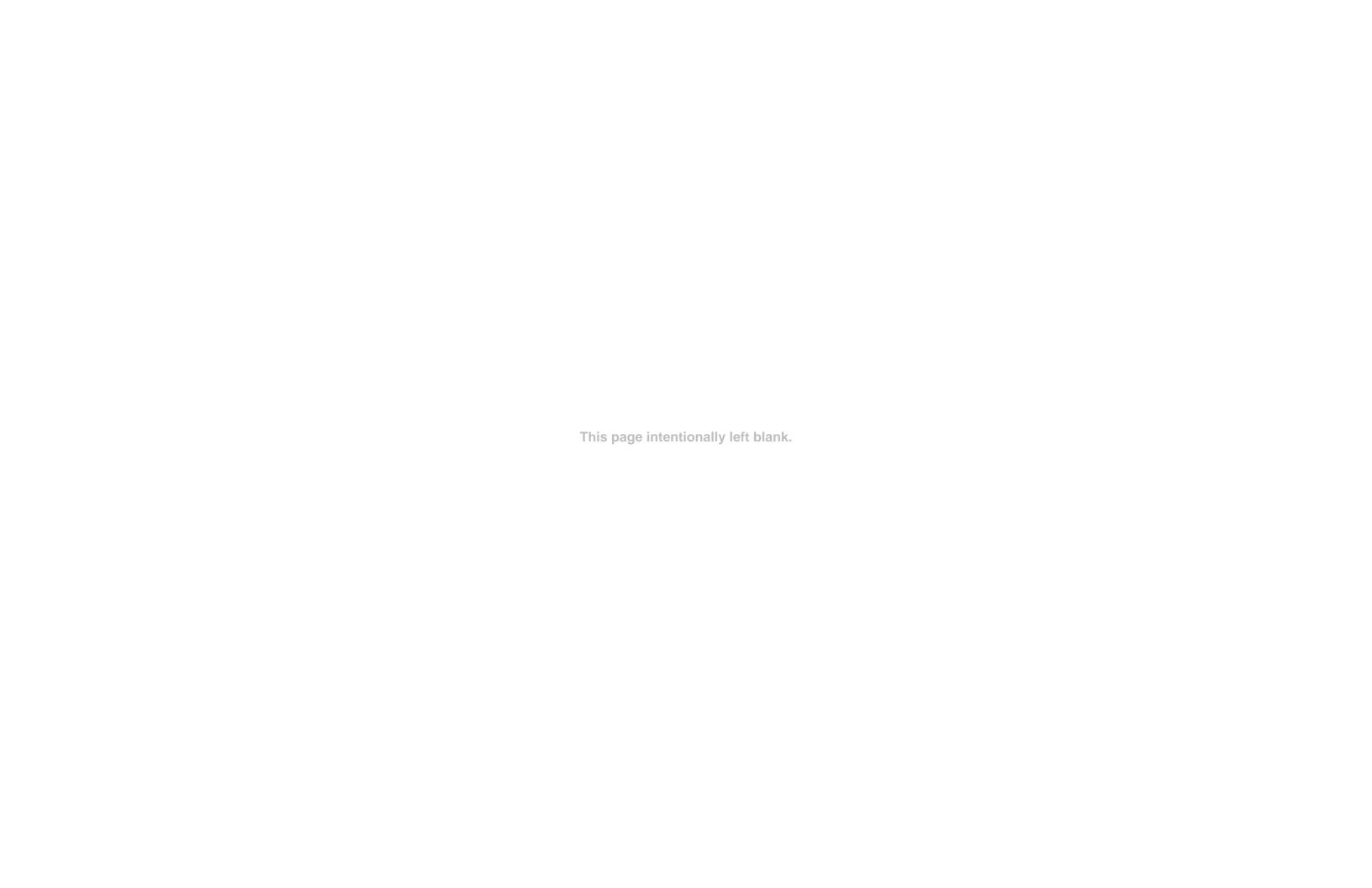
			Agricultu	ıral Acreage			Agriculture		Riparian V	egetation egetation	Open	Water
Water User	River Reach	Irrigable Acres	Gross Cropped Acres	Net Cropped Acres	Fallowed/Idle Acres	Crop Type	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Acres	Annual Evaporation (acre-feet)
Note: Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the	individual values.											
Arizona Beattie Farms Southwest	Imperial Dam to Mexico	214	261	214	0	Alfalfa Small Grains Small Vegetables	166 47 47	897 85 21				
						Total	261	1,002	89	248	0	0
Bill Williams River National Wildlife Refuge	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0	T-(-)	•		0.440	7.040	40	224
Bill Williams River National Wildlife Refuge (NCR)*	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0	Total	0	0	2,140	7,312	43	204
Cha Cha, LLC	Imperial Dam to Mexico	339	337	339	0	Total Citrus	0 325	0 1,193	457	1,552	10	48
						Dates Total	13 337	74 1,267	119	335	4	21
Curtis, Armon	Imperial Dam to Mexico	43	43	43	0	Small Grains	43	77	_	40		
Fort Yuma Indian Reservation	Imperial Dam to Mexico	181	50	25	156	Total Lettuce Small Grains	25 25 25	77 9 45	5	19	0	0
Hillander C Irrigation District (NCR)*	Imperial Dam to Mexico	2,334	738	708	1,625	Total Alfalfa Small Grains	50 447 291	54 2,354 524	1,643	5,227	27	167
						Total	738	2,879	0	0	0	0
JRJ Partners, LLC	Imperial Dam to Mexico	200	262	150	50	Alfalfa Cotton Dates Lettuce Small Grains	6 42 74 126 13	34 145 438 75 24				
						Total	262	716	3	9	<1	<1
Lake Havasu State Park	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0	Total	0	0	399	1,253	<1	<1
Lake Mead National Recreation Area (Hoover Dam to Davis Dam)	Hoover Dam to Davis Dam	0	0	0	0	Total	0	0	666	2,009	7	32
Lake Mead National Recreation Area (Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0			-		98		
Mittry Lake Management Area	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	0	0	0	0	Total	0	0	27		1	5
North Baja Pipeline, LLC	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	46	46	46	0	Total Alfalfa	0 35	0 188	3,225	13,647	434	2,638
						Cotton Total	11 46	31 219	1	2	0	0

^{*}NCR = Non-Colorado River. The origin of water used for agricultural irrigation and by riparian vegetation and open water is considered to come from sources other than the Colorado River.



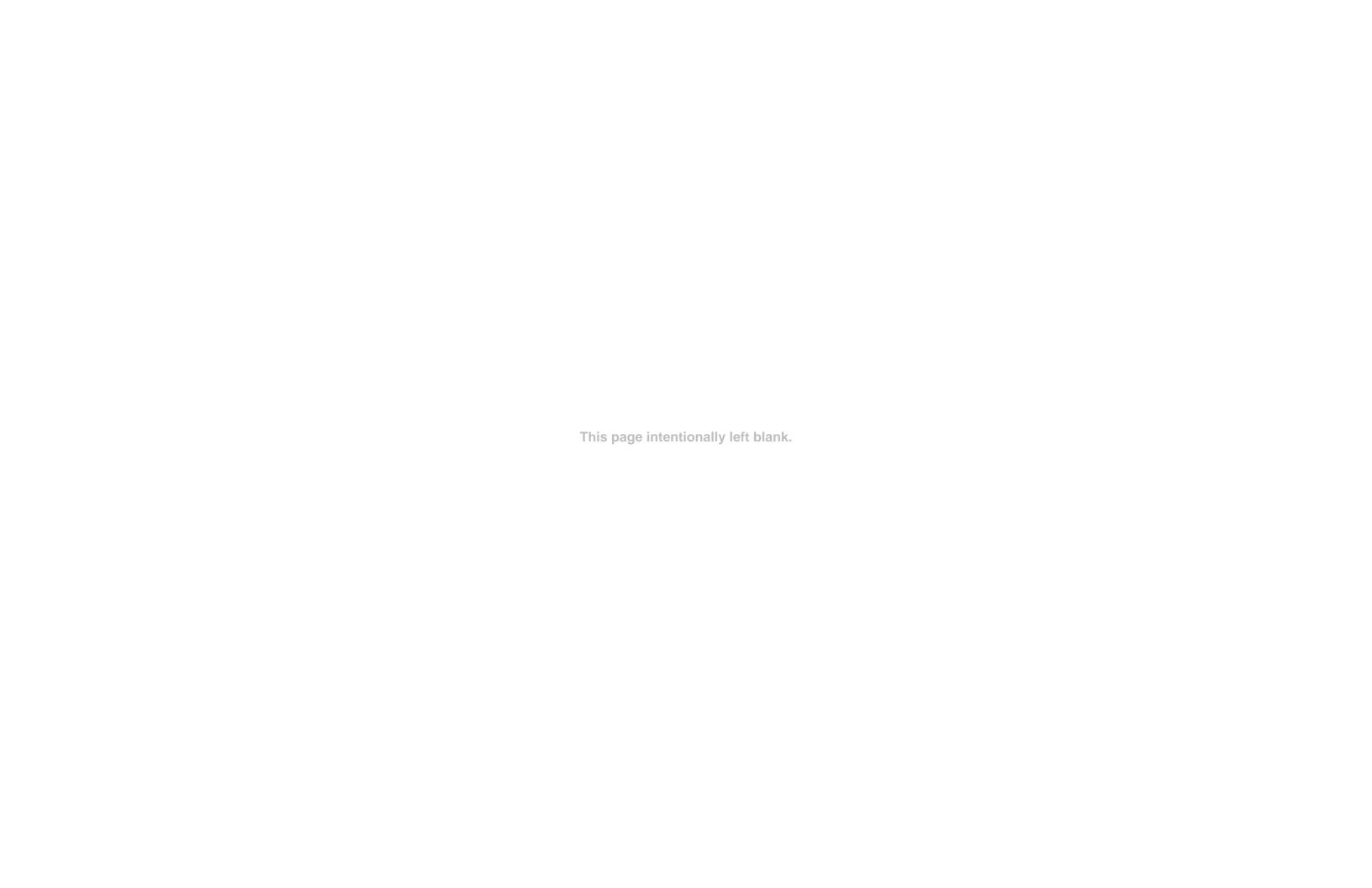
		Agricultural Acreage					Agriculture		Riparian V	egetation	Open	Water
Water User	River Reach	Irrigable Acres	Gross Cropped Acres	Net Cropped Acres	Fallowed/Idle Acres	Crop Type	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Acres	Annual Evaporation (acre-feet)
Note: Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of the	e individual values.											
Arizona (continued) Ogram Boys Enterprises, Inc.	Imperial Dam to Mexico	169	303	169	0	Alfalfa	42	225				
Ogram Boys Enterprises, inc.	imperial Darii to Mexico	109	303	109	0	Crucifers	9	7				
						Lettuce	114	87				
						Small Vegetables	11	16				
						Sudan	127	460				
						Total	303	794	2	11	0	0
Ogram, George	Imperial Dam to Mexico	73	64	73	0	Alfalfa	44	222				
						Lettuce	20	16				
						Total	64	238	0	0	0	0
Pasquinelli, Gary & Barbara	Imperial Dam to Mexico	76	221	76	0	Crucifers	45	30				
						Lettuce Small Vegetables	41 59	29 78				
						Sudan	76	277				
Powers (Power, R.E. & P.)	Imperial Dam to Mayica	172	498	172	0	Total Cotton	221	414 269	<1	<1	0	0
Powers (Power, R.E. & P.)	Imperial Dam to Mexico	172	498	172	0	Cotton Crucifers	78 18	269 3				
						Lettuce	224	133				
						Small Grains	75	136				
						Small Vegetables	84	65				
						Sudan	19	68				
						Total	498	674	19	58	0	0
Rayner Ranches	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	679	695	679	0	Alfalfa	284	1,482				
						Cotton	412	1,170				
						Total	695	2,652	3	3	0	0
State of Arizona, Alamo Dam to Bill Williams River	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	410	215	215	195	Sudan	215	726				
National Wildlife Refuge (NCR)*												
						Total	215	726	6,357	15,044	110	523
State of Arizona (Other users, Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0							
(Other ascro, Davis Dain to Farker Dain)						Total	0	0	900	2,091	60	282
State of Arizona	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	131	131	131	0	Cotton	131	373				
(Other users, Parker Dam to Imperial Dam)						Total	131	373	6,198	21,783	731	3,830
State of Arizona	Imperial Dam to Mexico	1,074	1,080	807	268	Alfalfa	55	287	-,	, ,		-,
(Other Users, Imperial Dam to Mexico)			•			Bermuda/Grass	58	193				
						Citrus	2	6				
						Cotton Crucifers	209 64	715 36				
						Dates	189	1,113				
						Lettuce	277	169				
						Melons	45	83				
						Small Grains	125	226				
						Small Vegetables	7	12				
						Sudan	50	182				
						Total	1,080	3,023	3,945	13,065	79	482

^{*}NCR = Non-Colorado River. The origin of water used for agricultural irrigation and by riparian vegetation and open water is considered to come from sources other than the Colorado River.



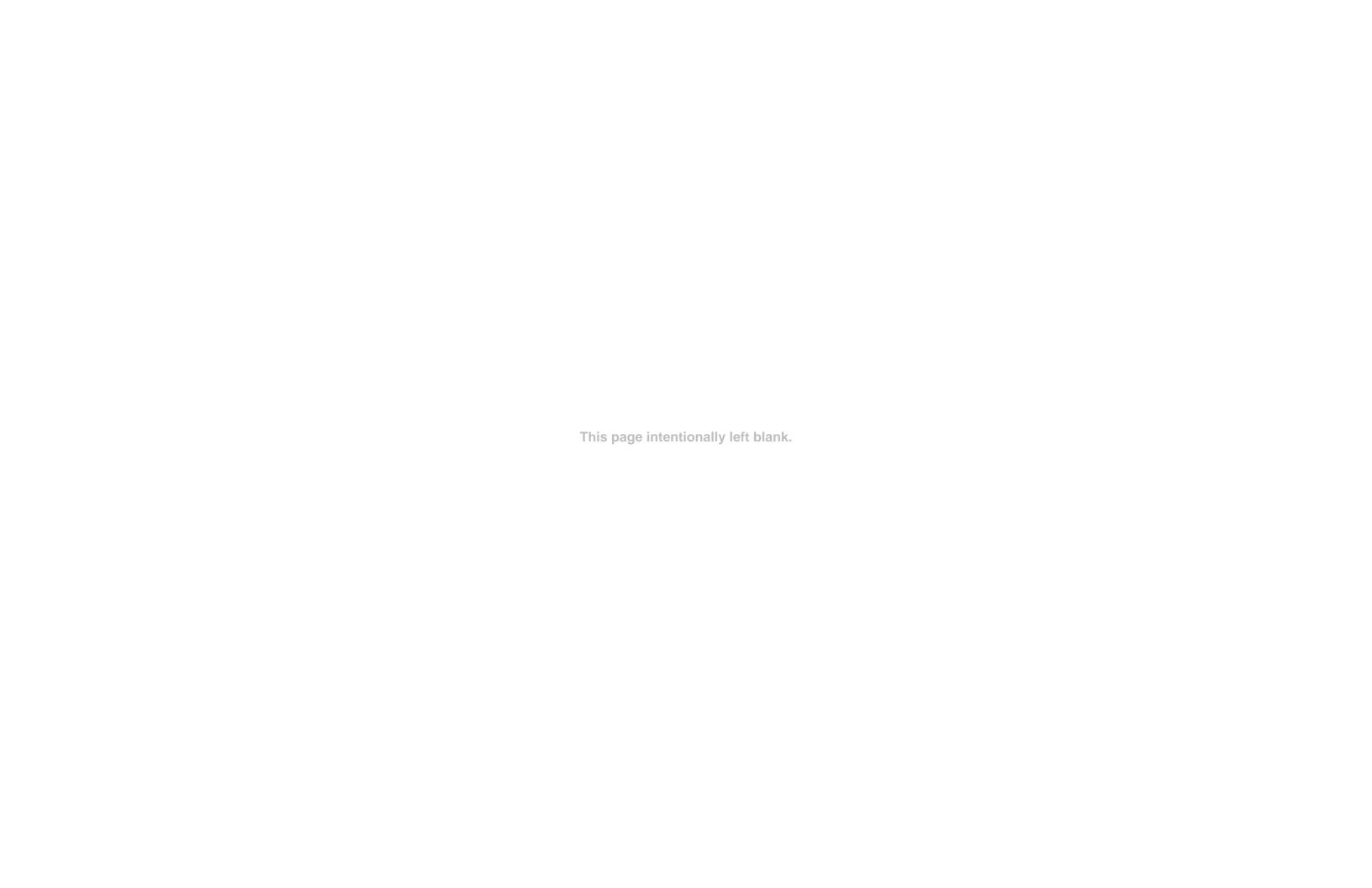
		Agricultural Acreage				Agriculture			Riparian V	/egetation	Open Water	
Water User	River Reach	Irrigable Acres	Gross Cropped Acres	Net Cropped Acres	Fallowed/Idle Acres	Сгор Туре	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Acres	Annual ET (acre-feet)	Acres	Annual Evaporation (acre-feet)
Note: Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of						- 1 71		(3.5.5.5.7)		(332 2 22.)		(111111)
Arizona (continued)												
State of Arizona, Other Users (Limitrophe)	Imperial Dam to Mexico	793	985	793	0	Bermuda/Grass Cotton Crucifers Dates Lettuce Melons Sudan	270 279 139 7 45 9 237	898 957 90 39 33 16 859				
						Total	985	2,892	1,448	4 1 4 4	0	0
State of Arizona, Other Users (Downgradient from YMIDD)	Imperial Dam to Mexico	7,497	7,514	6,486	1,011	Alfalfa Bermuda/Grass Citrus Cotton Dates Deciduous Orchards Lettuce Small Grains Sudan	1,023 3 692 737 1,957 38 122 2,080 862	5,399 9 2,568 2,526 11,511 179 98 3,746 3,120	1,448	4,144	0	0
State of Arizona, Other Users (Gila River Valley (NCR)*)	Imperial Dam to Mexico	2,818	617	617	2,201	Cotton Dates Jojoba Beans Total	128 255 234 617	411 1,391 1,126 2,928	0	0	0	0
University of Arizona	Imperial Dam to Mexico	84	56	56	28	Alfalfa Citrus Dates Deciduous Orchards Nursery/Greenhouse Total	4 45 2 5 1	10 151 9 23 3	0	0	0	0
Yuma Proving Ground	Imperial Dam to Mexico	0	0	0	0							
						Total	0	0	84	266	15	92
California								<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Cibola National Wildlife Refuge	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	0	0	0	0							
Colorado River Indian Reservation	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	567	249	281	286	Total Alfalfa Bermuda/Grass	0 249 1	1,407 2	3,914	13,141	123	643
						Total	249	1,409	8,085	24,196	62	327

^{*}NCR = Non-Colorado River. The origin of water used for agricultural irrigation and by riparian vegetation and open water is considered to come from sources other than the Colorado River.



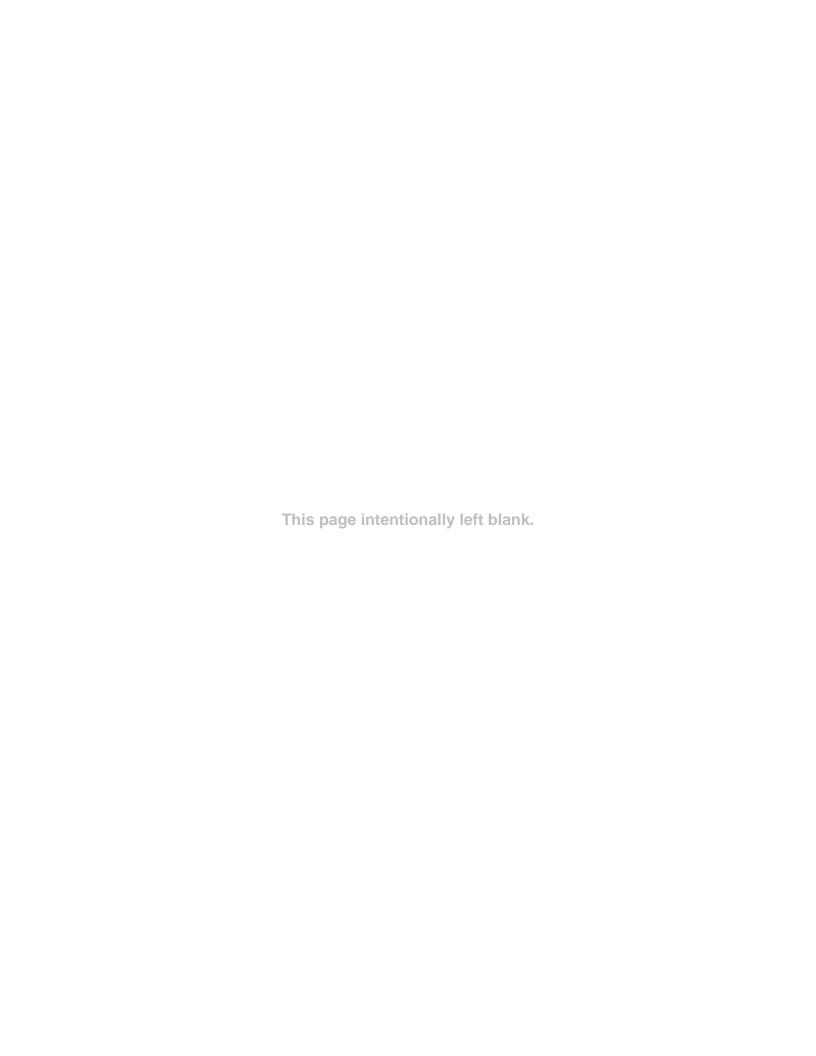
			Agricultu	ıral Acreage		Agric	ulture		egetation	Open Water		
		Gross Ne		Net					·			Annual
		Irrigable	Cropped	Cropped	Fallowed/Idle			Annual ET		Annual ET		Evaporation
Water User	River Reach	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Сгор Туре	Acres	(acre-feet)	Acres	(acre-feet)	Acres	(acre-feet)
Note: Due to rounding, totals may differ from the sum of	the individual values.											
California (continued) Fort Yuma Indian Reservation	Imperial Dam to Mexico	1,307	1,429	962	345	Alfalfa	37	82				
Fort Yuma maian Reservation	impenal Dam to Mexico	1,307	1,429	962	343	Cotton	37 127	436				
						Crucifers	11	5				
						Dates	2	9				
						Legume/Solanum Veg.	20	51				
						Lettuce	805	465				
						Melons	50	92				
						Miscellaneous herbs	9	26				
						Root Vegetables	29	28				
						Small Grains	295	531				
						Small Vegetables	30	13				
						Sudan	15	55				
							4 400	4 705	0.440	10 700	4.4	242
Havasu National Wildlife Refuge	Davis Dava to Barkey Dava	0	0	0	0	Total	1,429	1,795	3,440	10,768	41	248
Havasu National Wildine Keluge	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0							
						Total	0	0	984	4,835	114	541
Imperial National Wildlife Refuge	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	0	0	0	0							
							•		0.070	44.004		4 004
Lake Enterprises of California, LLC	Darker Dem to Imperial Dem	0	0	0	0	Total	0	0	2,678	11,081	202	1,061
Lake Enterprises of Camornia, LLC	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	0	0	0	0							
						Total	0	0	108	527	7	35
State of California	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0							
(Other users, Davis Dam to Parker Dam)												
						Total	0	0	3,833	11,152	91	430
State of California	Parker Dam to Imperial Dam	1,423	400	400	1,023	Citrus	146	457				
(Other users, Parker Dam to Imperial Dam)						Dates	215	1,232				
						Deciduous Orchards	5	3				
						Grapes	33	102				
						Total	400	1,793	8,367	30,288	1,244	6,520
State of California	Imperial Dam to Mexico	1,970	2,013	1,534	436	Alfalfa	364	1,935	•	,	•	,
(Other users, Imperial Dam to Mexico)	peria. 2 a.ii te iliezuee	.,0.0	_,0.0	.,00.		Bermuda/Grass	30	71				
(Citrus	27	99				
						Cotton	67	231				
						Legume/Solanum Veg.	126	321				
						Lettuce	561	323				
						Small Vegetables	425	460				
						Sudan	413	1,497				
						Total	2,013	4,936	2,712	8,982	43	261
Nevada	11 					II	, ,	,	, <u>-</u>	-, -		
Lake Mead National Recreation Area - NV	Hoover Dam to Davis Dam	0	0	0	0							
(Hoover Dam to Davis Dam)						Total	^	2	000	4 075	_	04
Lake Mead National Recreation Area - NV	Hoover Dam to Davis Dam	0	0	0	0	Total	0	0	689	1,975	5	24
(Davis Dam to Parker Dam)	1 100ver Daill to Davis Daill	U	U	U	0							
(Sand San to Fanter San)						Total	0	0	0	0	0	0
State of Nevada - Davis to Parker	Davis Dam to Parker Dam	0	0	0	0		-	-				
(Davis Dam to Parker Dam)												
						Total	0	0	3,270	8,951	59	281

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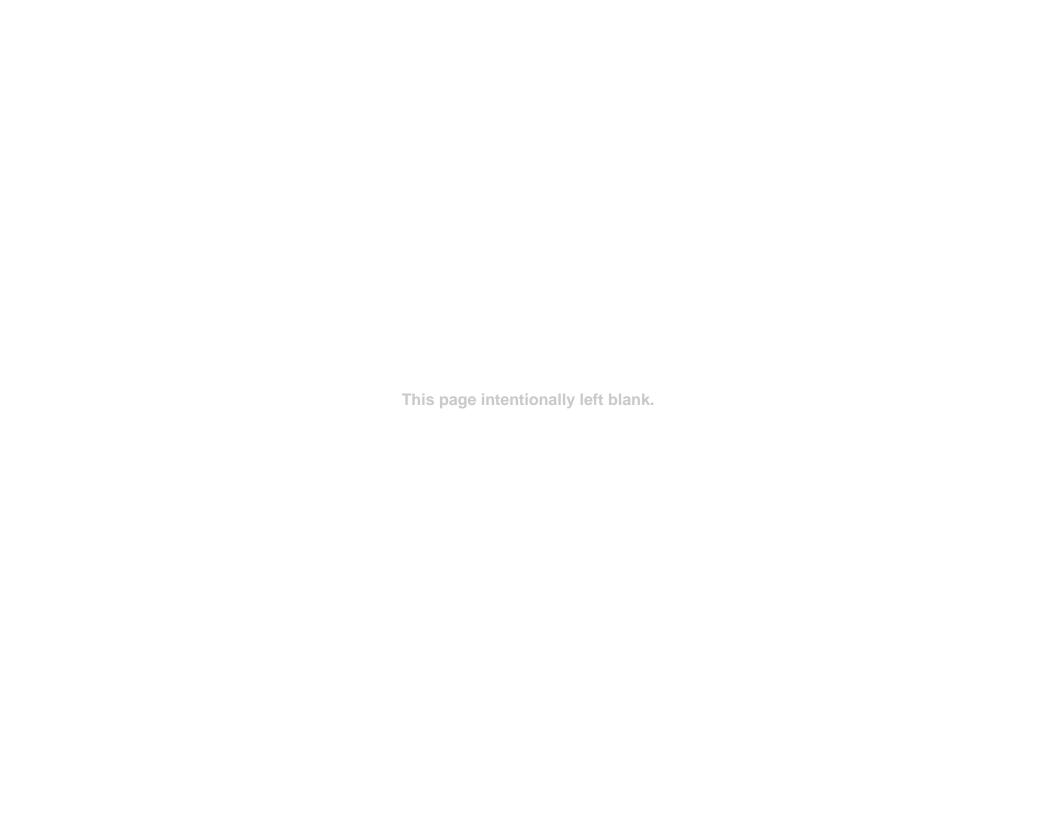
Appendix 2: Monthly Reference Values for Reference ET, Precipitation, and Crop/Riparian Vegetation ET Rates

This appendix contains area-specific data used by Reclamation to calculate the ET and evaporation estimates provided in this report. Each table displays monthly reference ET and precipitation values, monthly ET rates for crop and riparian groups, and monthly evaporation rates for open water areas.



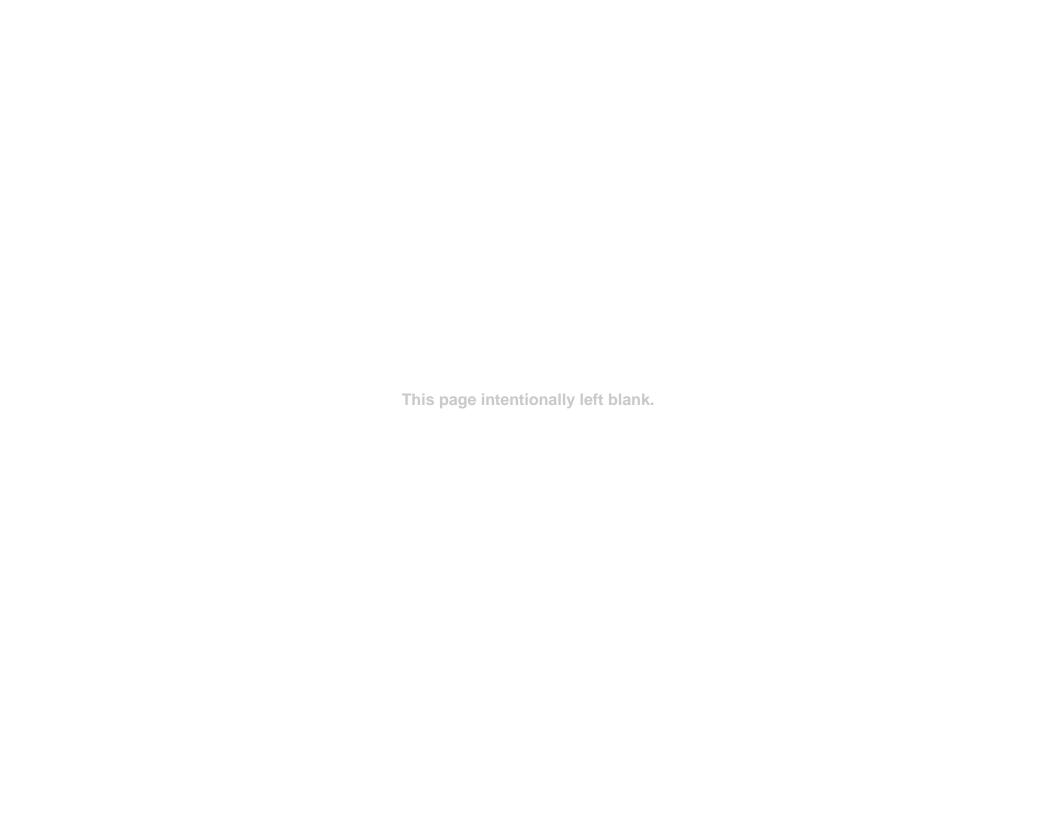
Mohave Area ET Rate Table (Inches) 2011

					2011								
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Reference ET	3.38	3.37	5.27	7.14	8.43	9.07	8.31	8.01	5.54	5.12	3.10	2.61	69.35
					•	•			•				
Precipitation	0.00	1.03	0.06	0.11	0.01	0.00	0.40	0.03	1.41	0.40	0.29	0.25	3.97
•	•			•	•	•	•					•	
Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Alfalfa	2.41	3.34	4.33	6.59	7.74	8.00	7.39	7.47	5.85	4.11	2.55	2.83	62.61
Bermuda/Grasss	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	6.91	7.71	7.07	6.72	4.50	0.25	0.00	0.00	36.16
Definition of the cost	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	7.7	7.07	0.72	1.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	00.10
Bermuda Overseeded with Rye in Winter	3.01	2.86	3.96	3.00	6.91	7.71	7.07	6.72	4.50	2.44	2.67	2.35	53.20
01	4.00		0.05		0.44	0.00		0.40	0.00		4 40	4.04	22.42
Citrus - Declining	1.63	1.60	2.35	3.07	3.44	3.63	3.30	3.19	2.27	2.21	1.48	1.31	29.48
Citrus - Mature	2.35	2.25	3.39	4.40	4.91	5.17	4.74	4.56	3.24	3.21	2.06	1.86	42.14
Citrus - Young	1.40	1.34	2.02	2.61	2.96	3.10	2.87	2.77	1.96	1.92	1.22	1.14	25.31
Cotton	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02	2.14	5.24	7.71	8.93	5.49	0.54	0.00	0.00	31.07
Crucifers (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.31	1.84	2.45	6.60
Crucifers (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	1.44	1.64	3.27
Crucifers (Spring, Early)	3.38	3.31	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.19
Crucifers (Spring, Late)	3.29	3.37	5.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.67
Dates	2.94	3.02	5.19	7.14	8.43	9.05	8.07	7.71	5.25	4.81	2.90	2.42	66.93
Deciduous Orchards	1.56	1.54	2.98	5.26	7.24	7.85	7.22	6.94	4.82	4.42	2.58	1.61	54.02
Field Grain	0.00	0.00	1.84	6.48	10.10	9.39	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.95
Grapes	0.00	0.18	1.54	4.60	7.13	7.70	6.71	5.06	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	34.44
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.83	2.22	2.61	6.66
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Spring)	3.58	3.55	1.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.11
Lettuce (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.16	2.62	0.00	5.78
Lettuce (Spring, Late)		3.37	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.55
	3.08												
Melons (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	3.28	5.03	3.10	1.31	14.14
Melons (Spring)	0.00	0.26	3.54	6.98	8.37	4.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	24.06
Miscellaneous herbs	0.00	1.28	4.03	8.37	10.42	9.96	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.57
Moist Soil Unit	3.38	3.37	5.18	7.04	4.88	3.06	8.93	9.02	3.79	5.12	3.10	2.61	59.48
Nursery or greenhouse	1.40	1.34	2.02	2.61	2.96	3.10	2.87	2.77	1.96	1.92	1.22	1.14	25.31
Oil Crops	0.00	1.28	4.03	8.37	10.42	9.96	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.57
Perennial Vegetables	1.47	1.48	2.48	5.24	7.84	8.46	7.70	7.40	4.55	3.26	1.35	1.14	52.37
Root Vegetables	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.91	3.89	3.21	2.36	11.37
Small Grains (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	1.00	1.33
Small Grains (Spring)	2.91	3.79	5.94	7.77	2.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.26
Small Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	2.05	2.36	2.61	7.90
Small Vegetables (Spring)	3.38	3.37	4.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.07
Sudan	0.00	0.00	2.74	7.28	9.60	10.33	9.18	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	40.58
Sugar Beets (Summer)	3.65	3.64	5.62	7.40	6.27	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.73
Sugar Beets (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	1.85	1.98	2.58	7.01
Tomatoes	0.00	2.09	4.54	8.39	9.44	3.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.96
		2.50		0.00	J 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	200
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mav	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Open Water	3	2.89	4.6	6.84	7.82	7.71	6.73	6.09	4.06	3.98	2.71	2.09	58.52
opon maior	<u> </u>	2.03	7.0	0.04	7.02	7.71	0.73	0.03	7.00	3.30	2.11	2.00	30.32
Riparian Types	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Barren	0.69	0.62	0.74	0.98	1.16	1.23	1.17	1.11	0.74	0.73	0.53	0.54	10.24
Cottonwood/Willow	1.12	1.12	2.52	5.38	8.27	9.23	8.35	8.03	5.54	4.61	1.71	0.54	56.48
Marsh	0.89	0.9	4.19	8.48	10.01	10.78	9.87	9.52	6.51	2.85	0.78	0.65	65.43
Mixed Veg Low	0.69	0.67	1.67	3.32	4.69	5.05	4.69	4.39	2.52	1.75	0.73	0.54	30.71
Mixed Veg Low Mixed Veg Medium	1.03	1.03	1.96	3.34	4.47	4.82	4.38	3.81	2.23	1.68	0.73	0.79	30.46
Salt Cedar Dense	0.75	0.72	1.49	3.63	6	6.81	6.28	6.04	4.17	2.98	1.07	0.79	40.52
Can Codai Dolloo	0.70	0.12	1.40	5.00	o _l	0.01	0.20	0.04	7.17	2.50	1.07	0.00	10.02



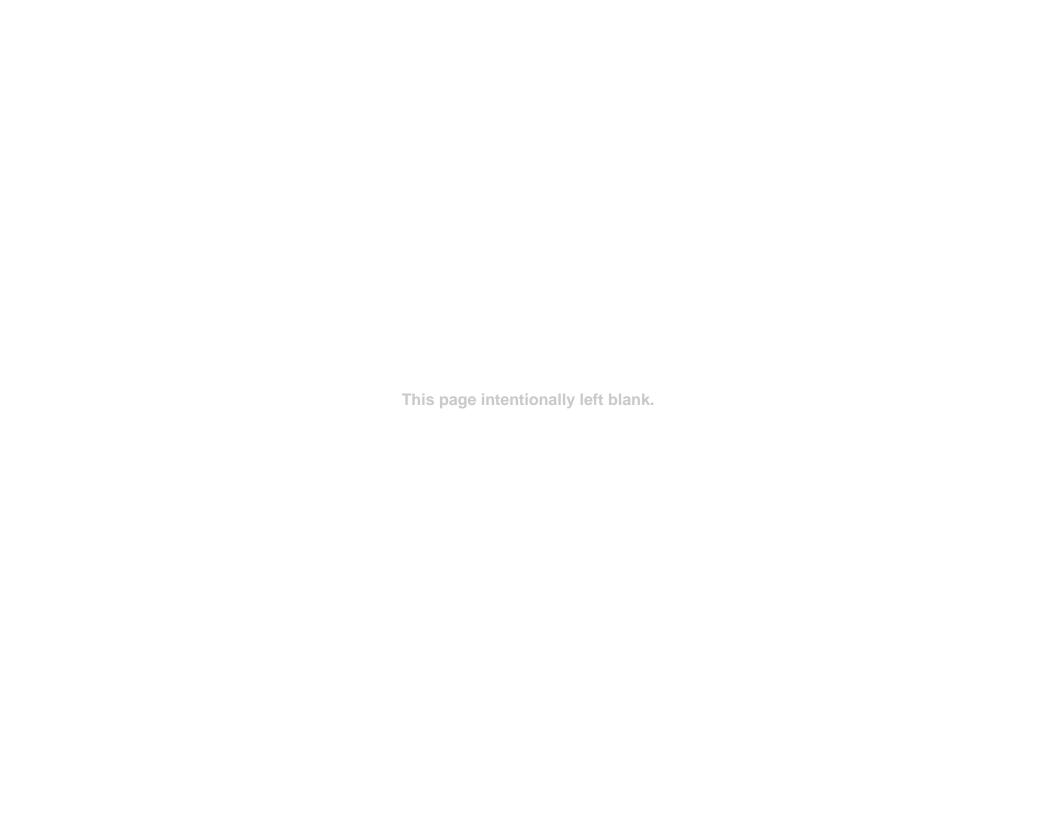
Parker Area ET Rate Table (Inches) 2011

					201	•							
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Reference ET	2.88	3.22	5.60	7.35	8.78	9.24	9.18	8.88	6.46	4.91	2.89	2.19	71.58
			_										
Precipitation	0.05	1.05	0.08	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.90	0.03	0.15	0.05	0.39	0.50	3.23
Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Alfalfa	2.07	3.21	4.58	6.76	8.07	8.13	8.07	8.30	6.77	3.83	2.32	2.41	64.52
Bermuda/Grass	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.09	7.17	7.89	7.86	7.42	5.25	0.32	0.00	0.00	39.00
Bermuda Overseeded with Rye in Winter	2.55	2.73	4.24	3.09	7.17	7.89	7.86	7.42	5.25	2.36	2.52	1.93	55.01
Citrus - Declining	1.36	1.55	2.52	3.15	3.59	3.70	3.69	3.55	2.65	2.14	1.35	1.10	30.35
Citrus - Mature	2.02	2.16	3.60	4.50	5.14	5.29	5.26	5.09	3.72	3.07	1.91	1.59	43.35
Citrus - Young	1.22	1.29	2.13	2.69	3.09	3.19	3.15	3.06	2.26	1.83	1.17	0.93	26.01
Cotton	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	2.24	5.33	8.49	9.92	6.34	0.72	0.00	0.00	34.10
Crucifers (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.21	1.68	2.05	5.94
Crucifers (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	1.34	1.36	2.86
Crucifers (Spring, Early)	2.88	3.15	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.52
Crucifers (Spring, Late)	2.78	3.22	5.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.34
Dates	2.52	2.92	5.52	7.35	8.78	9.21	8.90	8.57	6.16	4.60	2.63	2.01	69.17
Deciduous Orchards	1.32	1.46	3.17	5.42	7.54	7.98	7.93	7.68	5.57	4.24	2.44	1.32	56.07
Farm Pond	2.55	2.77	4.91	7.01	8.16	7.89	7.40	6.75	4.69	3.82	2.55	1.75	60.25
Field Grain	0.00	0.00	1.92	6.66	10.53	9.65	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.98
Grapes	0.00	0.16	1.66	4.74	7.40	7.87	7.42	5.67	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.62
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.60	2.10	2.16	5.86
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Spring)	3.02	3.37	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.43
Lettuce (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.01	2.53	0.00	5.54
Lettuce (Spring, Late)	2.63	3.22	2.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.04
Melons (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.53	3.89	4.81	2.89	1.09	14.21
Melons (Spring)	0.00	0.24	3.70	7.19	8.72	5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	24.92
Miscellaneous herbs	0.00	1.22	4.29	8.65	10.88	10.17	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.81
Moist Soil Unit	2.88	3.22	5.50	7.25	5.05	3.07	9.82	9.98	4.38	4.91	2.89	2.19	61.14
Nursery or greenhouse	1.22	1.29	2.13	2.69	3.09	3.19	3.15	3.06	2.26	1.83	1.17	0.93	26.01
Oil Crops	0.00	1.22	4.29	8.65	10.88	10.17	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.81
Perennial Vegetables	1.24	1.38	2.61	5.42	8.16	8.64	8.58	8.25	5.27	3.14	1.27	0.93	54.89
Root Vegetables	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.27	3.67	2.97	2.02	10.93
Small Grains (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.82	1.11
Small Grains (Spring)	2.52	3.64	6.29	8.02	2.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.40
Small Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.97	2.21	2.19	7.49
Small Vegetables (Spring)	2.88	3.22	4.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.76
Sudan	0.00	0.00	2.87	7.52	10.00	10.53	10.13	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	42.56
Sugar Beets (Summer)	3.15	3.50	5.94	7.60	6.49	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.84
Sugar Beets (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	1.78	1.84	2.18	6.55
Tomatoes	0.00	1.97	4.84	8.63	9.85	3.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.89
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Open Water	1.97	2.33	4.66	6.81	7.97	8.62	8.49	8.24	6.03	4.79	2.89	1.67	64.47
Riparian Types	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Barren	0.57	0.59	0.79	0.99	1.21	1.26	1.26	1.22	0.9	0.69	0.53	0.44	10.45
Cottonwood/Willow	0.93	1.06	2.7	5.5	8.65	9.41	9.34	8.99	6.46	4.46	1.59	0.52	59.61
Marsh	0.77 0.57	0.84 0.66	4.42 1.82	8.76 3.4	10.43 4.91	10.94 5.16	10.89	10.54	7.63 2.93	2.88 1.69	0.7 0.7	0.57 0.44	69.37 32.26
Mixed Veg Low Mixed Veg Medium	0.57	1.01	2.1	3.43	4.63	4.92	5.12 4.87	4.86 4.22	2.93	1.63	0.7	0.44	32.26
Salt Cedar Dense	0.67	0.72	1.59	3.73	6.28	6.96	6.94	6.71	4.87	2.92	0.83	0.04	42.87
Odit Ocadi Delise	0.00	0.72	1.09	5.75	0.20	0.90	0.34	0.71	4.07	2.32	0.39	0.51	42.07



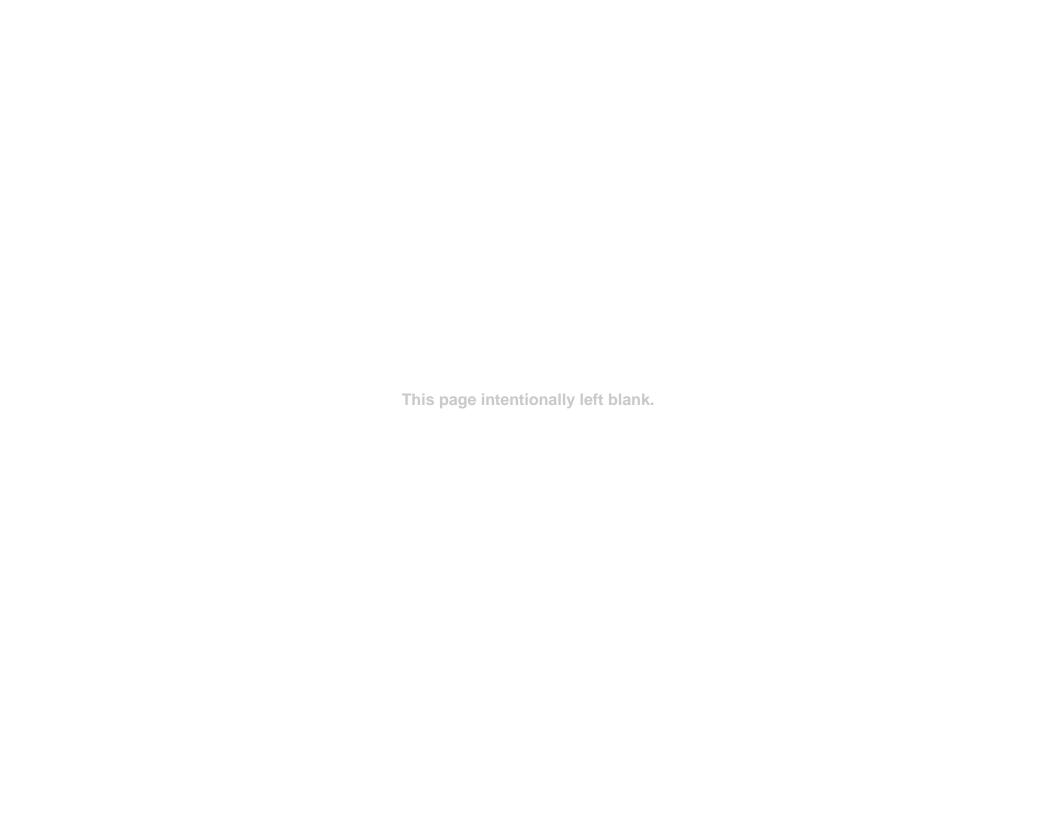
Wellton-Mohawk Area ET Rate Table (Inches) 2011

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Reference ET	2.48	2.91	5.14	6.88	8.57	8.92	8.81	8.69	6.75	5.14	2.65	1.87	68.81
TOTOTOTO ET	2.10	2.0.	0	0.00	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.00	00	0	2.00	1.0.	00.01
Precipitation	0.00	0.33	0.10	0.31	0.00	0.00	1.37	0.56	0.70	0.00	1.05	0.56	4.97
							<u> </u>						
Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Alfalfa	1.79	2.88	4.47	5.39	7.14	7.76	7.82	7.72	5.67	5.46	2.24	1.98	60.32
Bermuda/Grass	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.90	6.96	7.56	7.44	7.22	5.48	0.35	0.00	0.00	37.91
Describe Occasional desirable Describe Milater	0.40	0.40	2.05	0.00	0.00	7.50	7.44	7.00	5 40	0.05	0.00	4.00	FO 44
Bermuda Overseeded with Rye in Winter	2.16	2.48	3.95	2.90	6.96	7.56	7.44	7.22	5.48	2.35	2.28	1.63	52.41
Citrus - Declining	1.15	1.37	2.28	2.95	3.53	3.56	3.50	3.46	2.74	2.23	1.20	0.95	28.92
Citrus - Mature	1.74	1.94	3.30	4.23	5.00	5.09	5.04	4.97	3.93	3.21	1.79	1.34	41.58
Citrus - Young	1.05	1.15	1.98	2.53	3.00	3.10	3.05	3.01	2.37	1.92	1.08	0.82	25.06
Cotton	0.00	0.00	0.76	1.79	3.33	6.07	8.55	9.76	6.60	1.77	0.00	0.00	38.63
Crucifers (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	1.83	1.44	1.74	5.30
Crucifers (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.98	1.88
Crucifers (Spring, Early)	2.47	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.35
Crucifers (Spring, Late)	2.30	2.91	2.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.65
Dates	2.05	2.49	4.97	6.88	8.40	8.62	8.50	8.38	6.45	4.86	2.57	1.85	66.02
Deciduous Orchards	0.94	1.12	2.62	4.81	7.22	7.59	7.49	7.39	5.73	4.38	2.22	1.17	52.68
Farm Pond	2.17	2.48	4.49	6.58	7.94	7.59	7.13	6.64	4.97	3.98	2.34	1.49	57.80
Field Grain	0.00	0.46	2.92	7.75	10.18	6.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.09
Grapes	0.00	0.16	1.48	4.46	7.24	7.56	7.13	5.53	1.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.39
Jojoba Beans	2.79	3.08	3.21	0.19	4.14	7.47	9.67	9.60	7.42	5.69	2.95	2.11	58.32
Legume/Solanum Vegetables	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.04	5.35	8.75	9.11	3.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.88
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	1.65	1.80	4.75
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Spring)	2.52	3.03	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.50
Lettuce (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.72	3.72	2.48	0.00	7.92
Lettuce (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	1.25
Lettuce (Spring, Early)	2.40	1.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.22
Lettuce (Spring, Late) Melons (Fall)	1.16 0.00	2.52 0.00	5.05 0.00	0.20 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 3.34	0.00 4.50	0.00 2.65	0.00 1.66	8.93 12.15
Melons (Spring)	0.00	2.12	4.57	6.88	8.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.62
Miscellaneous herbs	0.00	1.03	3.81	8.02	10.52	9.76	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	34.74
Moist Soil Unit	2.48	2.91	5.06	6.77	4.95	2.97	9.46	9.80	4.56	5.14	2.65	1.87	58.62
Nursery or greenhouse	1.05	1.15	1.98	2.53	3.00	3.10	3.05	3.01	2.37	1.92	1.08	0.82	25.06
Oil Crops	0.00	1.03	3.81	8.02	10.52	9.76	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	34.74
Perennial Vegetables	1.00	1.15	2.24	4.95	7.91	8.29	8.18	8.06	5.51	3.35	1.22	0.73	52.59
Root Vegetables	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.52	3.80	2.72	1.74	10.78
Small Grains (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.62
Small Grains (Spring)	2.35	3.22	5.74	6.49	2.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.31
Small Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.41	1.61	1.59	4.61
Small Vegetables (Spring)	2.48	2.91	5.07	5.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.13
Small Vegetables (Spring, Late)	1.90	2.23	4.73	6.03	3.87	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.61
Sudan	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.92	8.40	10.10	9.96	9.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	40.89
Sugar Beets (Summer)	2.59	3.15	5.45	7.02	6.31	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	24.67
Sugar Beets (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	1.84	1.68	1.80	6.14
Tomatoes	0.00	1.80	4.36	8.04	9.59	3.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.27
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Open Water	2.13	2.88	5.29	7.18	8.88	9.22	9.12	9.00	6.80	5.14	2.31	1.37	69.32
Riparian Types	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Barren	0.50	0.53	0.70	0.95	1.20	1.22	1.18	1.19	0.94	0.73	0.45	0.38	9.97
Cottonwood/Willow	0.82	0.97	2.45	5.18	8.42	9.08	8.95	8.80	6.76	4.67	1.48	0.44	58.02
Marsh	0.64	0.76	3.99	8.19	10.19	10.59	10.47	10.34	7.99	3.15	0.67	0.50	67.48
Mixed Veg Low Mixed Veg Medium	0.50 0.76	0.59 0.88	1.64 1.89	3.20 3.18	4.80 4.52	5.00 4.76	4.94 4.68	4.78 4.15	3.07 2.68	1.76 1.69	0.61 0.79	0.38 0.57	31.27 30.55
Salt Cedar Dense	0.76	0.88	1.89	3.18	6.15	6.71	6.63	6.57	5.09	3.10	0.79	0.57	41.72
Sail Ceual Delise	0.57	0.63	1.45	ა.50	0.15	0.71	0.03	0.57	5.09	3.10	0.91	0.41	41.72



Yuma Area ET Rate Table (Inches) 2011

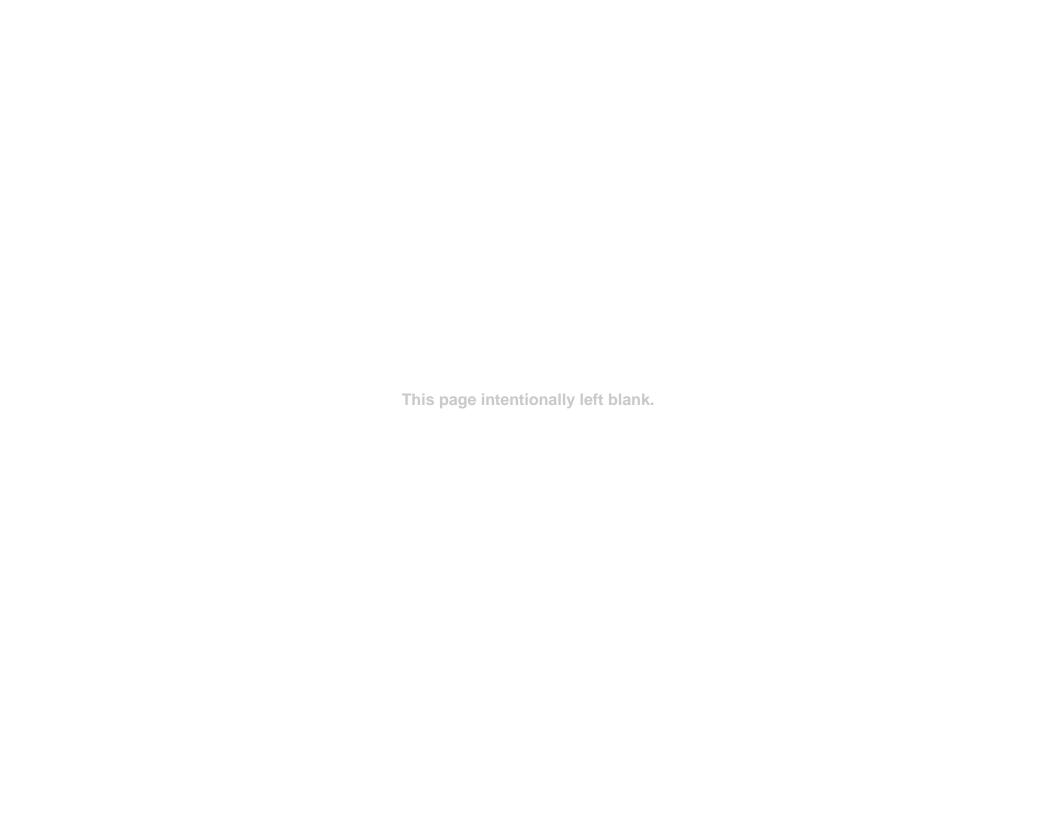
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Reference ET	3.23	3.24	5.43	7.01	8.54	9.48	9.59	9.55	7.04	5.44	3.17	2.40	74.12
		0.45		2 12			2.42		0 = 1	0.04	0 ==1	0.00	0.70
Precipitation	0.00	0.45	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.04	0.74	0.01	0.57	0.68	2.72
Crop	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Alfalfa	2.33	3.22	4.76	5.46	7.09	8.25	8.53	8.50	5.96	5.79	2.63	2.56	65.08
Bermuda/Grass	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.96	6.94	8.02	8.10	7.93	5.69	0.32	0.00	0.00	39.96
Bermuda Overseeded with Rye in Winter	2.86	2.76	4.17	2.96	6.94	8.02	8.10	7.93	5.69	2.54	2.77	2.42	56.86
, and the second												2.12	
Citrus - Declining	1.55	1.56	2.45	3.02	3.51	3.80	3.83	3.84	2.87	2.35	1.49	1.18	31.45
Citrus - Mature	2.27	2.17	3.49	4.28	4.99	5.40	5.49	5.43	4.10	3.38	2.14	1.72	44.86
Citrus - Young	1.37	1.31	2.06	2.57	3.00	3.27	3.29	3.28	2.46	2.04	1.27	1.00	26.92
Cotton	0.00	0.00	0.81	1.83	3.34	6.48	9.30	10.73	6.89	1.77	0.00	0.00	41.15
Crucifers (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	1.92	1.77	2.26	6.23
Crucifers (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	1.35	2.50
Crucifers (Spring, Early)	3.22	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.18
Crucifers (Spring, Late)	2.97	3.24	2.55	0.00		9.18	0.00	0.00				0.00	8.76
Dates Deciduous Orchards	2.63 1.23	2.79 1.25	5.26 2.79	7.01 4.91	8.38 7.17	9.18 8.09	9.28 8.21	9.24 8.16	6.74 5.99	5.14 4.60	3.04 2.61	2.31 1.46	71.00 56.47
Farm Pond	2.86	2.79	4.79	6.70	7.17	8.09	7.75	7.29	5.99	4.60	2.79	1.46	62.28
Field Grain	0.00	0.49	3.13	7.88	10.16	7.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.82
Grapes	0.00	0.43	1.59	4.53	7.21	8.08	7.77	6.07	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	37.34
Legume/Solanum Vegetables	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.08	5.36	9.31	9.93	3.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.65
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.44	1.99	2.34	5.77
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Spring)	3.38	3.37	2.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.83
Lettuce (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.77	4.00	2.89	0.00	8.66
Lettuce (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.67	1.67
Lettuce (Spring, Early)	3.12	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.19
Lettuce (Spring, Late)	1.43	2.80	5.33	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.76
Melons (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.44	4.79	3.17	2.11	13.51
Melons (Spring)	0.00	2.37	4.82	7.01	8.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	22.20
Miscellaneous herbs	0.00	1.14	4.00	8.18	10.48	10.32	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.98
Moist Soil Unit	3.23	3.24	5.35	6.90	4.88	3.21	10.22	10.76	4.79	5.44	3.17	2.40	63.59
Nursery or greenhouse	1.37	1.31	2.06	2.57	3.00	3.27	3.29	3.28	2.46	2.04	1.27	1.00	26.92
Oil Crops	0.00	1.14	4.00	8.18	10.48	10.32	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.98
Perennial Vegetables	1.29	1.33	2.38	5.08	7.88	8.77	8.88	8.83	5.75	3.49	1.43	0.94	56.05
Root Vegetables	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.59	4.11	3.30	2.16	12.16
Small Grains (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.83
Small Grains (Spring)	3.00	3.61	6.05	6.62	2.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.73
Small Vegetables (Fall)	0.00 3.23	0.00 3.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55 0.00	1.95 0.00	2.03	5.53 17.59
Small Vegetables (Spring)		2.51	5.35	5.77	3.81	0.00		0.00			0.00		20.82
Small Vegetables (Spring, Late) Sudan	2.49 0.00	0.00	4.99 0.00	6.14 3.00	8.39	10.74	0.00 10.87	0.00 10.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	43.45
Sugar Beets (Summer)	3.46	3.49	5.75	7.15	6.27	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.28
Sugar Beets (Summer)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	1.98	2.05	2.40	7.23
Tomatoes	0.00	1.99	4.63	8.21	9.55	3.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.07
Torracoo	0.00	1.00	4.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.07
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Open Water	2.77	3.15	5.64	7.30	8.85	9.78	9.91	9.86	7.13	5.44	2.77	1.82	74.42
Riparian Types	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Barren Cattonius d'Willeur	0.63	0.62	0.77	0.95	1.18	1.31	1.31	1.30	0.98	0.76	0.55	0.50	10.86
Cottonwood/Willow Marsh	1.09 0.88	1.07 0.85	2.60 4.21	5.31 8.34	8.40 10.17	9.69 11.25	9.79 11.39	9.77 11.35	7.07 8.32	4.92 3.23	1.74 0.80	0.55 0.58	62.00 71.37
Mixed Veg Low	0.63	0.68	1.75	3.22	4.76	5.31	5.38	5.22	3.20	1.88	0.60	0.50	33.28
Mixed Veg Lew Mixed Veg Medium	0.97	1.00	2.06	3.28	4.53	5.04	5.08	4.53	2.82	1.80	0.93	0.72	32.76
Salt Cedar Dense	0.69	0.73	1.55	3.60	6.13	7.14	7.25	7.20	5.31	3.26	1.08	0.51	44.45
				2.23			0	0		5.25			



IID and Coachella Area ET Rate Table (Inches) 2011

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	lotal
Reference ET	2.84	3.42	5.71	7.38	9.13	9.51	9.04	8.82	6.83	5.14	2.88	2.39	73.09
Precipitation	0.01	0.66	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.04	0.27	2.10	0.20	0.27	3.73
Сгор	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
		3.93								5.97			
Alfalfa Aloe	2.16 1.17	1.43	4.66 2.20	5.77 2.68	7.39 3.21	7.48 3.28	7.30 3.10	7.29 3.02	5.55 2.38	1.89	2.35 1.15	2.72 1.02	62.57 26.53
Bermuda/Grass	0.00	0.08	4.98	7.08	8.81	9.20	8.73	8.51	6.07	0.63	0.00	0.00	54.09
Deliffuda/Grass	0.00	0.06	4.90	7.00	0.01	9.20	0.73	0.01	6.07	0.03	0.00	0.00	54.09
Bermuda Overseeded with Rye in Winter	2.54	3.29	5.41	7.08	8.81	9.20	8.73	8.51	6.07	0.63	0.00	0.12	60.39
Cane/Bamboo	0.76	0.88	4.42	8.78	10.83	11.28	10.73	10.49	8.07	3.03	0.70	0.63	70.6
Citrus - Declining	1.37	1.64	2.56	3.20	3.77	3.81	3.60	3.52	2.78	2.22	1.34	1.18	30.99
Citrus - Mature	2.00	2.28	3.67	4.53	5.37	5.42	5.18	5.03	3.99	3.20	1.90	1.71	44.28
Citrus - Young	1.17	1.43	2.20	2.68	3.21	3.28	3.10	3.02	2.38	1.89	1.15	1.02	26.53
Cotton	0.00	0.06	1.69	2.06	4.46	7.80	10.20	8.75	3.79	0.54	0.00	0.00	39.35
Crucifers (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.55	2.84	5.10	3.48	2.29	17.26
Crucifers (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.47	1.81	2.59	2.86	9.73
Crucifers (Spring, Early)	0.76	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78
Crucifers (Spring, Late)	2.85	1.34	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.38
Dates	2.34	2.95	5.52	7.38	8.93	9.21	8.73	8.51	6.54	4.83	2.78	2.34	70.06
Deciduous Orchards	1.08	1.31	2.93	5.17	7.69	8.13	7.70	7.55	5.83	4.35	2.36	1.49	55.59
Farm Pond	3.09	3.70	6.06	7.92	9.77	10.14	9.65	9.44	7.32	5.46	3.16	2.57	78.28
Field Grain	0.00	0.83	2.72	7.38	10.89	9.89	3.57	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	35.6
Grapes	0.00	0.19	1.67	4.77	7.72	8.12	7.30	5.60	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	37.15
Jojoba Beans	3.15	3.59	3.47	0.20	4.41	7.98	9.93	9.74	7.52	5.69	3.18	2.68	61.54
Legume/Solanum Vegetables	0.00	0.00	2.52	4.85	10.72	8.92	3.91	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	31.07
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	1.39	2.36	4.97
Legume/Solanum Vegetables (Spring)	3.15	3.33	5.40	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.9
Lettuce (Fall, Early)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.87	3.16	2.57	9.6
Lettuce (Fall, Late)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	2.43	2.57	5.27
Lettuce (Spring, Early)	3.09	1.23	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.33
Lettuce (Spring, Late)	3.09	3.70	5.68	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.31
Marsh Maintained	0.76	0.88	4.42	8.78	10.83	11.28	10.73	10.49	8.07	3.03	0.70	0.63	70.6
Melons (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	4.28	3.97	5.34	2.96	1.65	18.67
Melons (Spring)	0.14	1.62	5.79	7.41	5.99	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.89
Miscellaneous herbs	0.22	1.67	3.92	8.71	8.53	4.03	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.41
Moist Soil Unit	2.84	3.42	5.61	7.27	5.25	3.16	9.71	9.90	4.62	5.14	2.88	2.39	62.19
Nursery or greenhouse	1.17	1.43	2.20	2.68	3.21	3.28	3.10	3.02	2.38	1.89	1.15	1.02	26.53
Oil Crops	0.22	1.67	3.92	8.71	8.53	4.03	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.15
Perennial Vegetables	0.54	0.01	1.59	3.69	8.42	8.98	8.55	8.39	6.51	4.83	2.75	1.96	56.22
Root Vegetables	0.55	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	1.88	2.67	2.53	8.4
Small Grains (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	1.11	1.16
Small Grains (Spring)	2.84	4.07	6.77	7.66	3.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.42
Small Vegetables (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.88	1.87	2.28	6.14
	3.01	3.49	5.20	5.68	1.01	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00		18.39
Small Vegetables (Spring)							0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
Small Vegetables (Spring, Late)	2.22	2.68 0.00	5.26 0.27	6.48	4.10	0.89	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	21.63 37.68
Sudan	0.00 3.21	3.92	0.27 6.21	3.10 7.14	9.12	11.33 2.48	9.21 0.30	4.39 0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Sugar Beets (Summer)					5.98								29.24
Sugar Beets (Fall)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	1.90	1.66	2.34	6.08
Tomatoes	0.22	1.67	3.92	8.71	8.53	4.03	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.41
Wildlife Forage Maintained	2.84	4.07	6.77	7.66	3.76	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	1.11	26.58
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr.	May	lus -	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Open Water	Jan 3.09	3.70	Mar 6.06	Apr 7.92	May 9.77	Jun 10.14		Aug 9.44	7.32	Oct 5.46	3.16	2.57	78.28
Open water All American Canal*	2.47	3.70	5.96	7.92	9.77	9.81	9.65 9.35	9.44	6.91	5.46	2.55	1.76	78.28 73.49
All American Carial	2.47	3.29	5.96	7.08	9.44	9.81	9.35	9.13	0.91	5.14	2.35	1./6	13.49

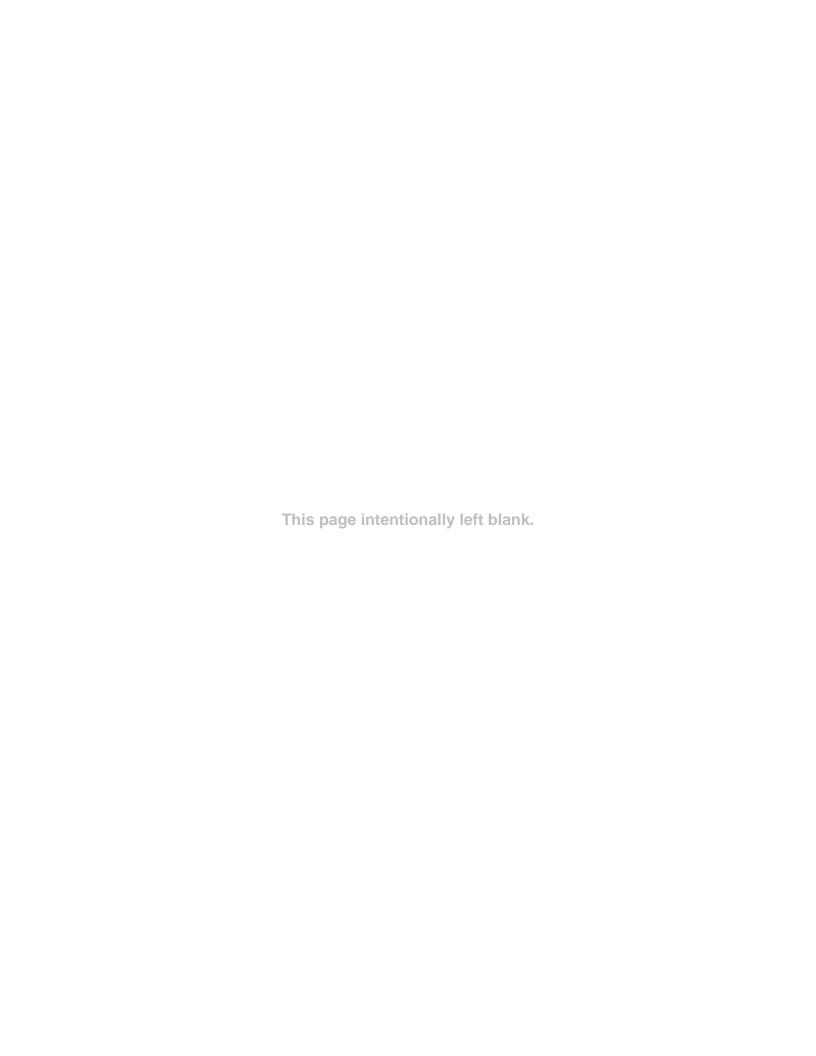
All American Canal* 2.47 3.29 5.90
*Imperial to Morelos Kc data and Yuma area weather data used for these calculations

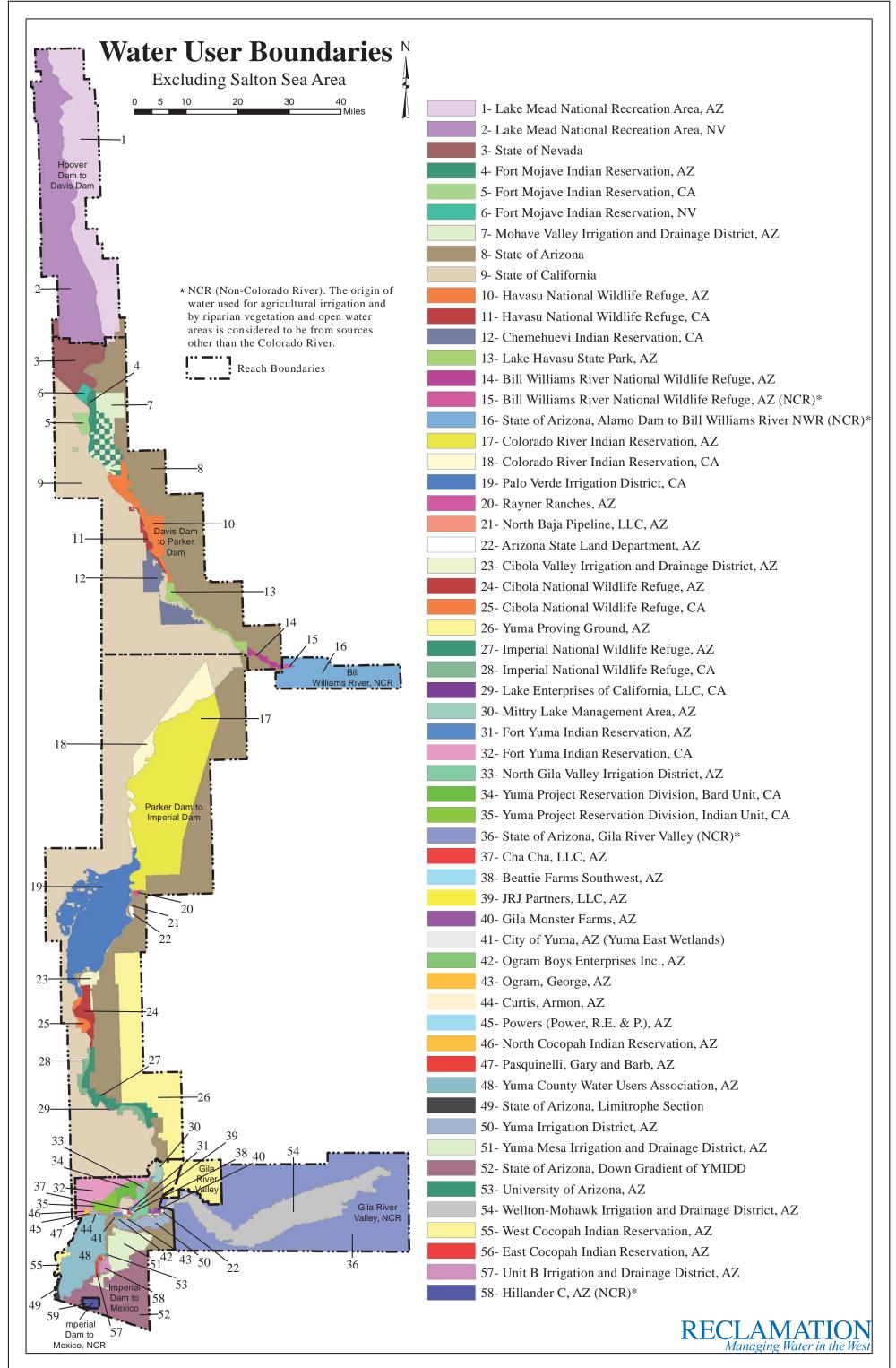


Appendix 3: Exhibits 1 through 6

This appendix contains the following Exhibits:

- 1. Exhibit 1. Index of water user boundaries.
- 2. Exhibit 2. Water User Boundaries, IID and CVWD.
- 3. Exhibit 3. Program area, Hoover Dam to Davis Dam.
- 4. Exhibit 4. Program area, Davis Dam to Parker Dam.
- 5. Exhibit 5. Program area, Parker Dam to Imperial Dam.
- 6. Exhibit 6. Program area, Imperial Dam to Mexico.
- 7. Exhibit 7. Program area near Salton Sea.





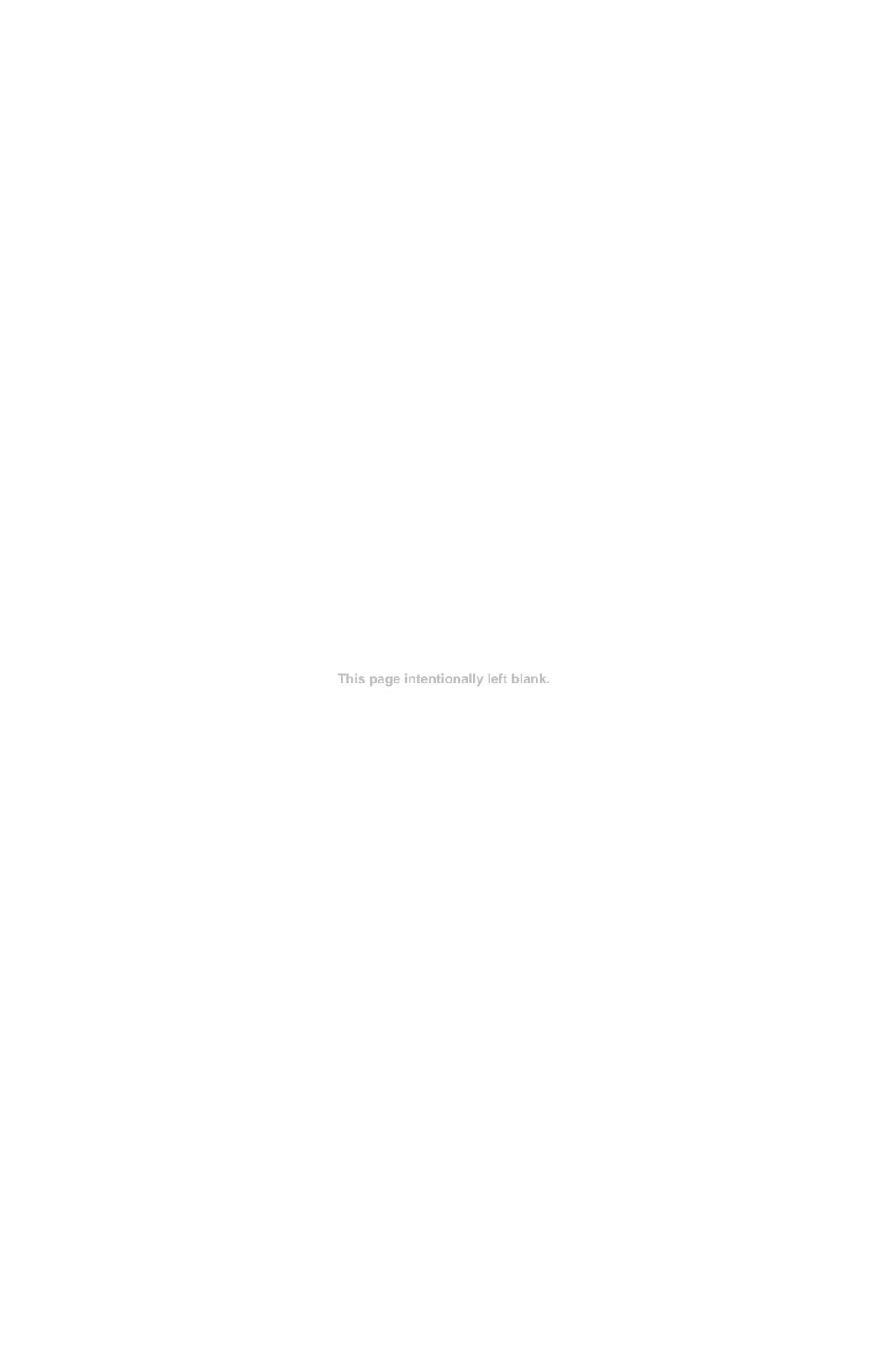
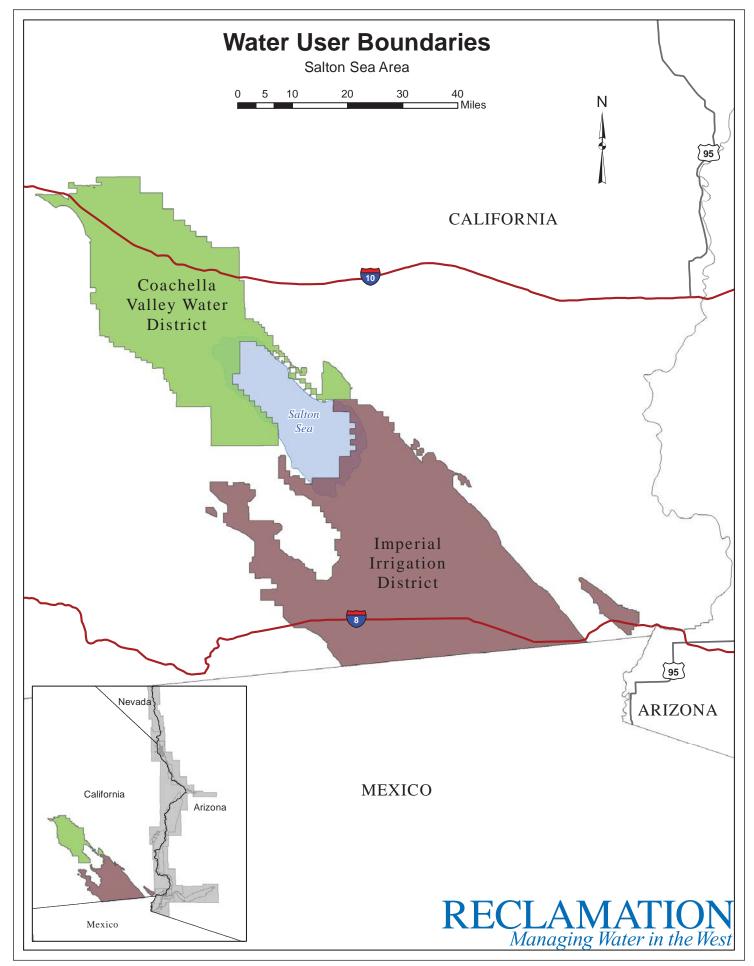
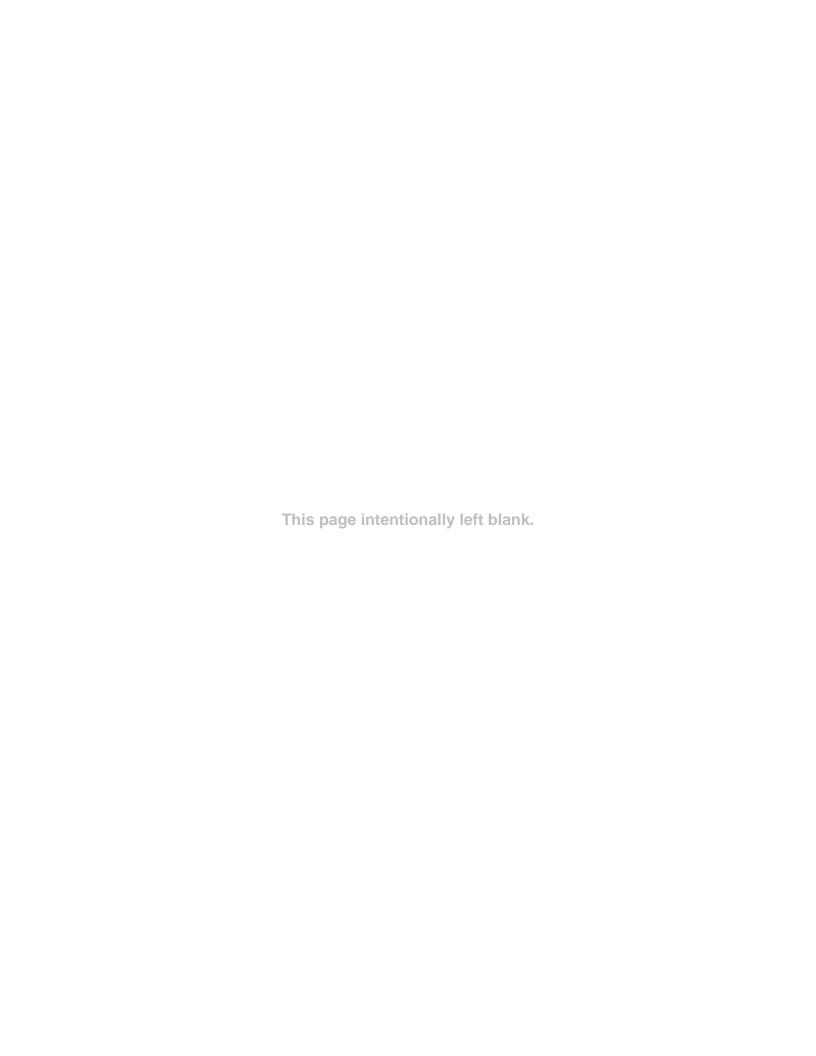
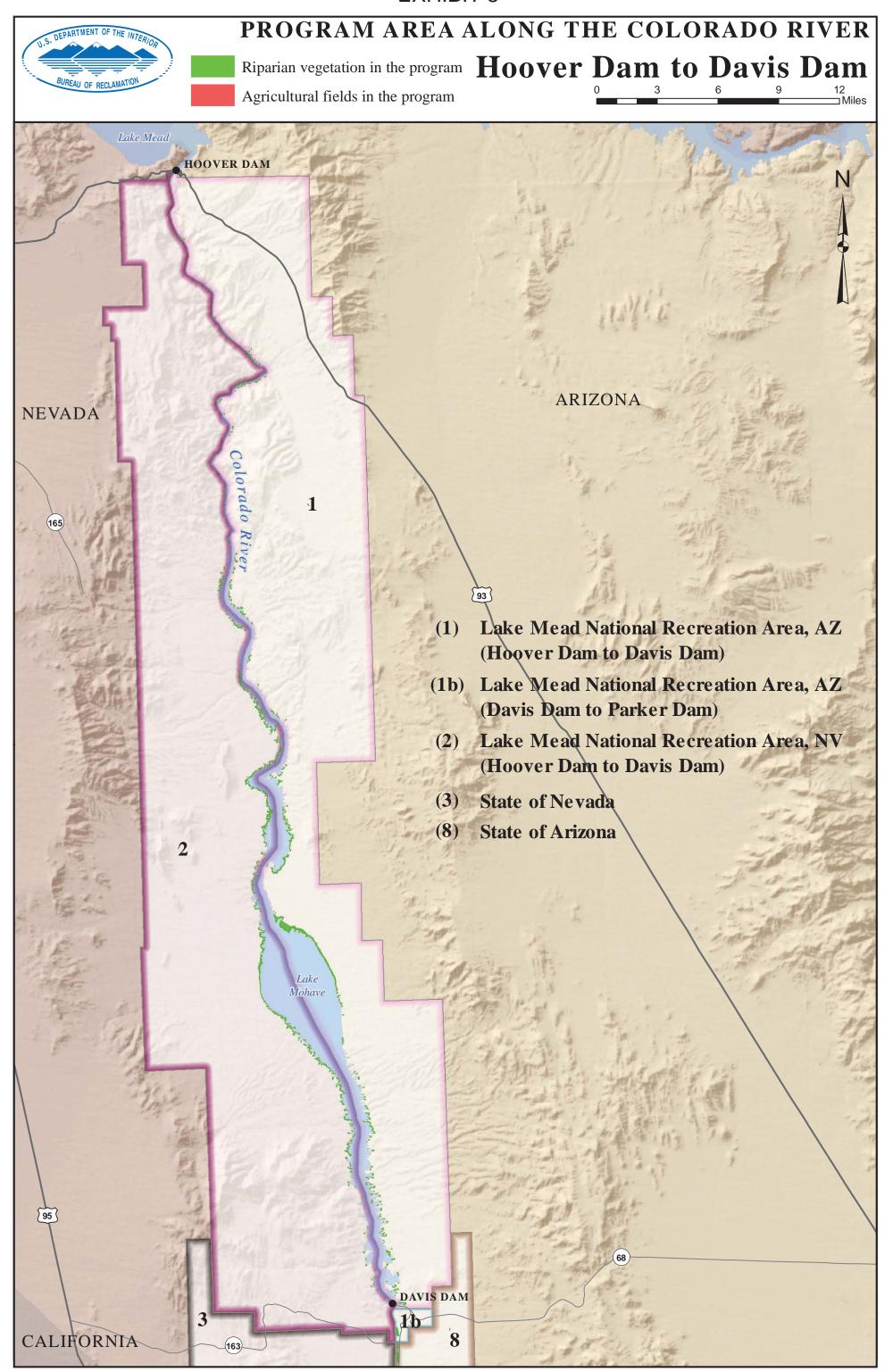
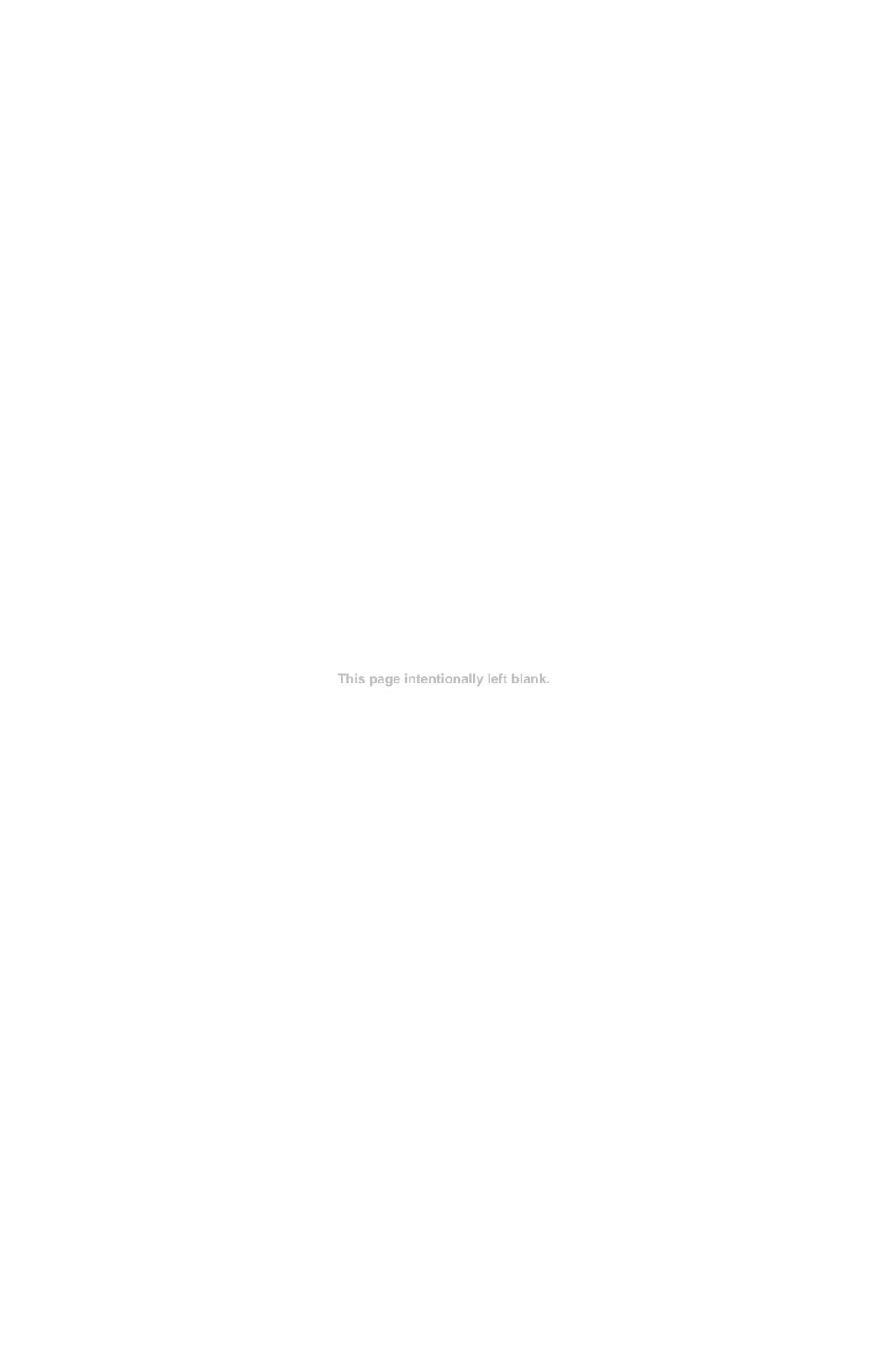


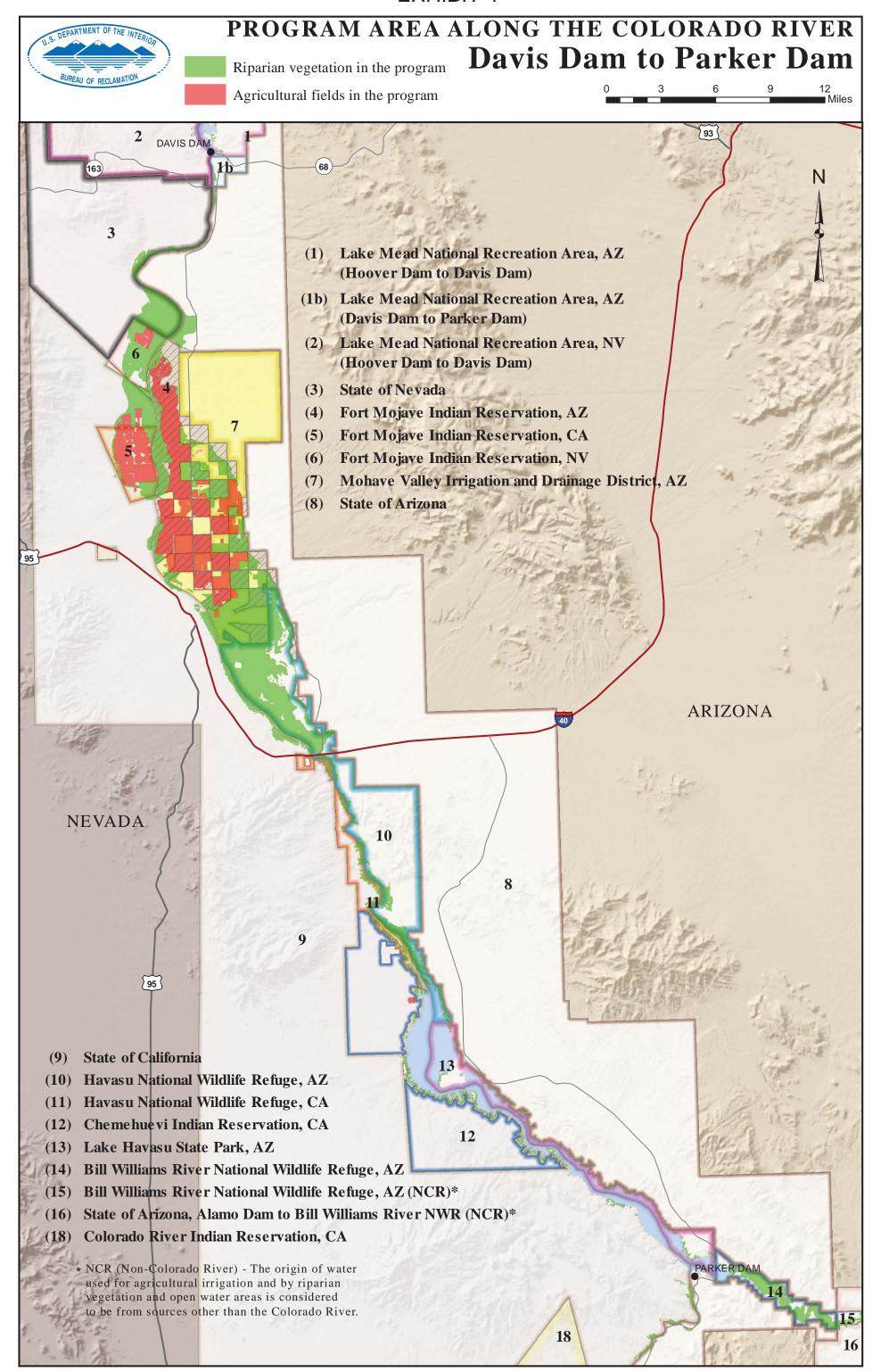
EXHIBIT 2

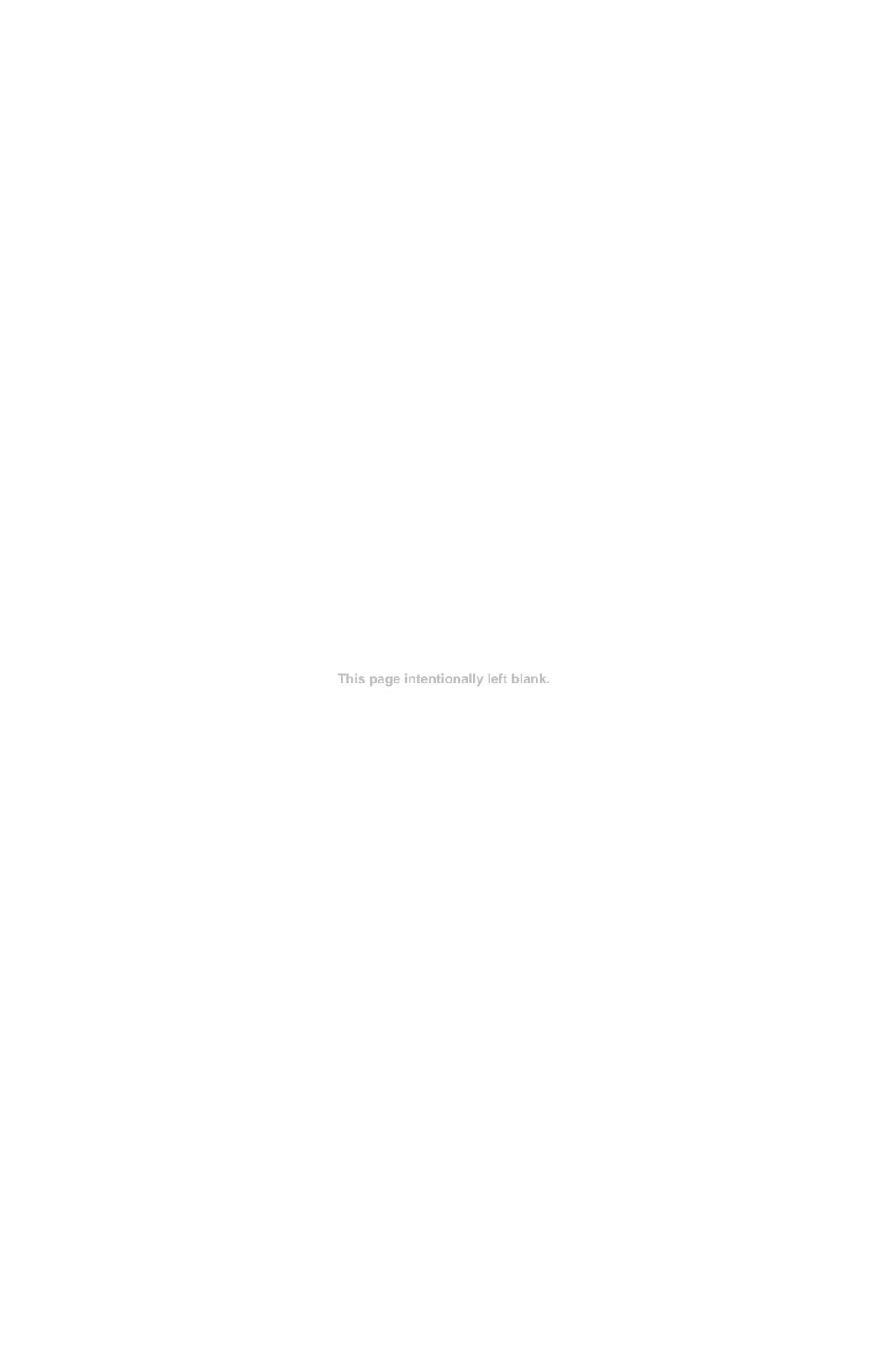


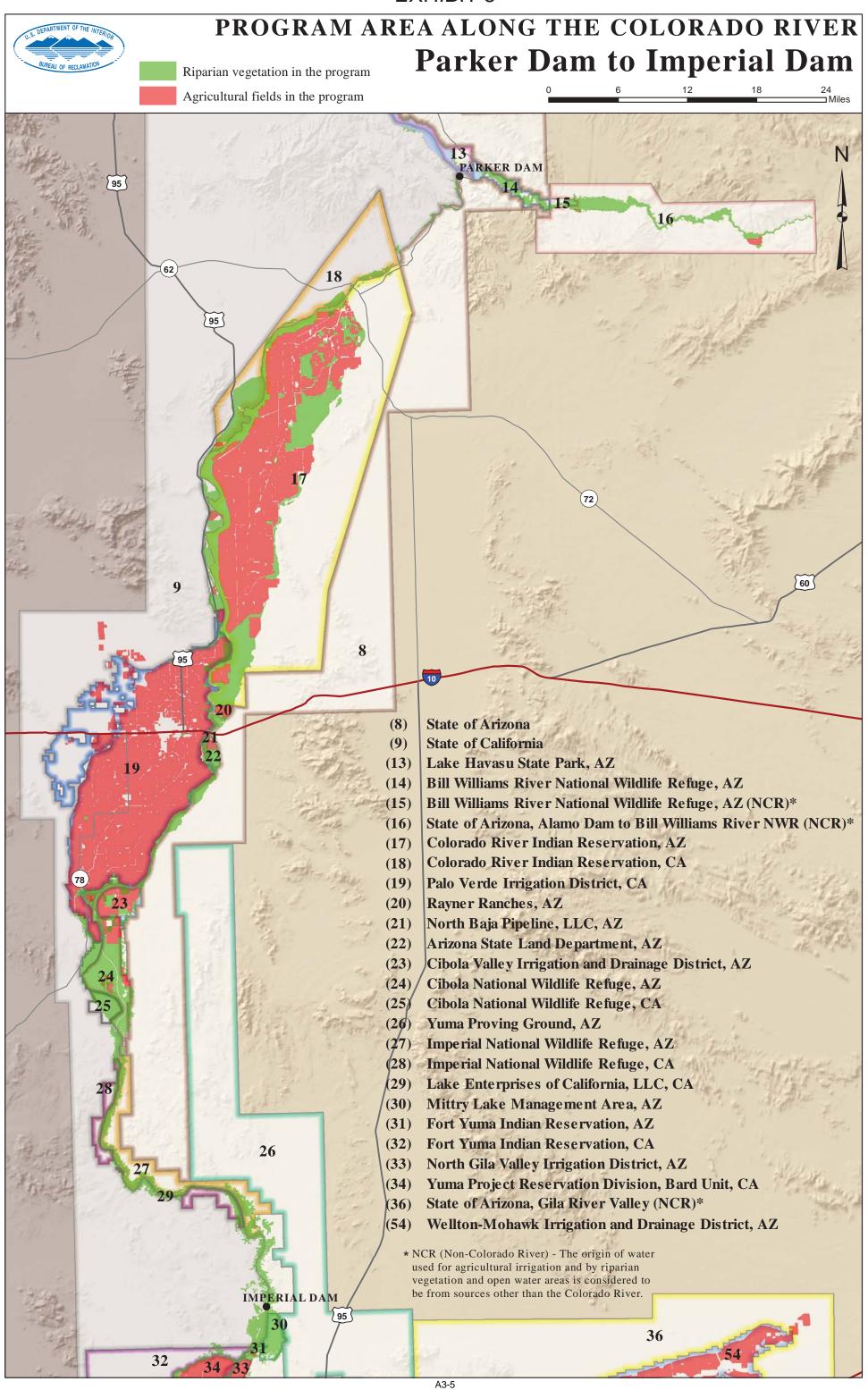


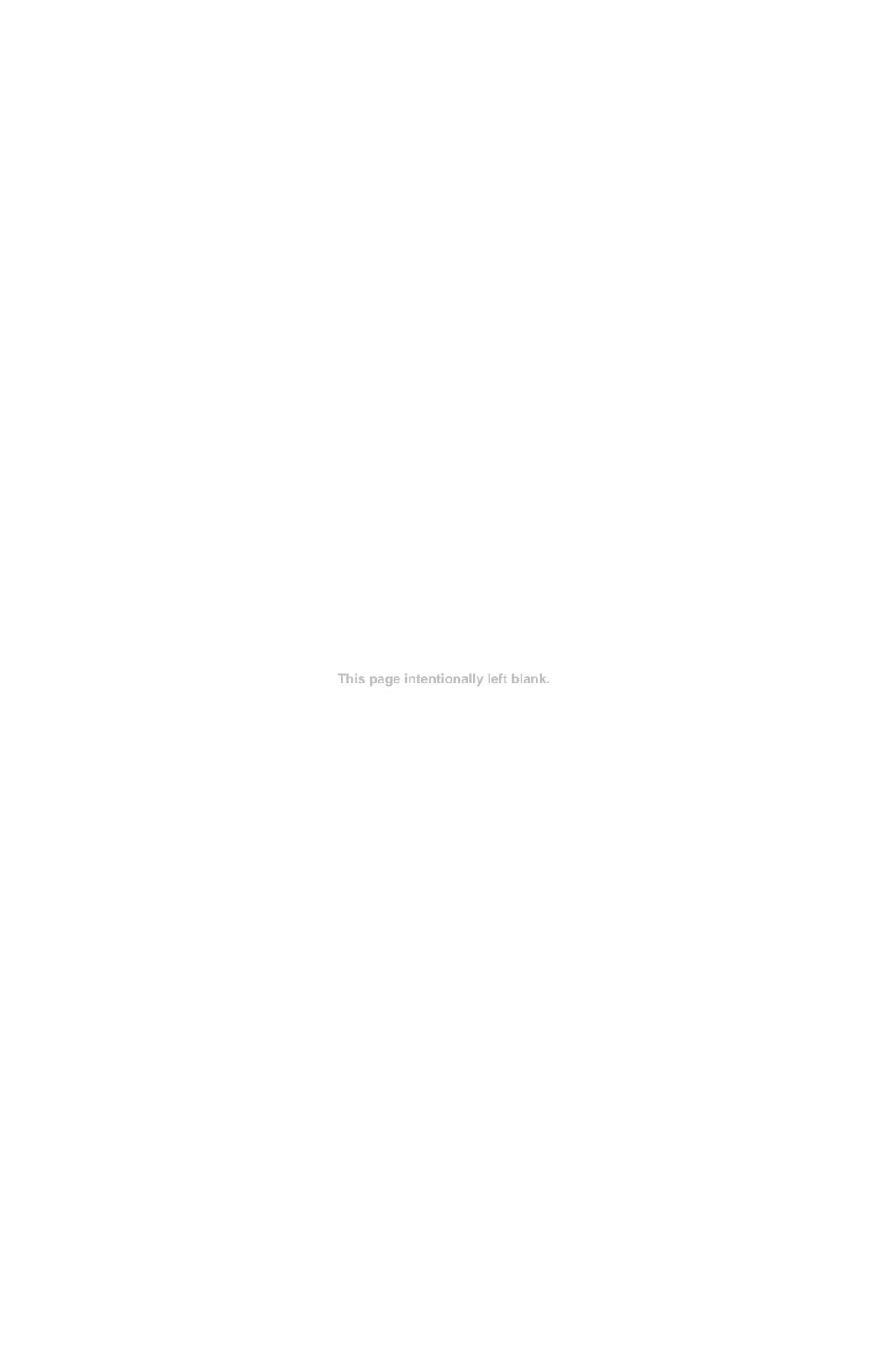


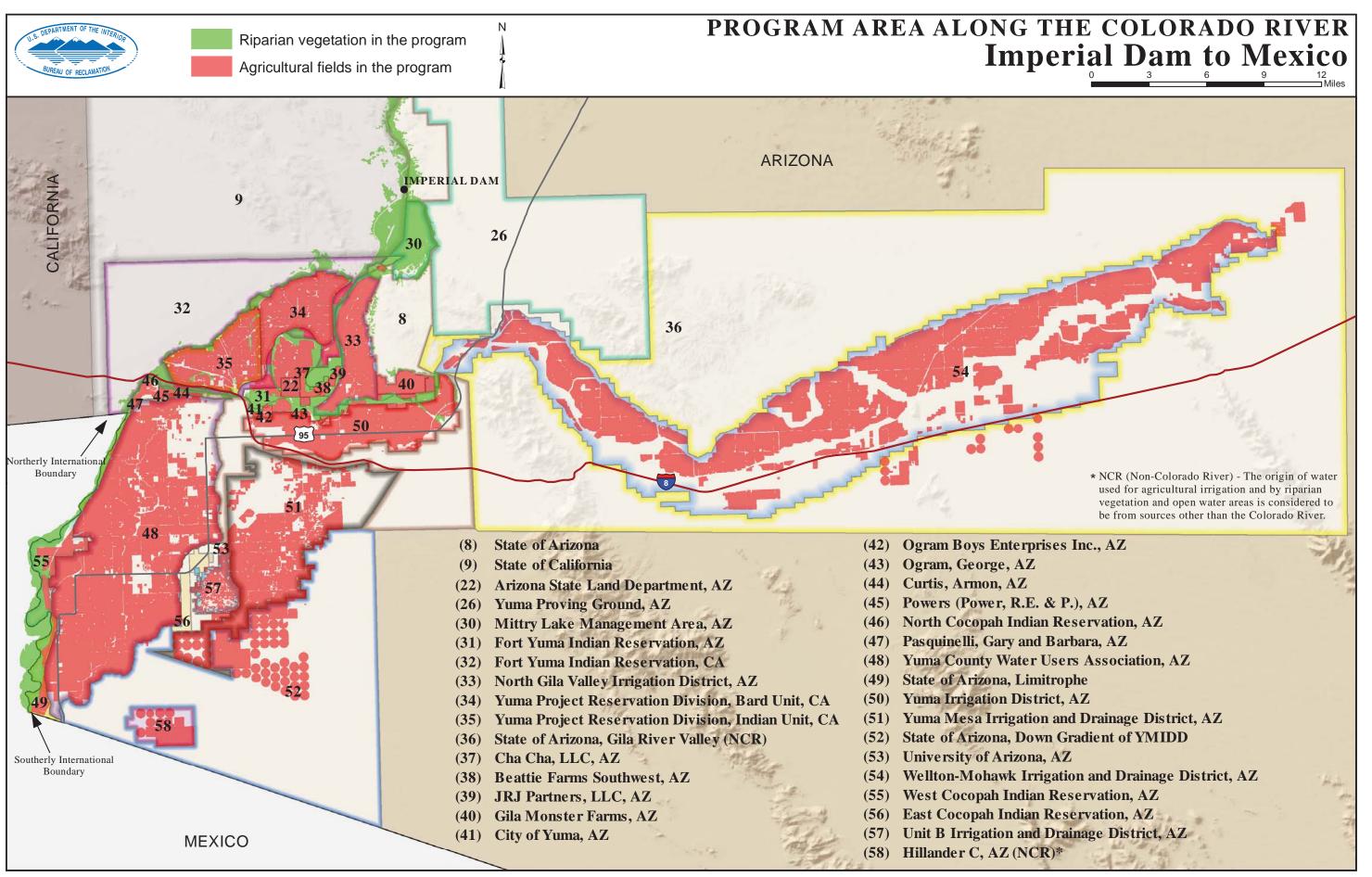












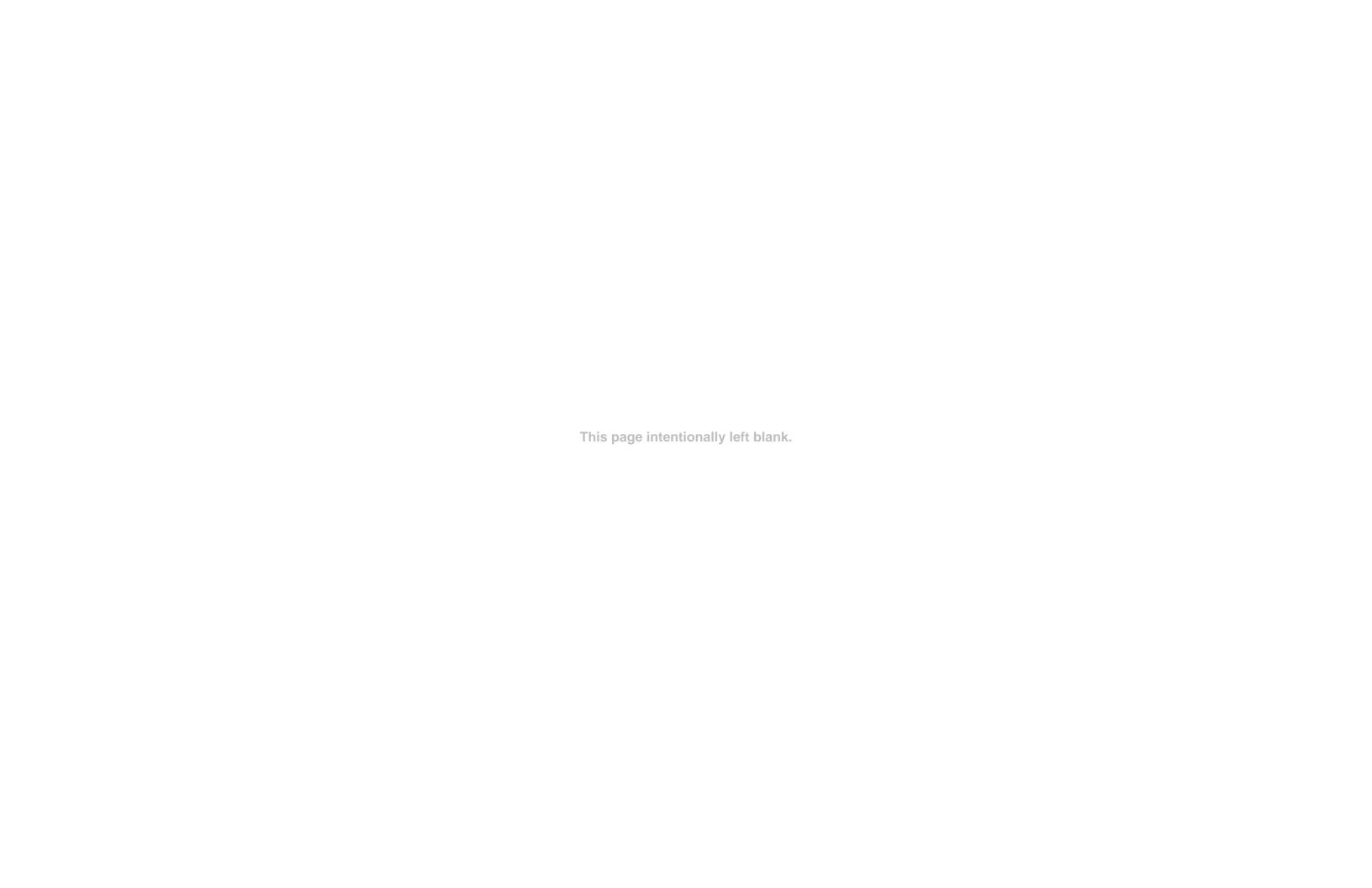


EXHIBIT 7

